

Key

- Order Limits
- HLC Descriptions**
- 20th century agriculture
- 18th-19th century enclosure
- Built up areas - historic
- Built up areas - modern
- Commons, wastes, heaths
- Communications
- Historic earthwork
- Horticulture
- Industry
- Inland - drained enclosure
- Inland - managed wetland
- Military
- Mineral
- Parks, gardens, recreation
- Pre-18th century enclosure
- Water features
- Woodland

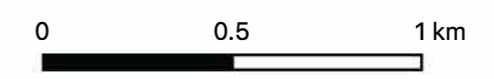


Figure 10: Sites 1, 2 and BESS showing Historic Landscape Characterisation

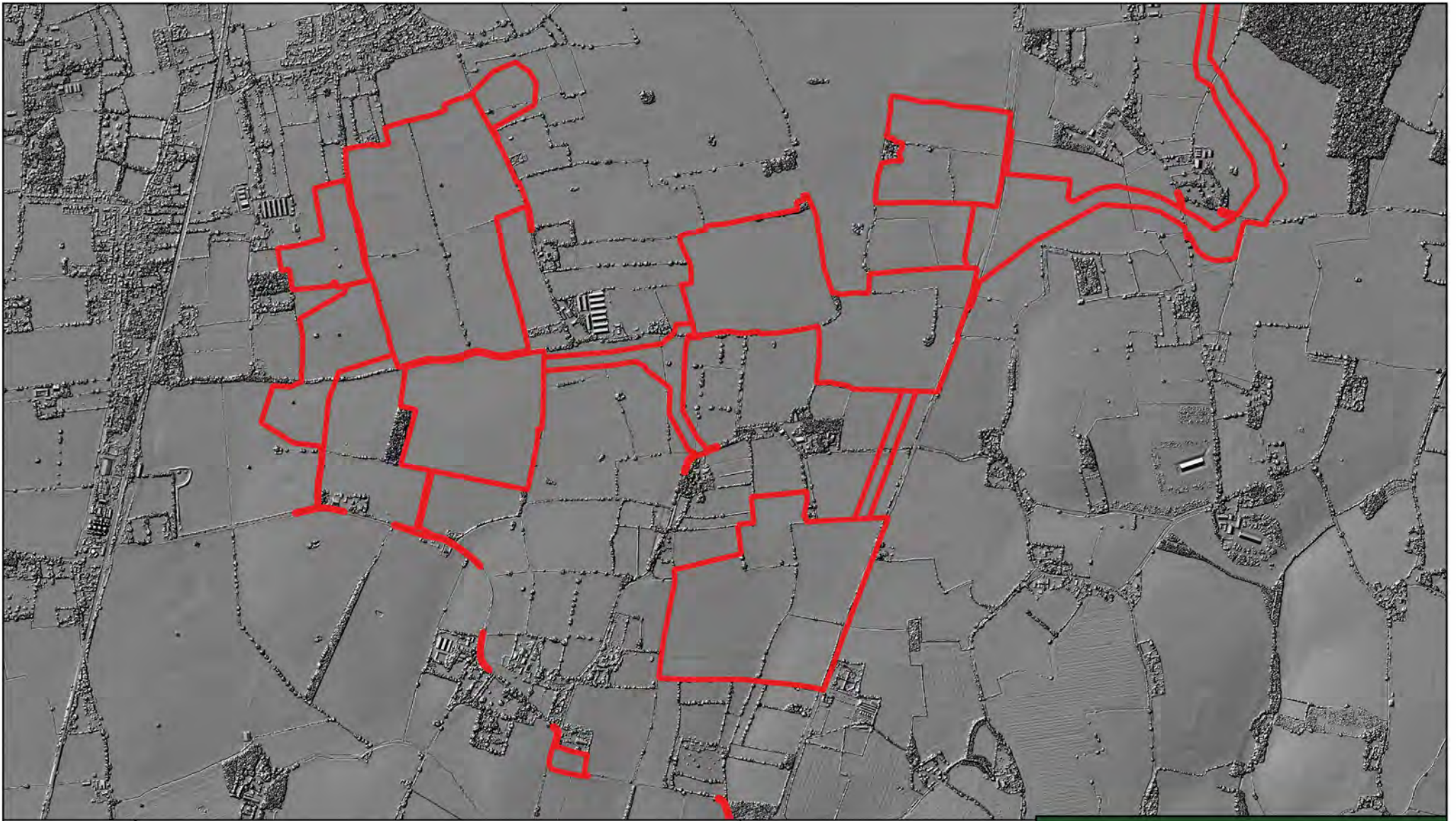
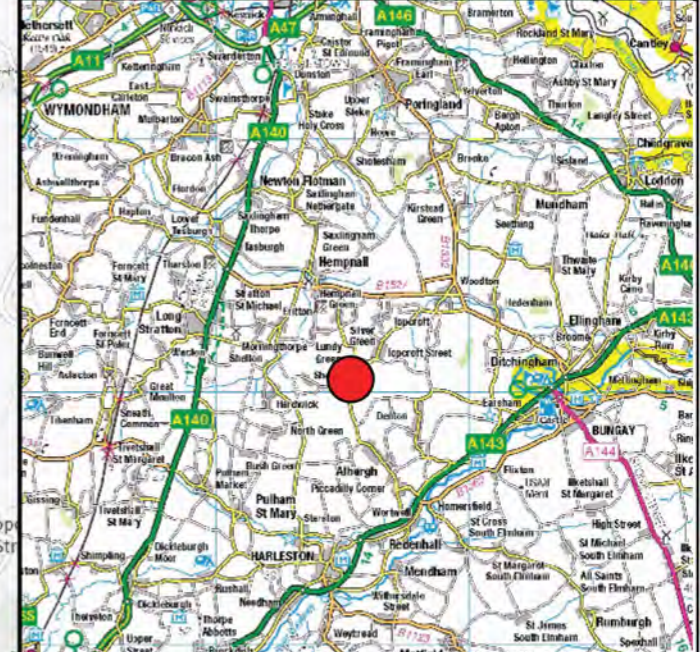
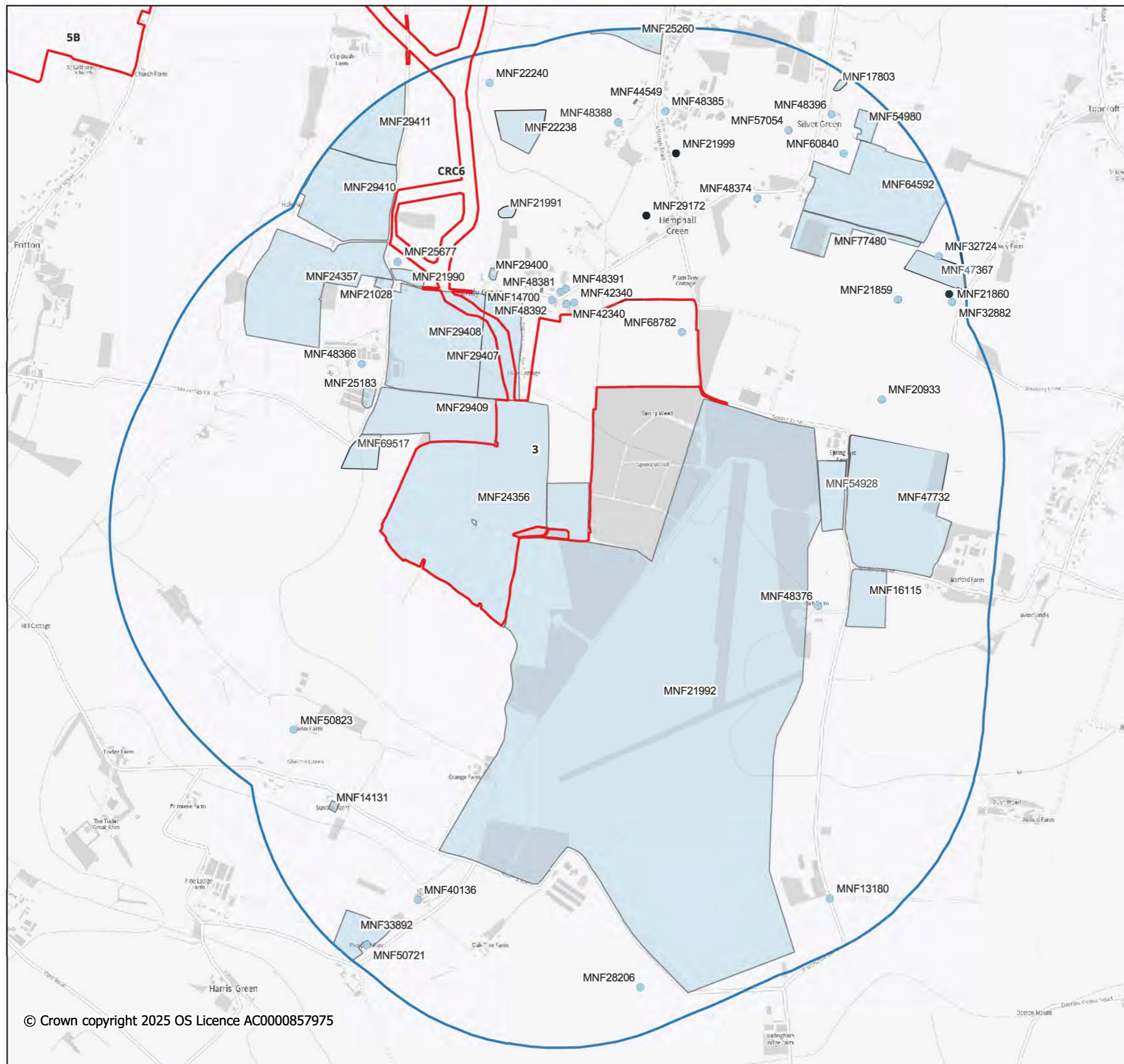


Figure 9: Sites 1, 2 and BESS showing LIDAR 1m DSM

Key

 Order Limits





- Key**
- ▭ Order limits
 - ▭ 1km Study Area
 - HER Monument Regions
 - HER Monument Points

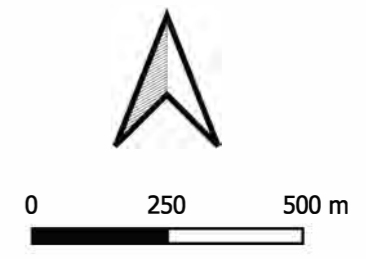
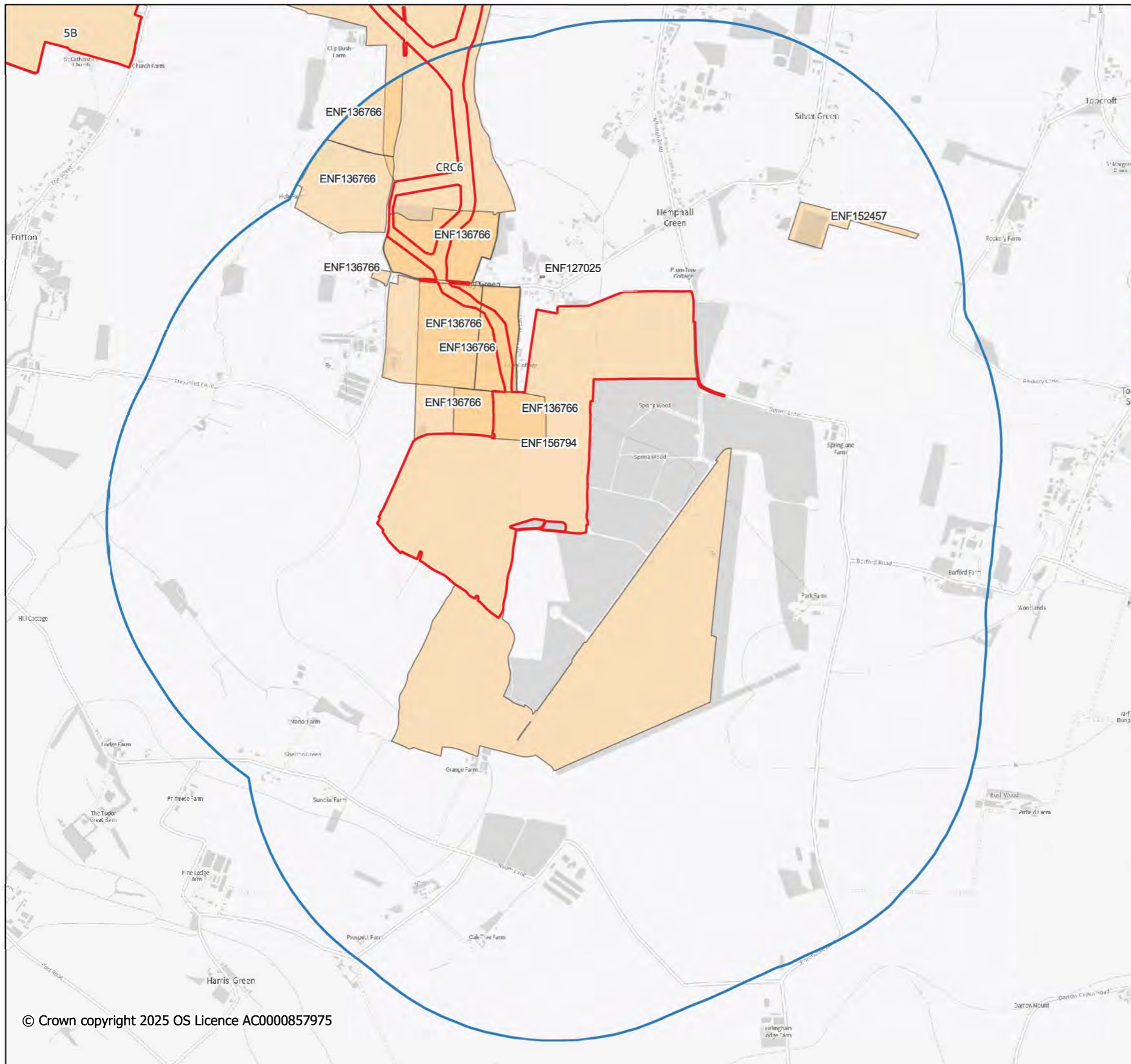


Figure 12. Site 3 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



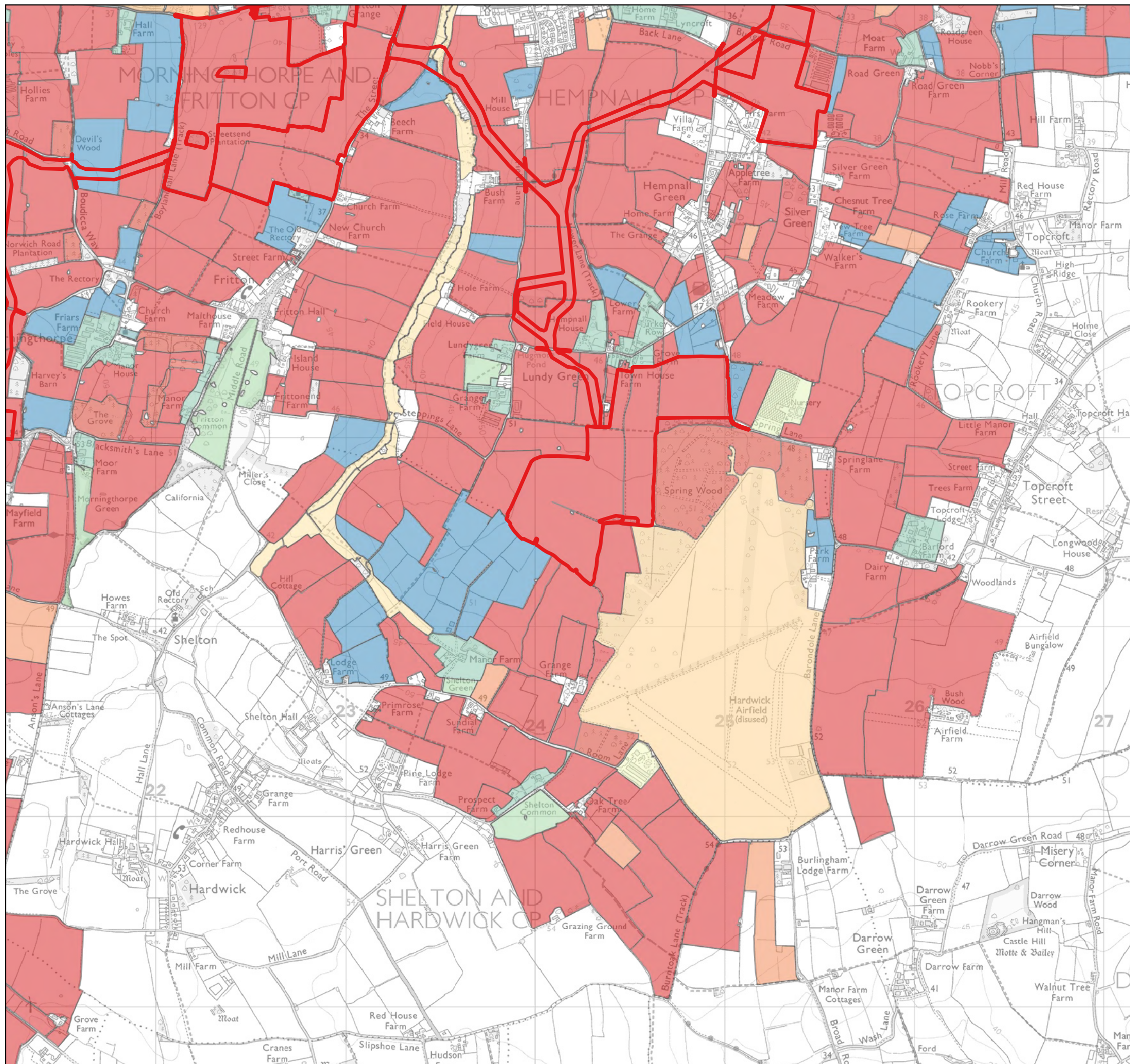
Key

- Order Limits
- 1km Study Area
- HER Event Regions



0 250 500 m

Figure 13. Site 3 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records



Key

- Order Limits

HLC Descriptions

- 20th century agriculture
- 18th-19th century enclosure
- Built up areas - historic
- Built up areas - modern
- Commons, wastes, heaths
- Communications
- Historic earthwork
- Horticulture
- Industry
- Inland - drained enclosure
- Inland - managed wetland
- Military
- Mineral
- Parks, gardens, recreation
- Pre-18th century enclosure
- Water features
- Woodland

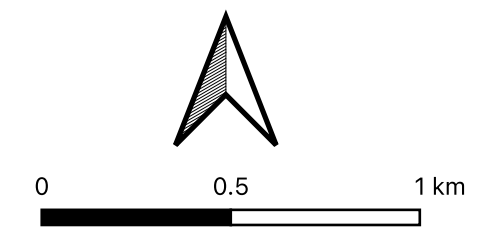
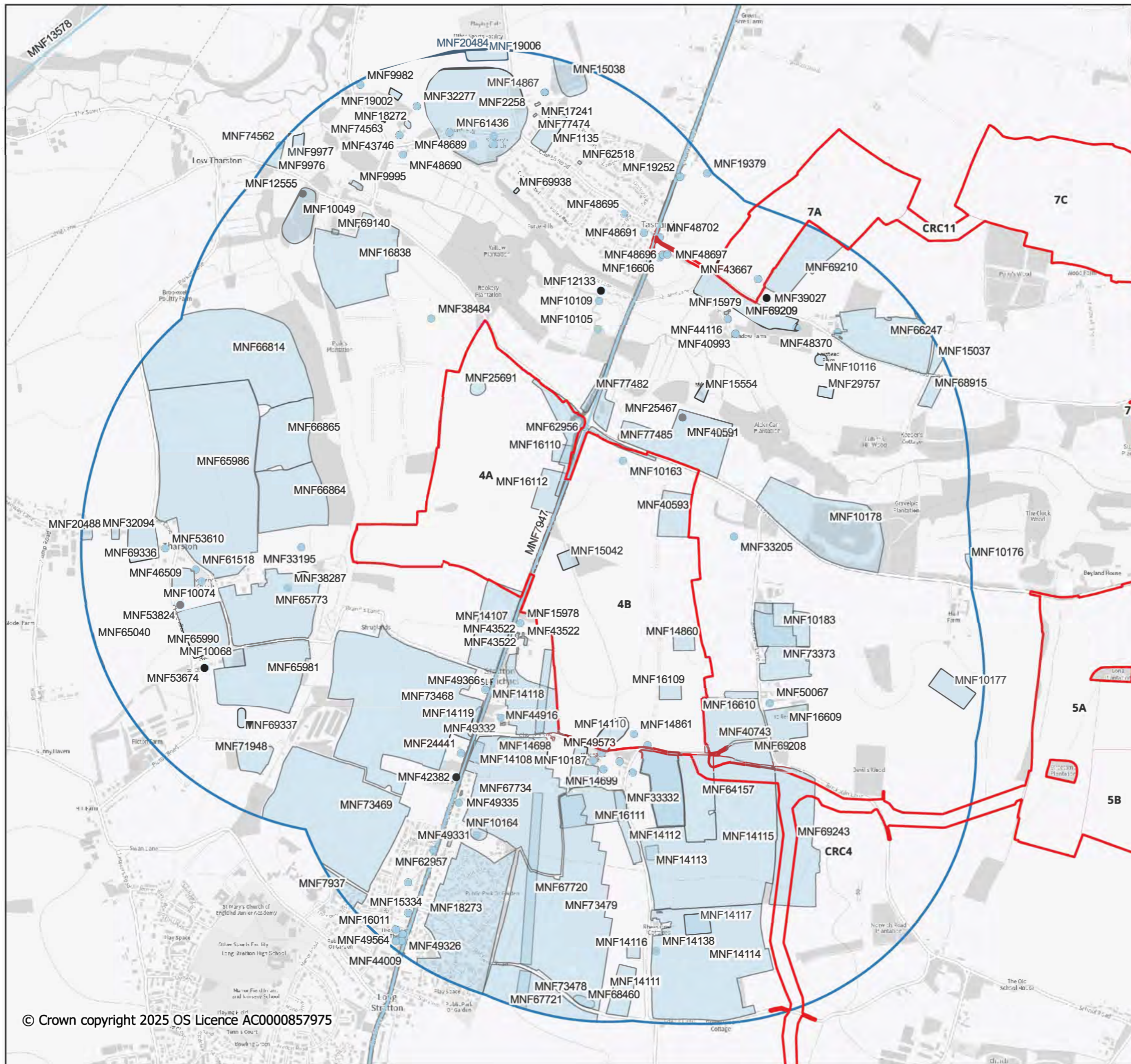


Figure 17. Site 3 Order Limits showing Historic Landscape Characterisation



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Study Area
 - HER Monument Points
 - HER Monument Lines
 - HER Monument Regions

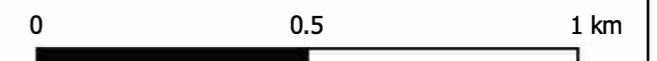


Figure 19. Site 4 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records

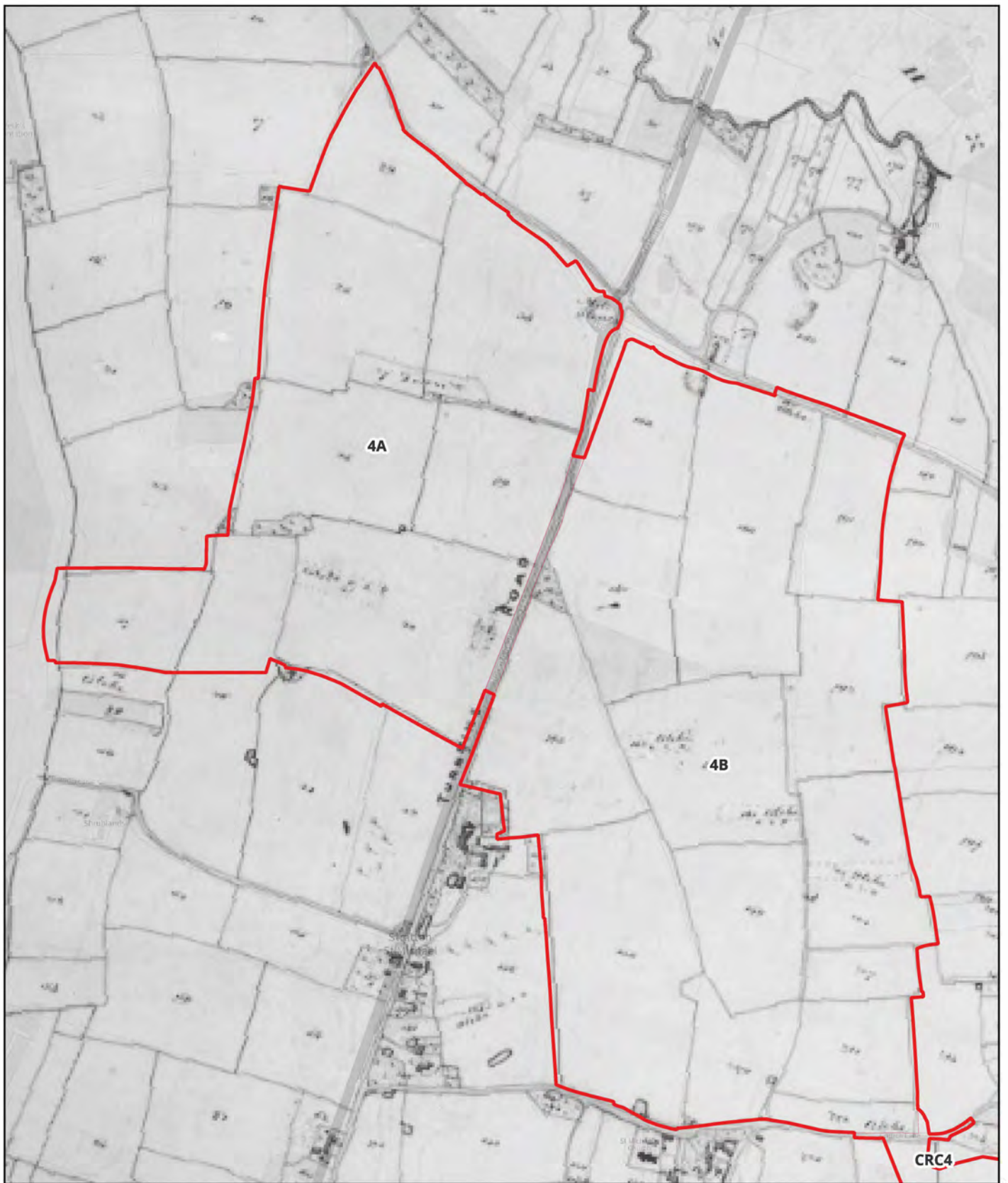


Figure 21. Extract from the Stratton St Michael Tithe map from 1838



Key

 Order Limits

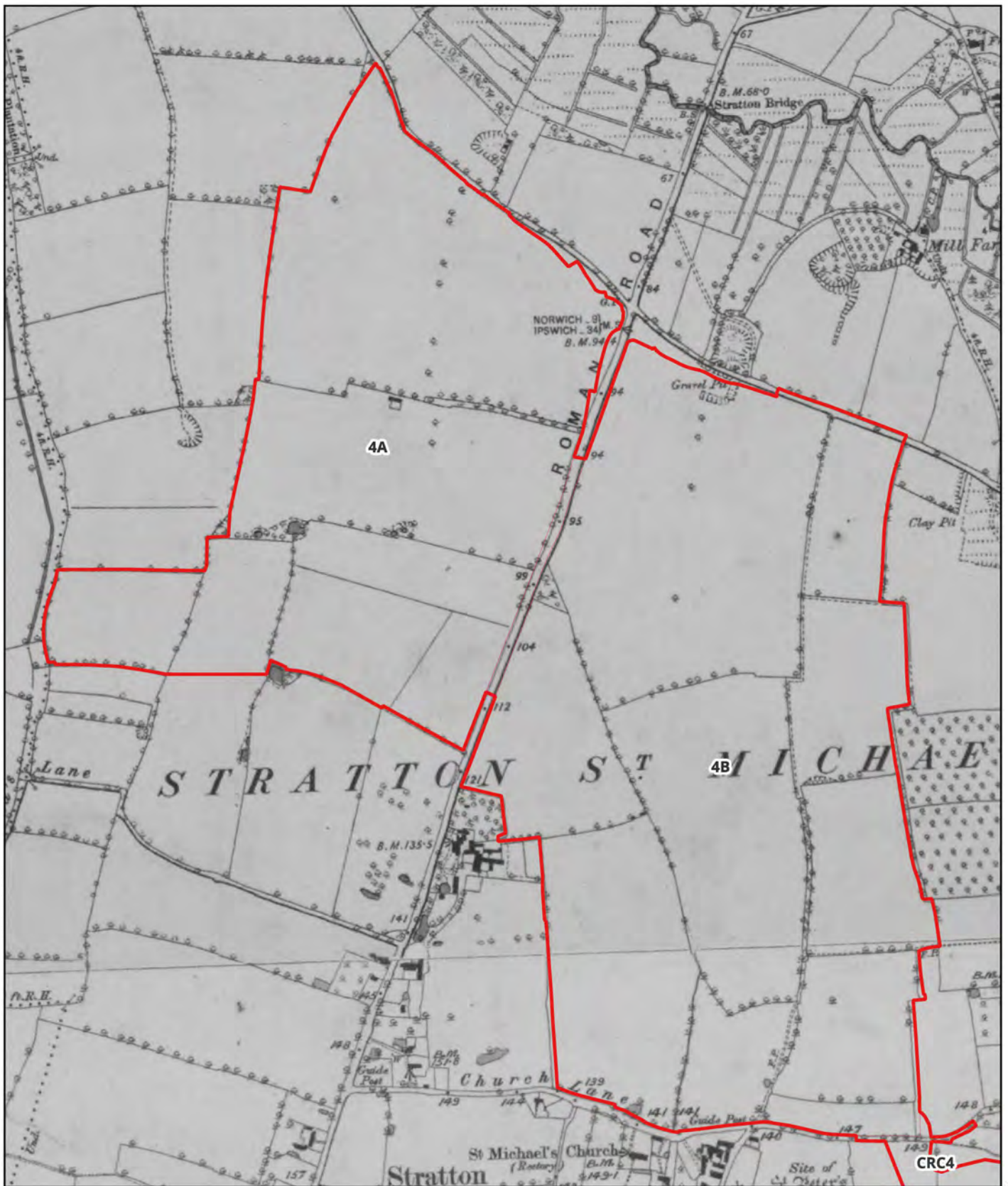
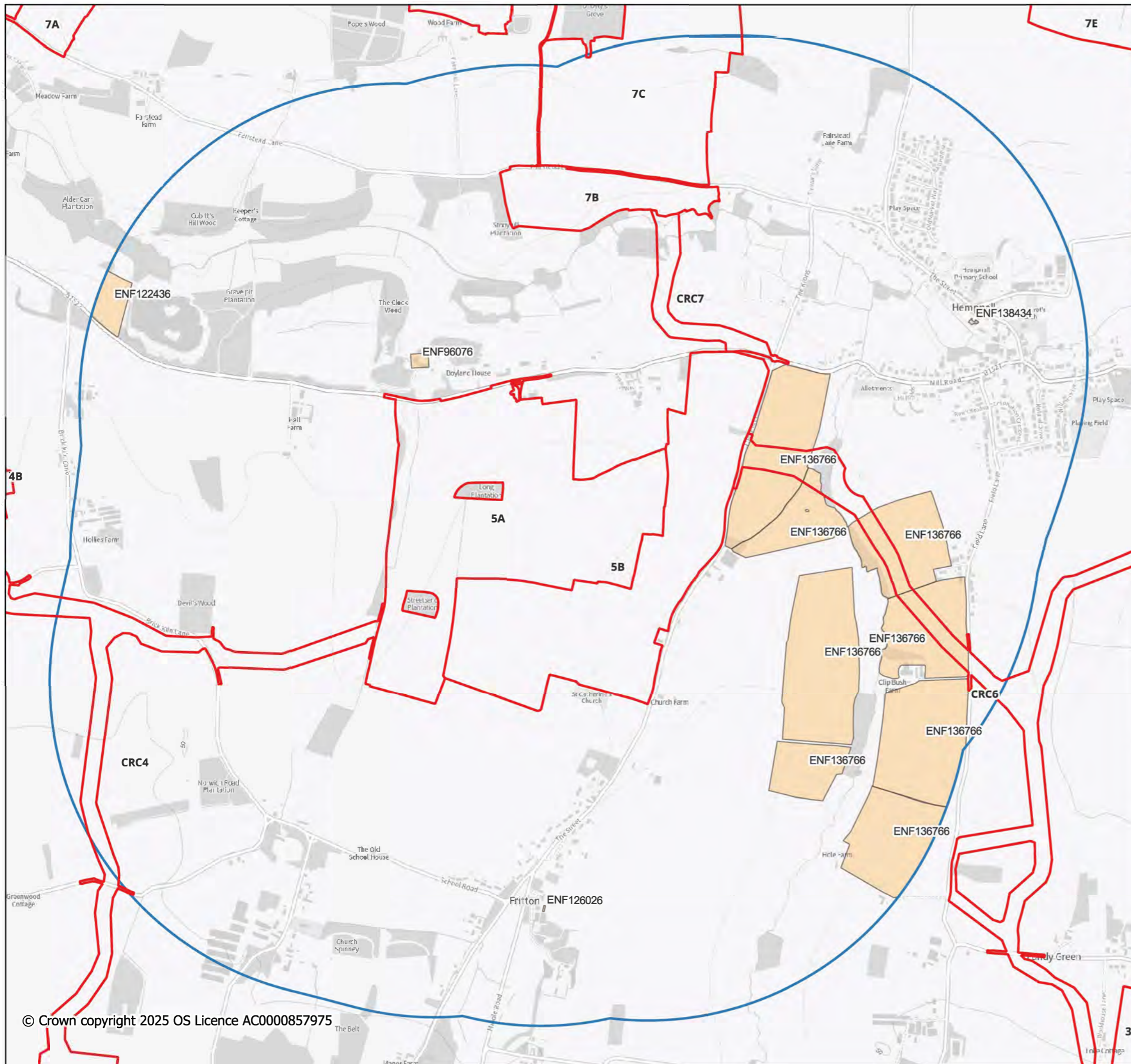


Figure 22. Extract from the 6 inch Ordnance Survey map from 1883

	<p>Key</p> <p> Order Limits</p>	
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Key

- Order Limits
- 1km Study Area
- HER Event Regions

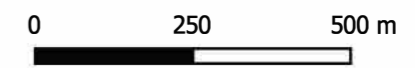


Figure 27. Site 5 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records



Figure 28. Extract from the Morningthorpe Tithe map from 1809



Key

 Order Limits

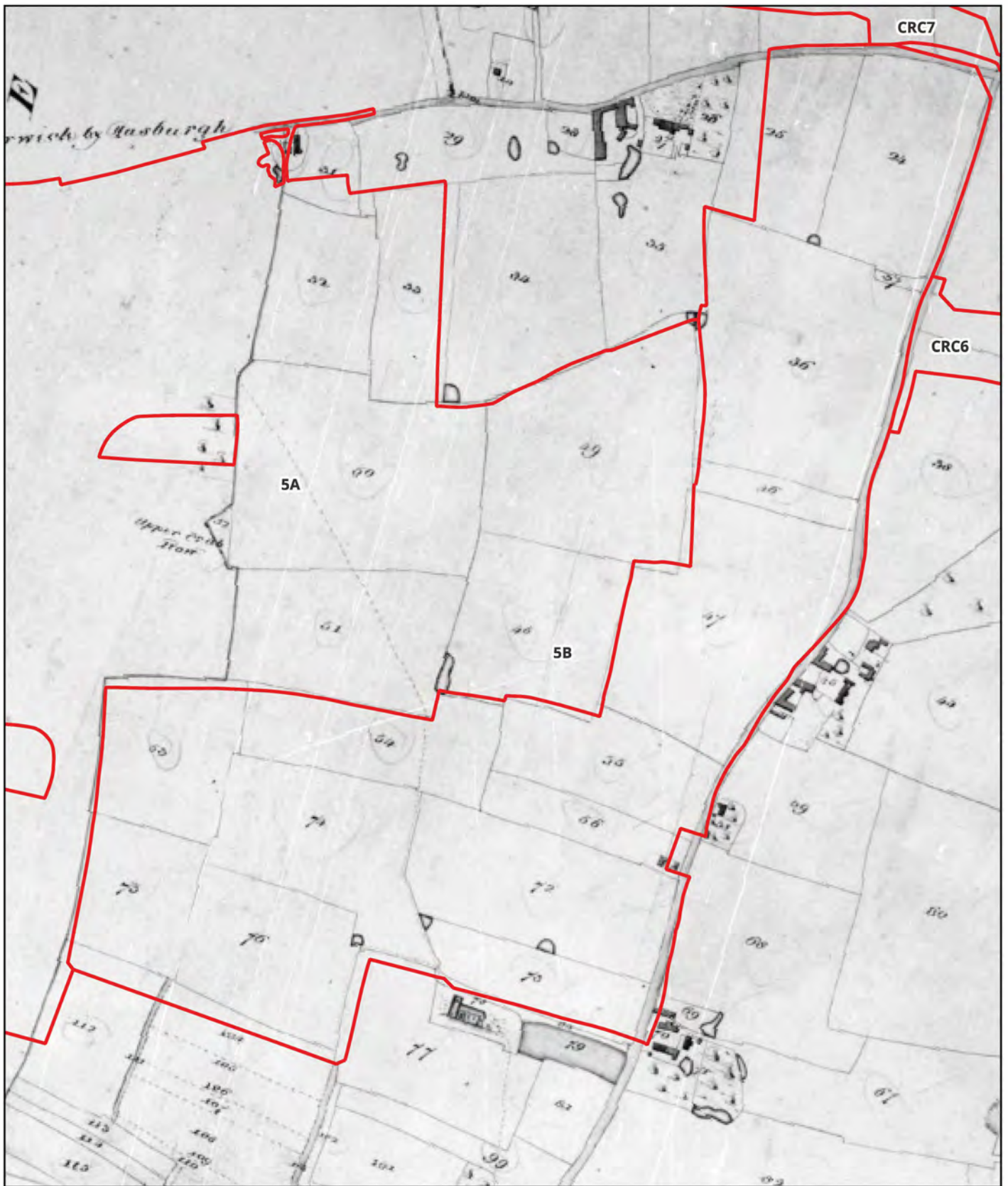


Figure 29. Extract from the Fritton Tithe map from 1839

	<p>Key</p> <p> Order Limits</p>	
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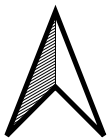
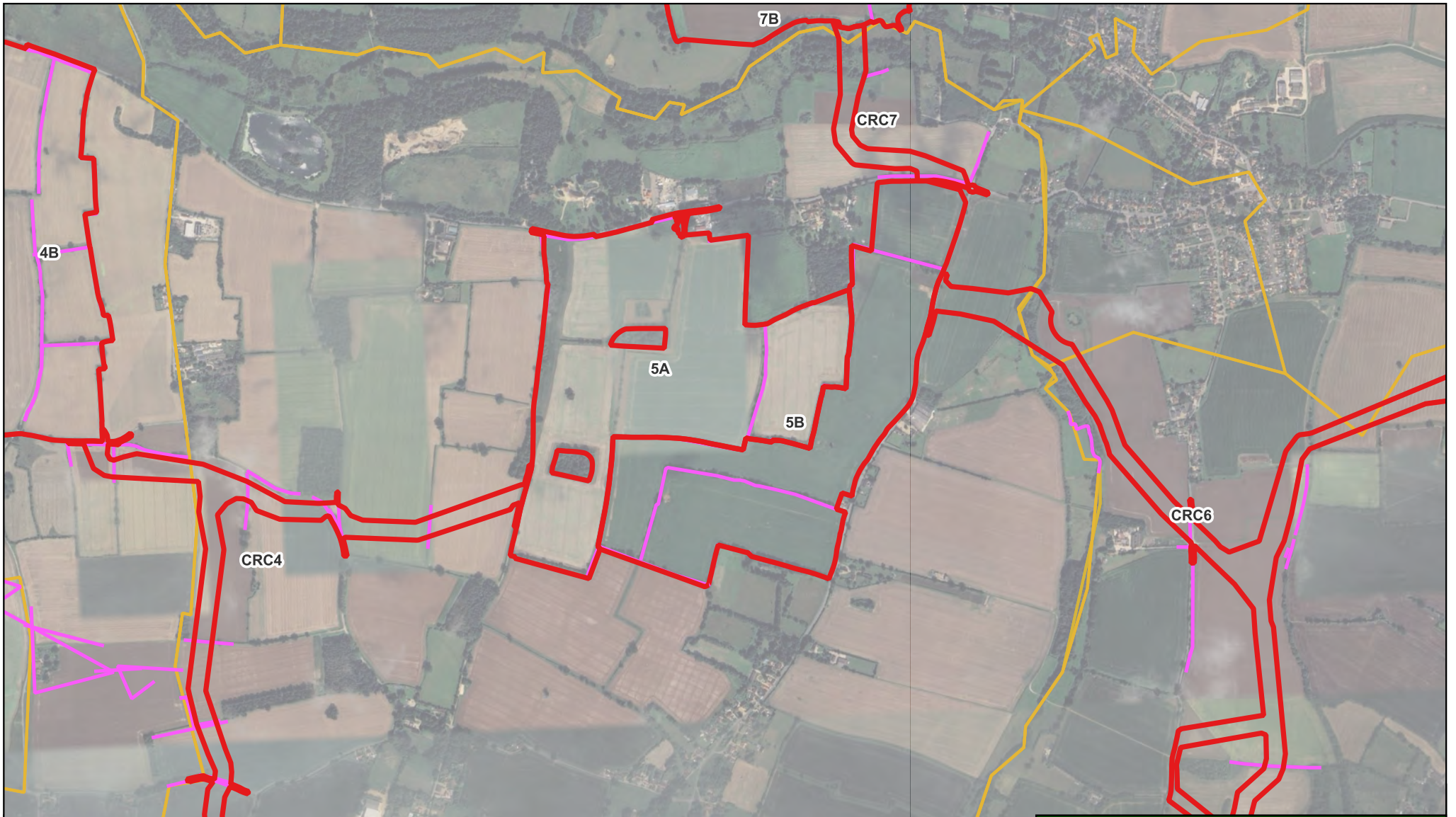
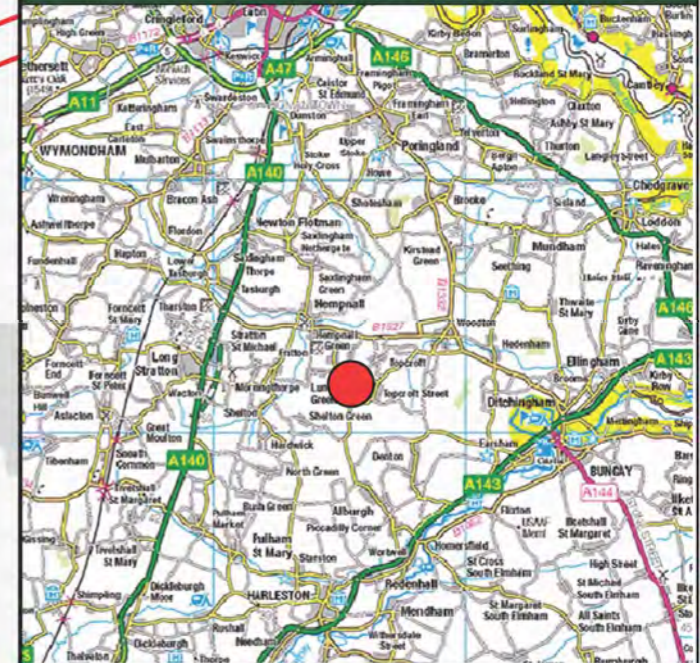
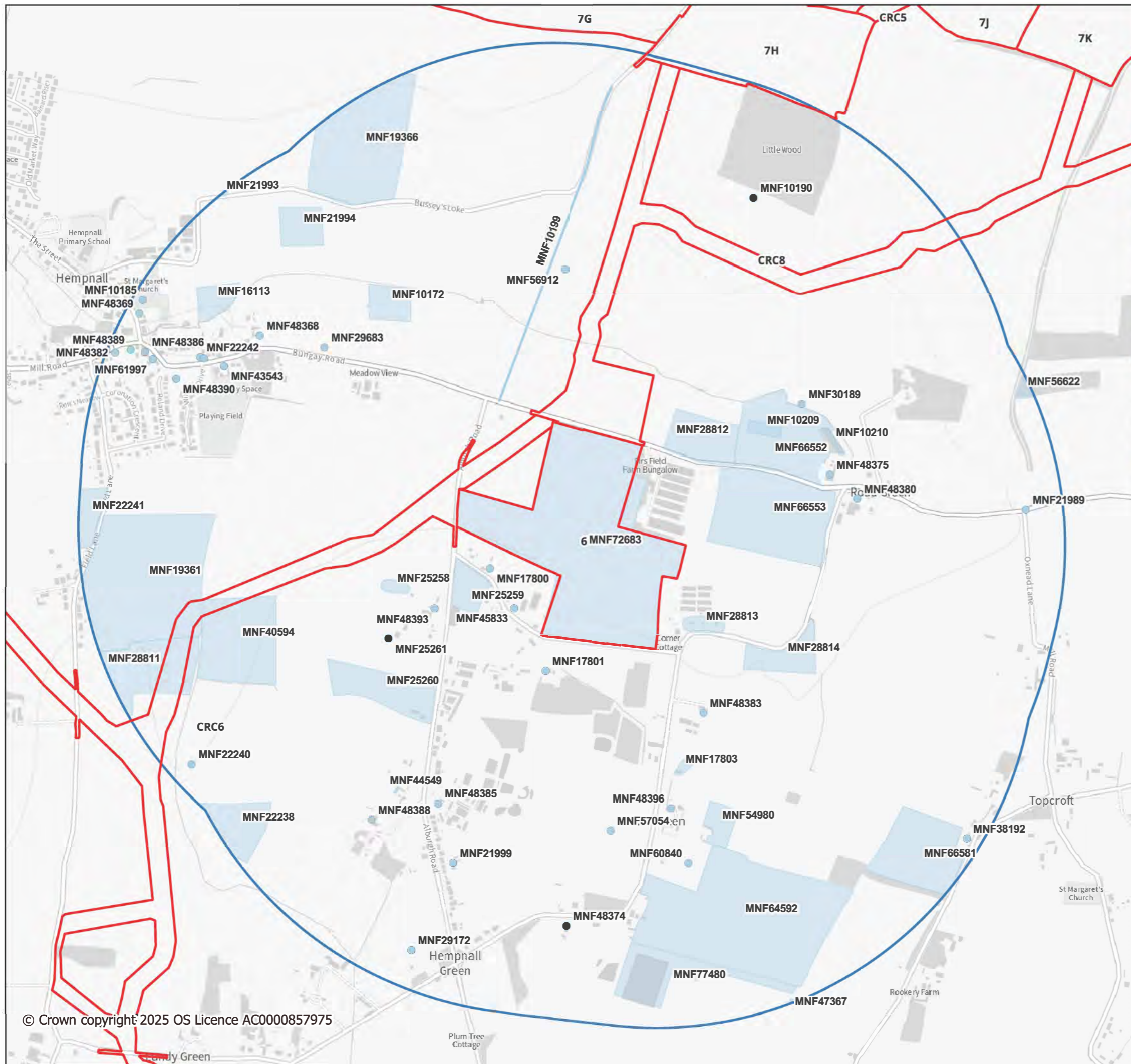


Figure 32. Site 5 Order Limits showing historic hedgerows and parish boundaries

Key

- Order Limits
- Important Hedgerows
- Norfolk Parish Boundaries

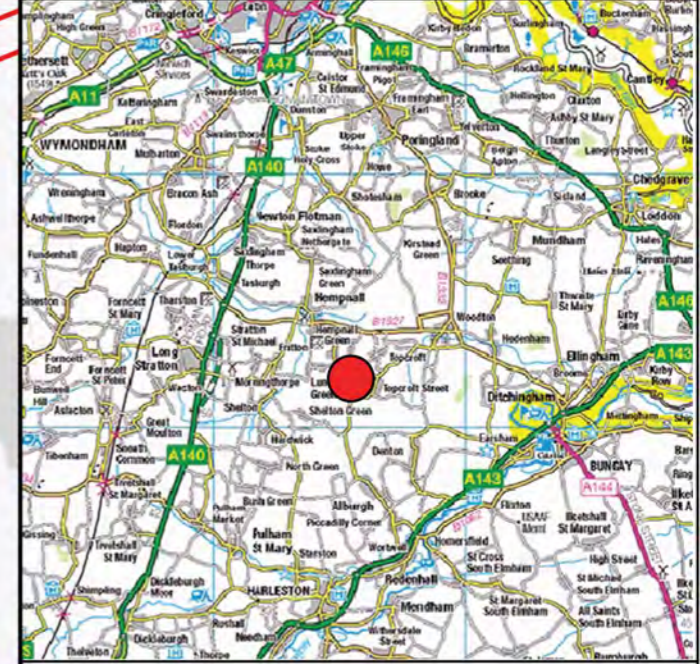
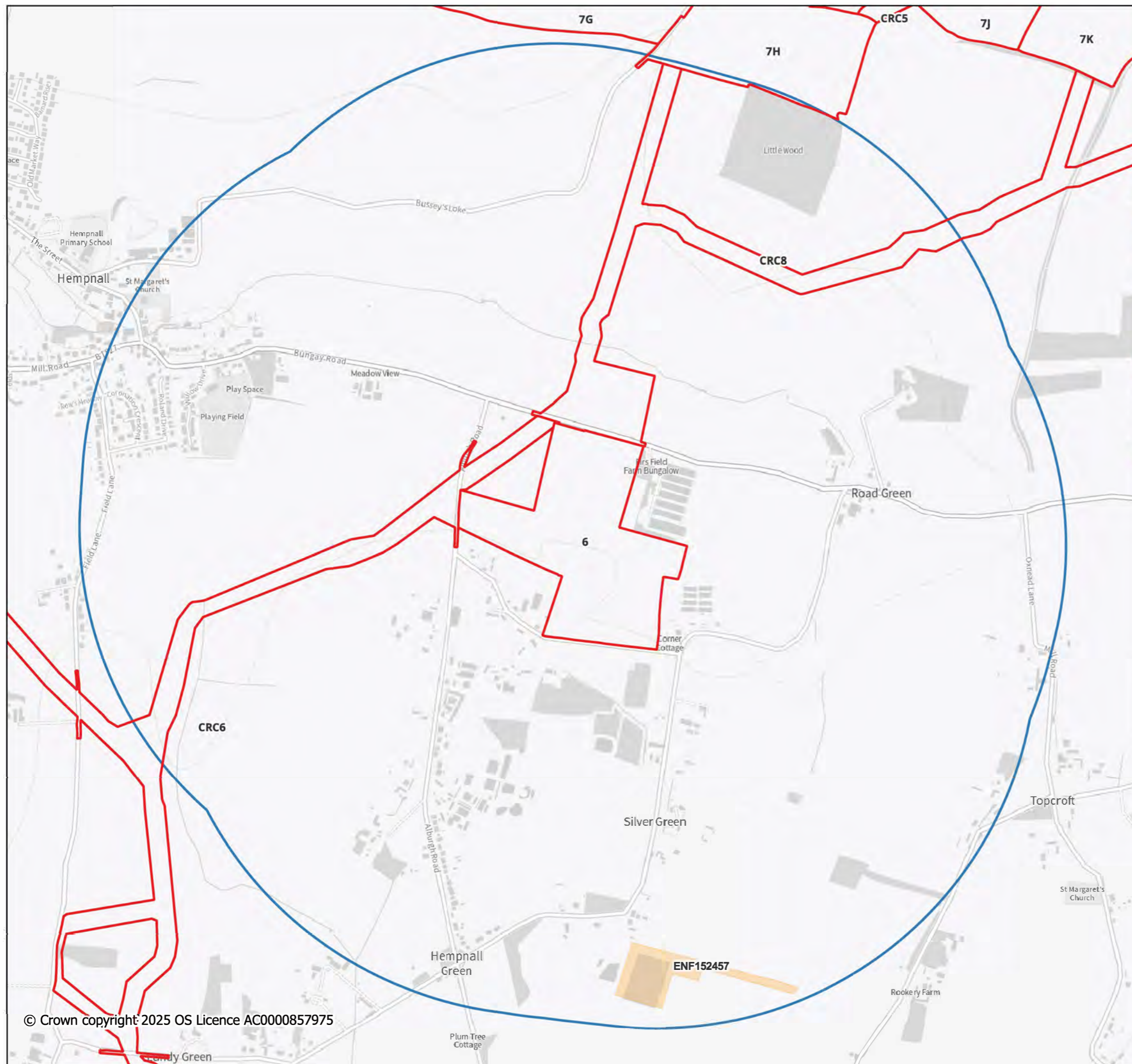




- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Study Area
 - HER Monument Points
 - HER Monument Lines
 - HER Monument Regions



Figure 33. Site 6 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



Key

- Order Limits
- 1km Study Area
- HER Event Regions

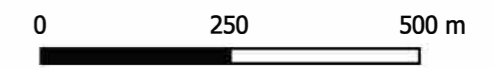


Figure 34. Site 6 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records

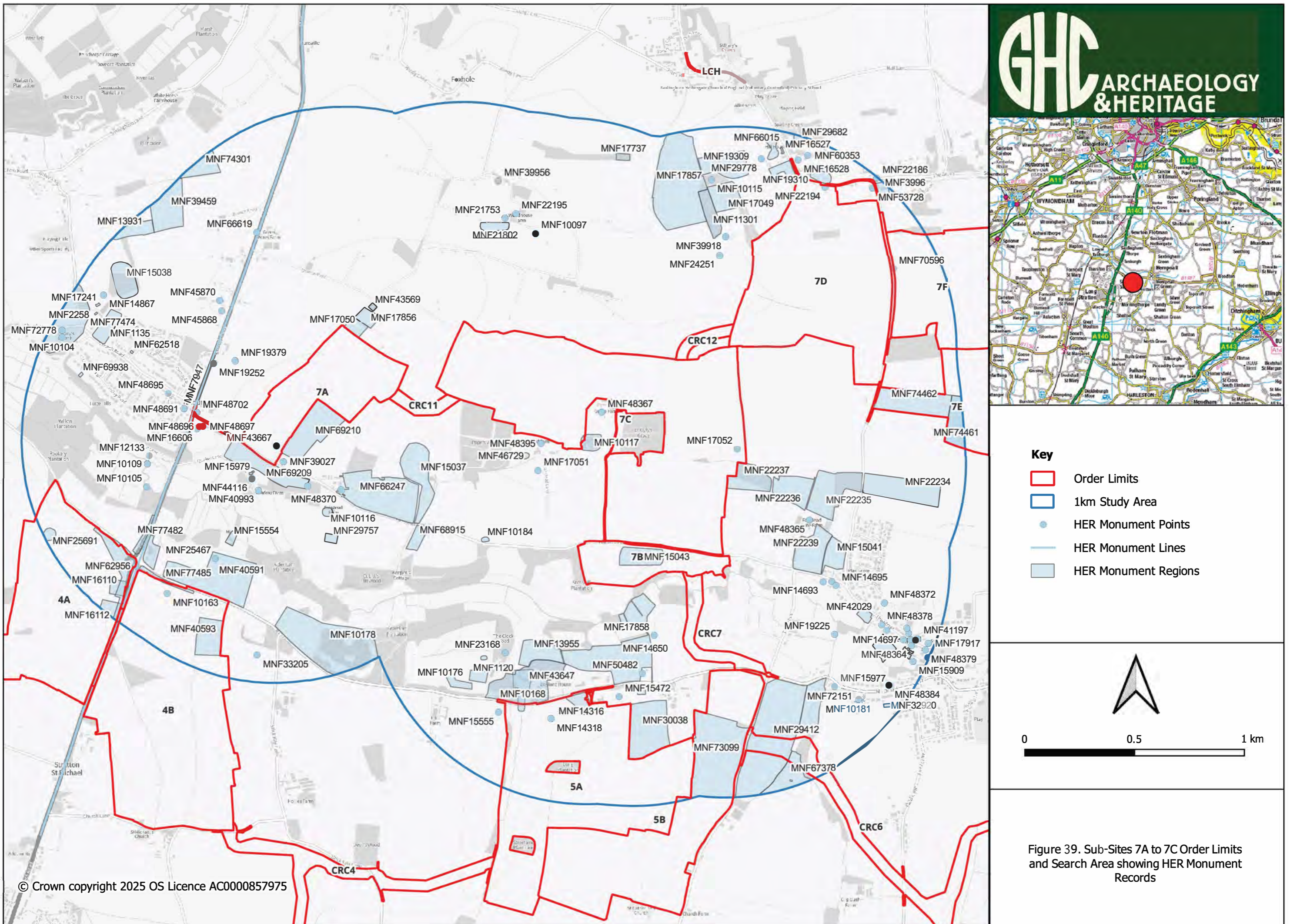


Figure 35. Extract from the Hempnall Tithe map from 1842



Key

 Order Limits



Key

- Order Limits
- 1km Study Area
- HER Monument Points
- HER Monument Lines
- HER Monument Regions

↑
 0 0.5 1 km

Figure 39. Sub-Sites 7A to 7C Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records

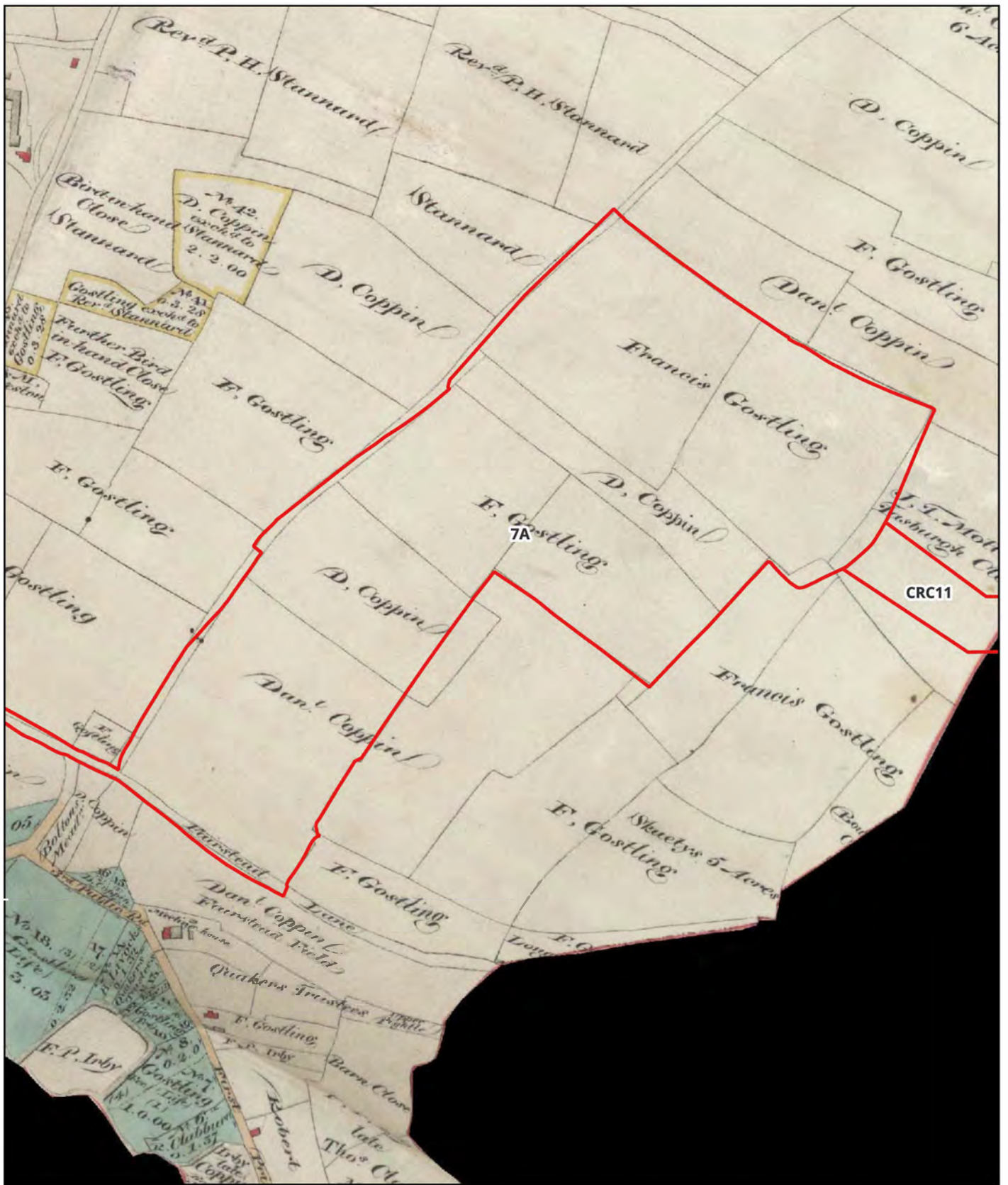


Figure 41. Extract from the Tasburgh Enclosure map from 1818

	<p>Key</p> <p> Order Limits</p>	
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Figure 42. Extract from the Tasburgh Tithe map from 1841



Key

 Order Limits



Figure 43. Extract from the Hempnall Tithe map from 1842



Key

 Order Limits

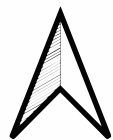


Figure 50. Extract from the Saxlingham Tithe map from 1841

Key

 Order Limits



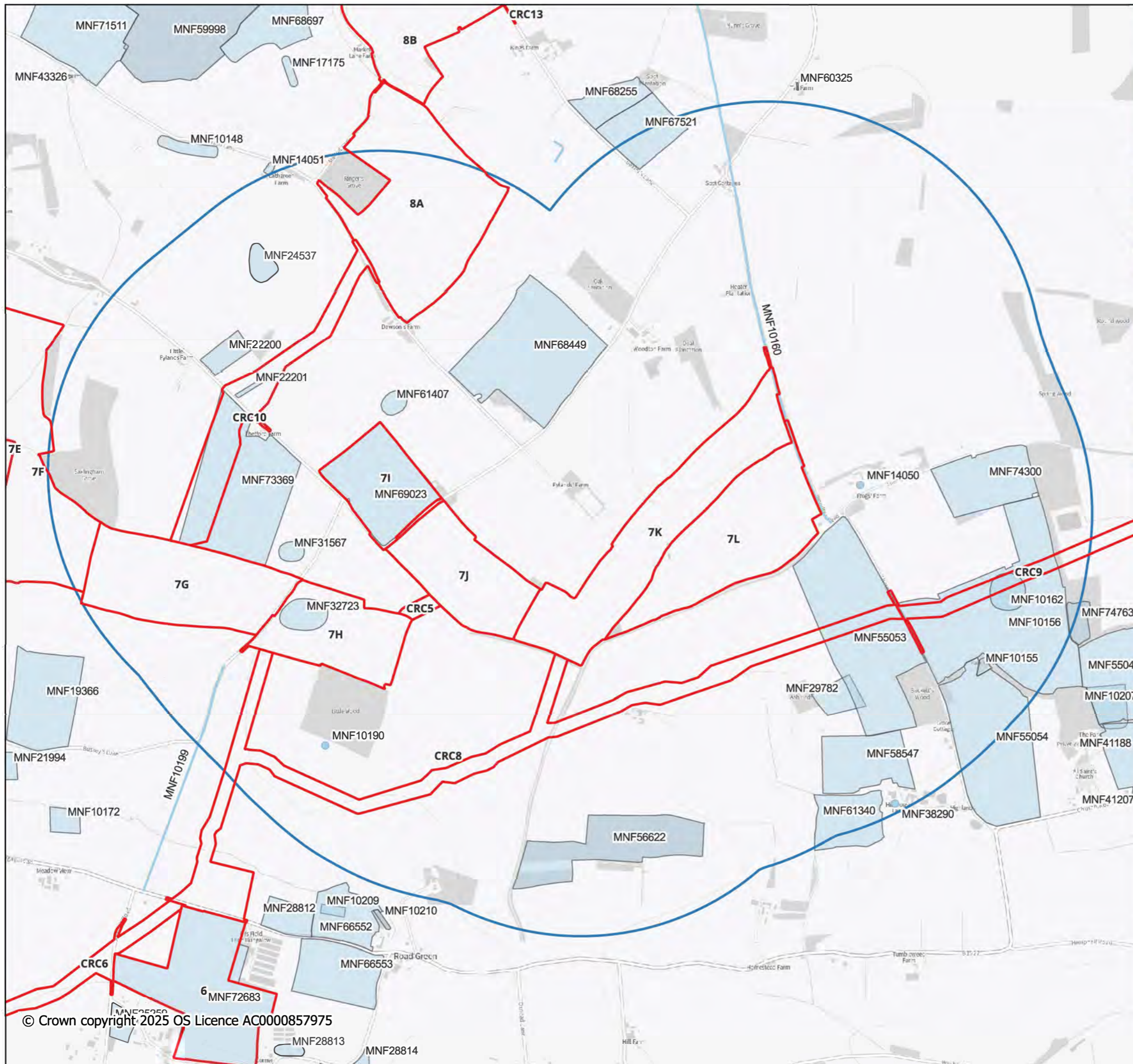
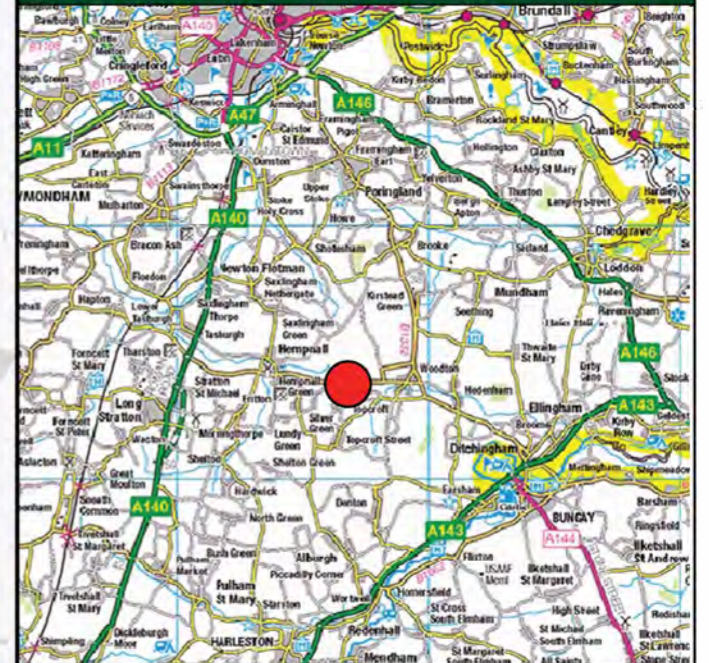
Figure 52. Extract from the 6 inch Ordnance Survey map from 1883



Key

 Order Limits





- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Study Area
 - HER Monument Points
 - HER Monument Lines
 - HER Monument Regions



0 0.25 0.5 km

Figure 56. Sub-Sites 71 to 7L Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



Figure 57. Extract from the Survey of the Parish of Saxlingham from 1806



Key

Order Limits

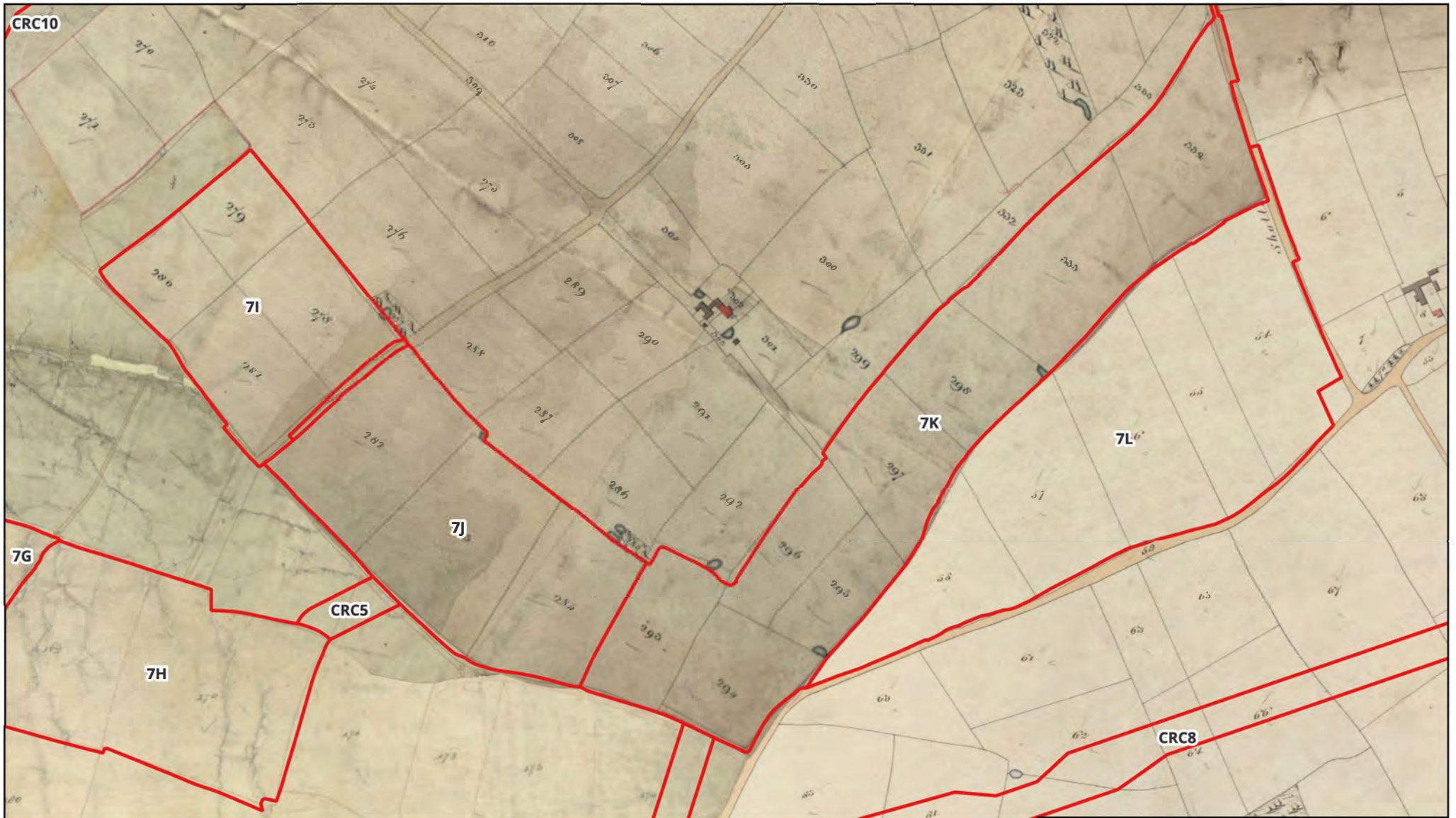


Figure 58. Extract from the Shotesham and Woodton Tithe maps from 1841



Key

 Order Limits



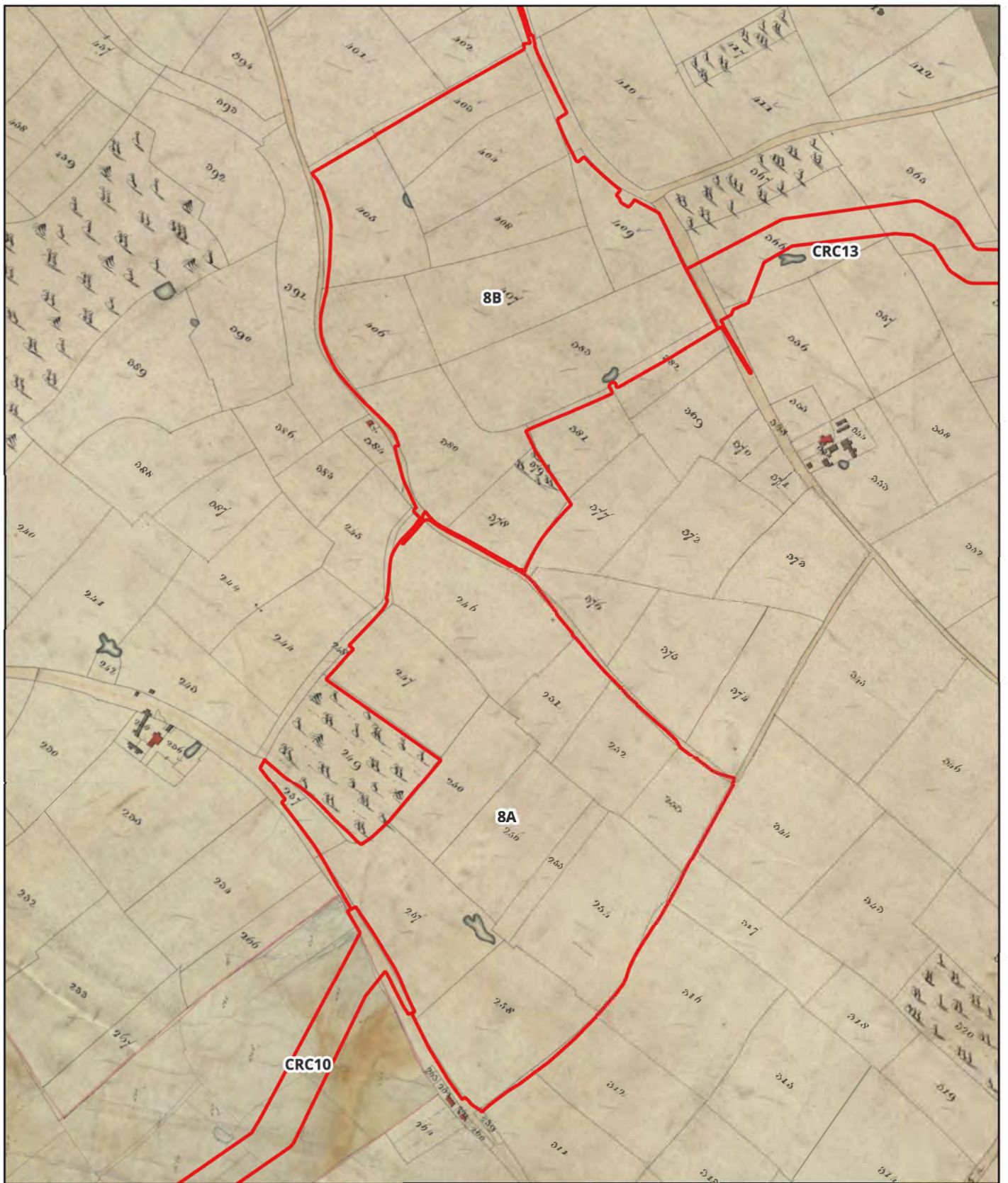
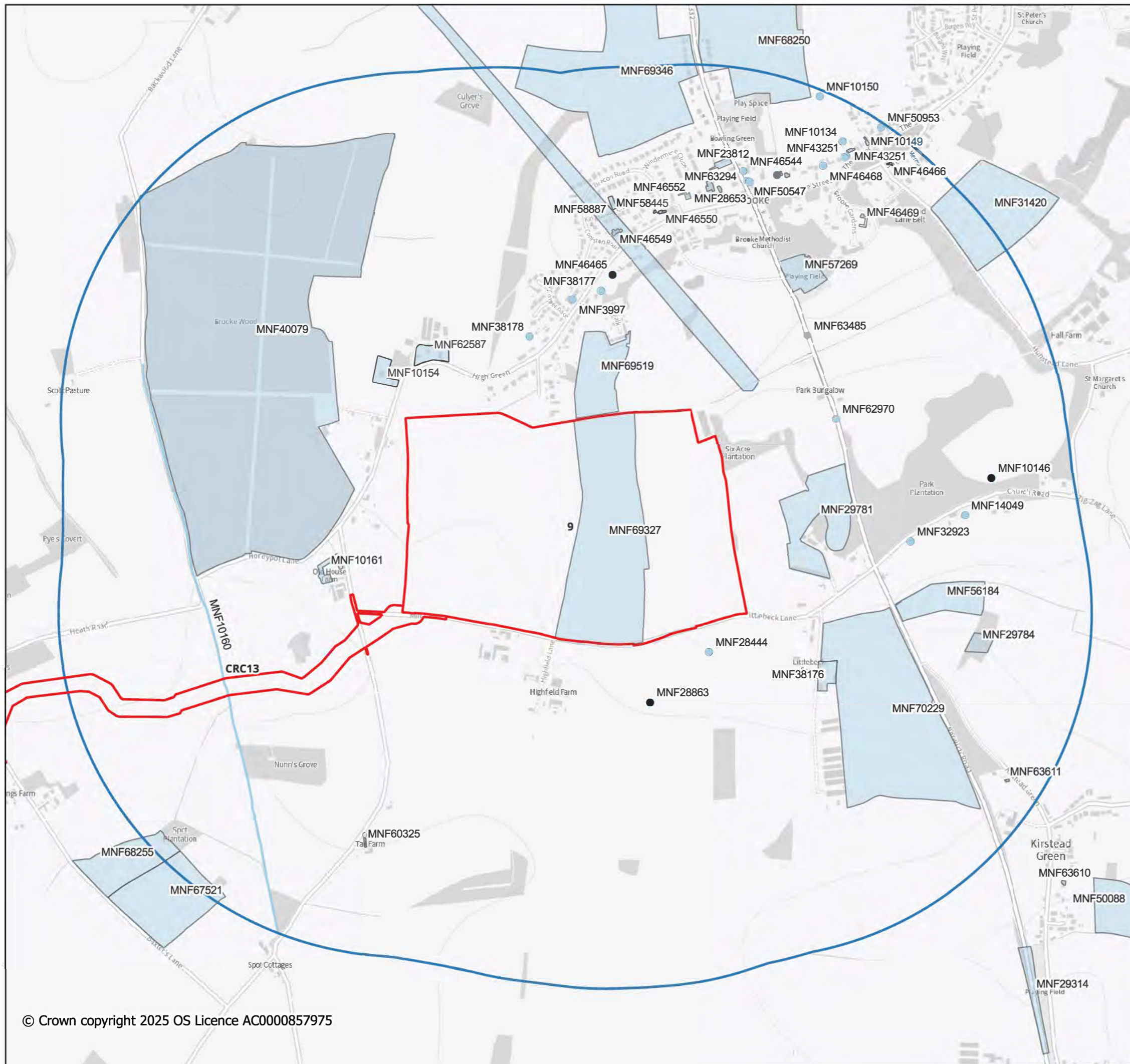
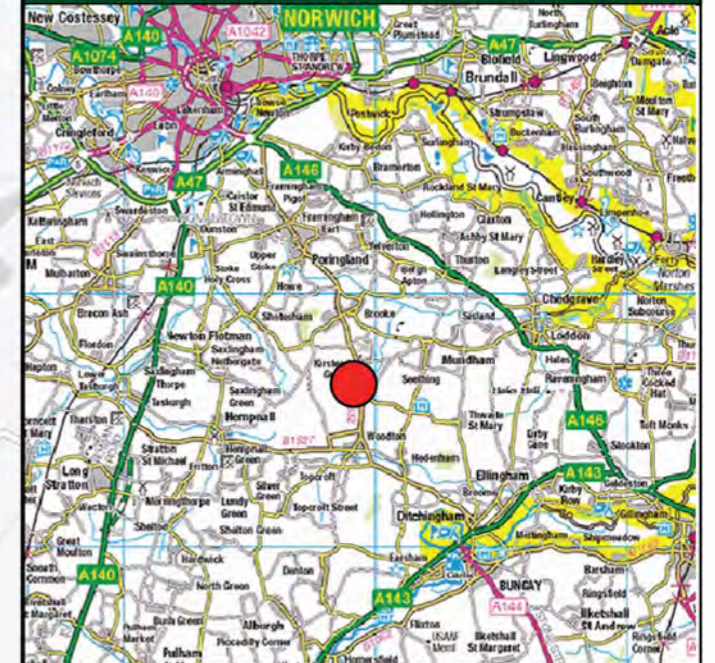


Figure 63. Extract from the Shotesham Tithe map from 1841



Key

 Order Limits



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Study Area
 - HER Monument Points
 - HER Monument Lines
 - HER Monument Regions

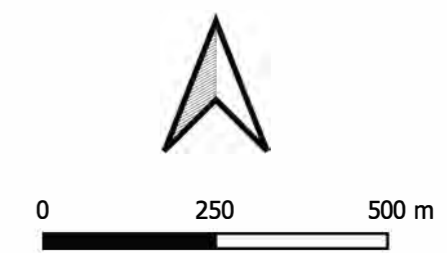
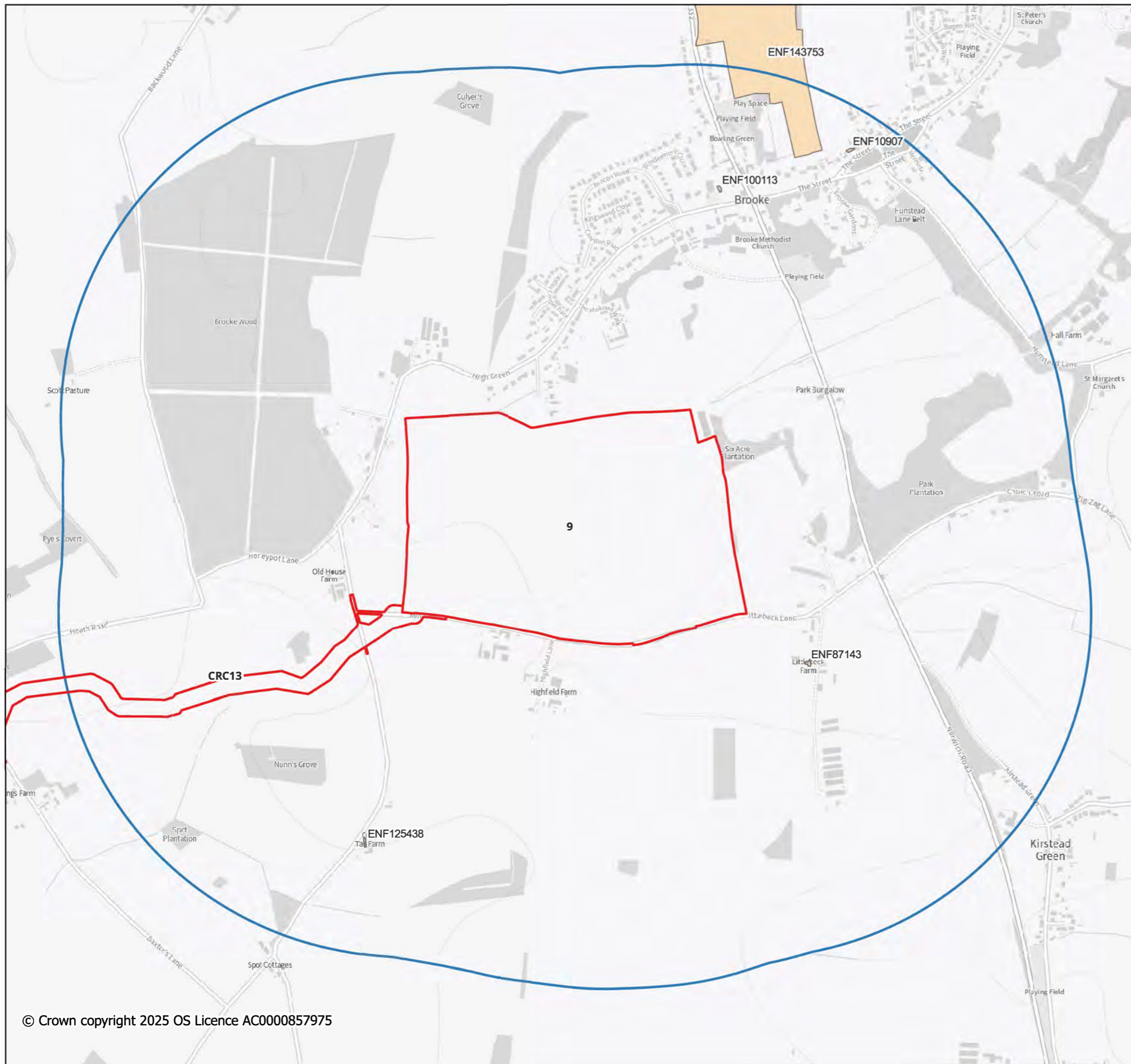
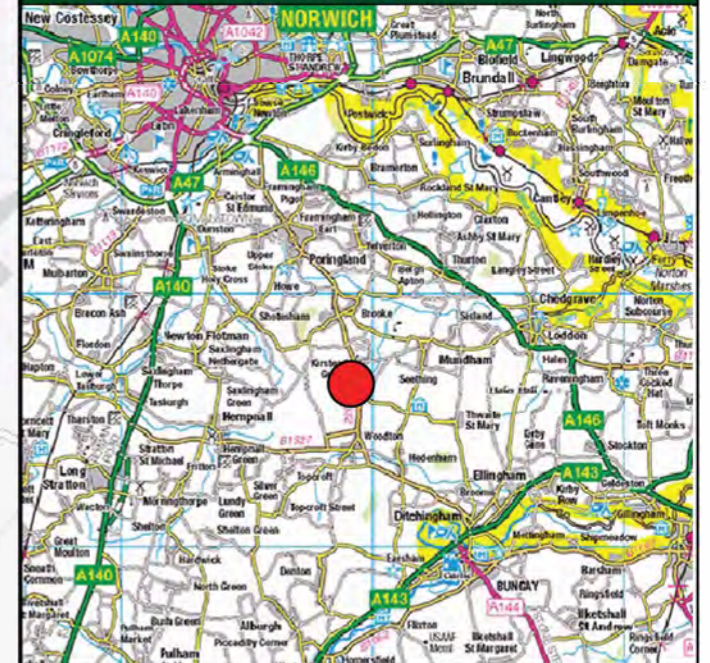


Figure 67. Site 9 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



Key

- Order Limits
- 1km Study Area
- HER Event Regions



0 250 500 m

A scale bar with markings at 0, 250, and 500 meters, used to provide a sense of scale for the map.

Figure 68. Site 9 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records



Figure 69. Extract from the Brooke Enclosure map from 1801



Key

 Order Limits

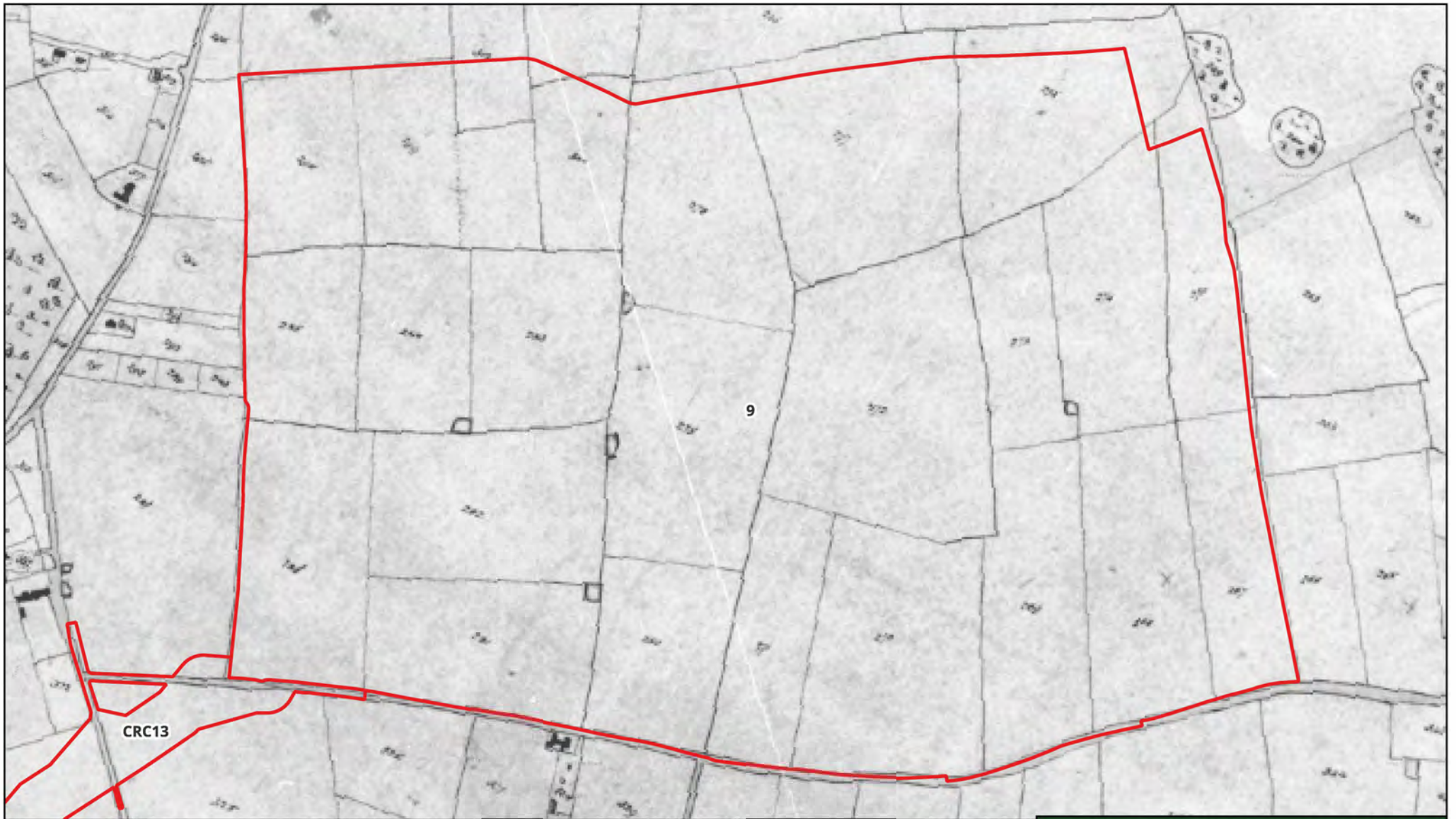
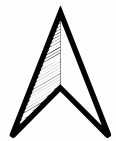


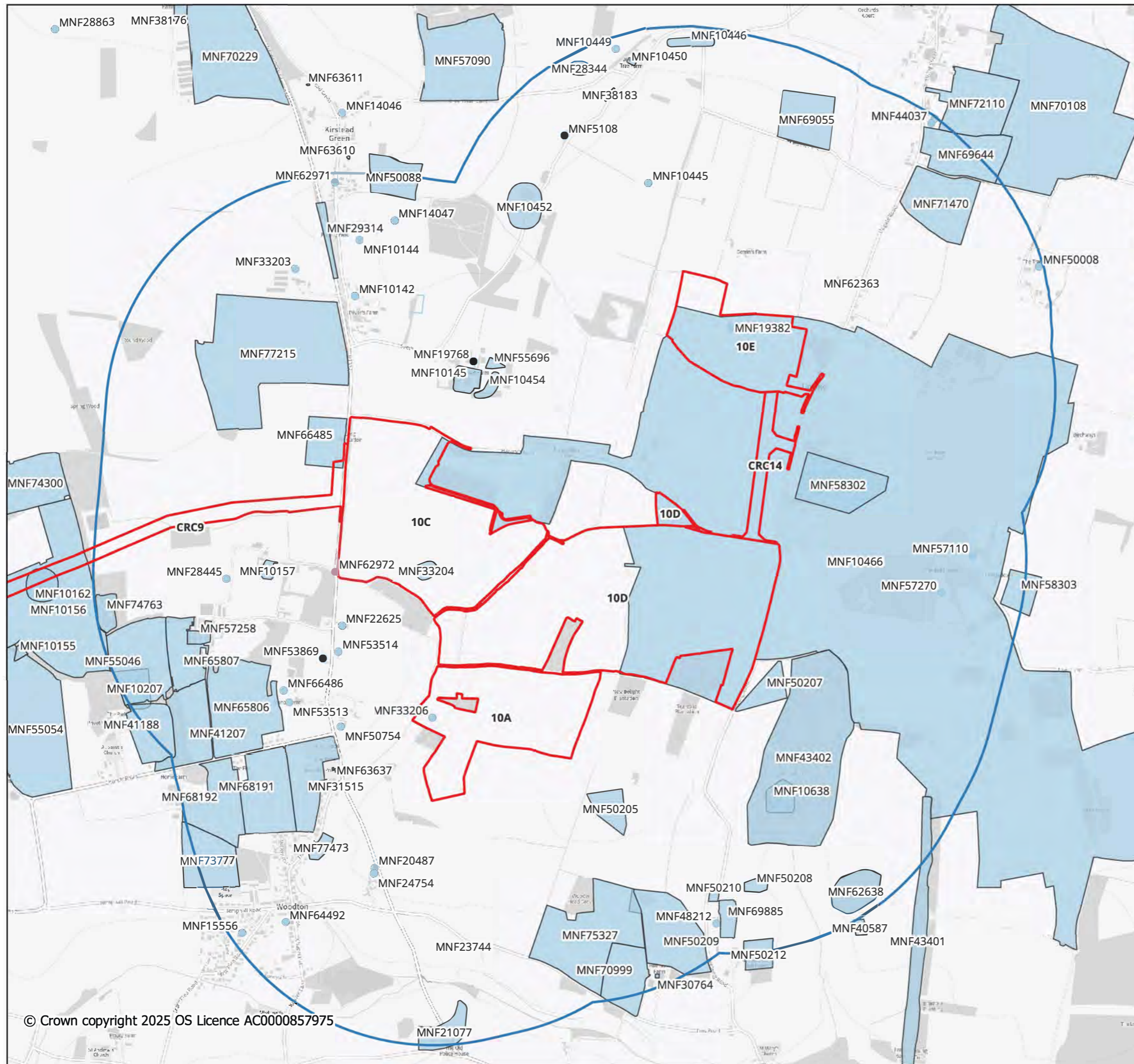
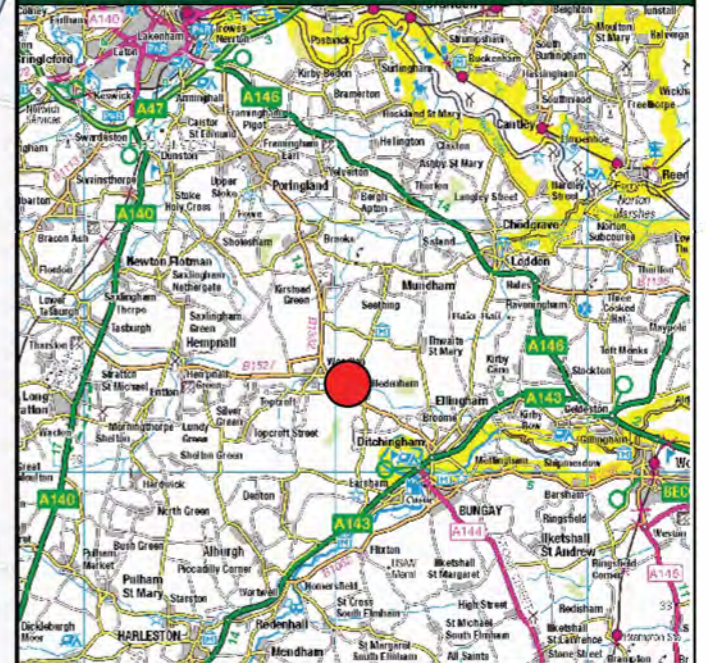
Figure 70. Extract from the Brooke Tithe map from c.1840



Key

 Order Limits

GHC ARCHAEOLOGY
& HERITAGE



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - HER Monument (Point)
 - HER Monument (Line)
 - HER Monument (Region)

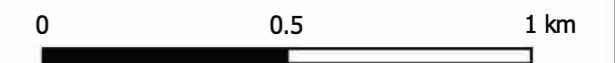
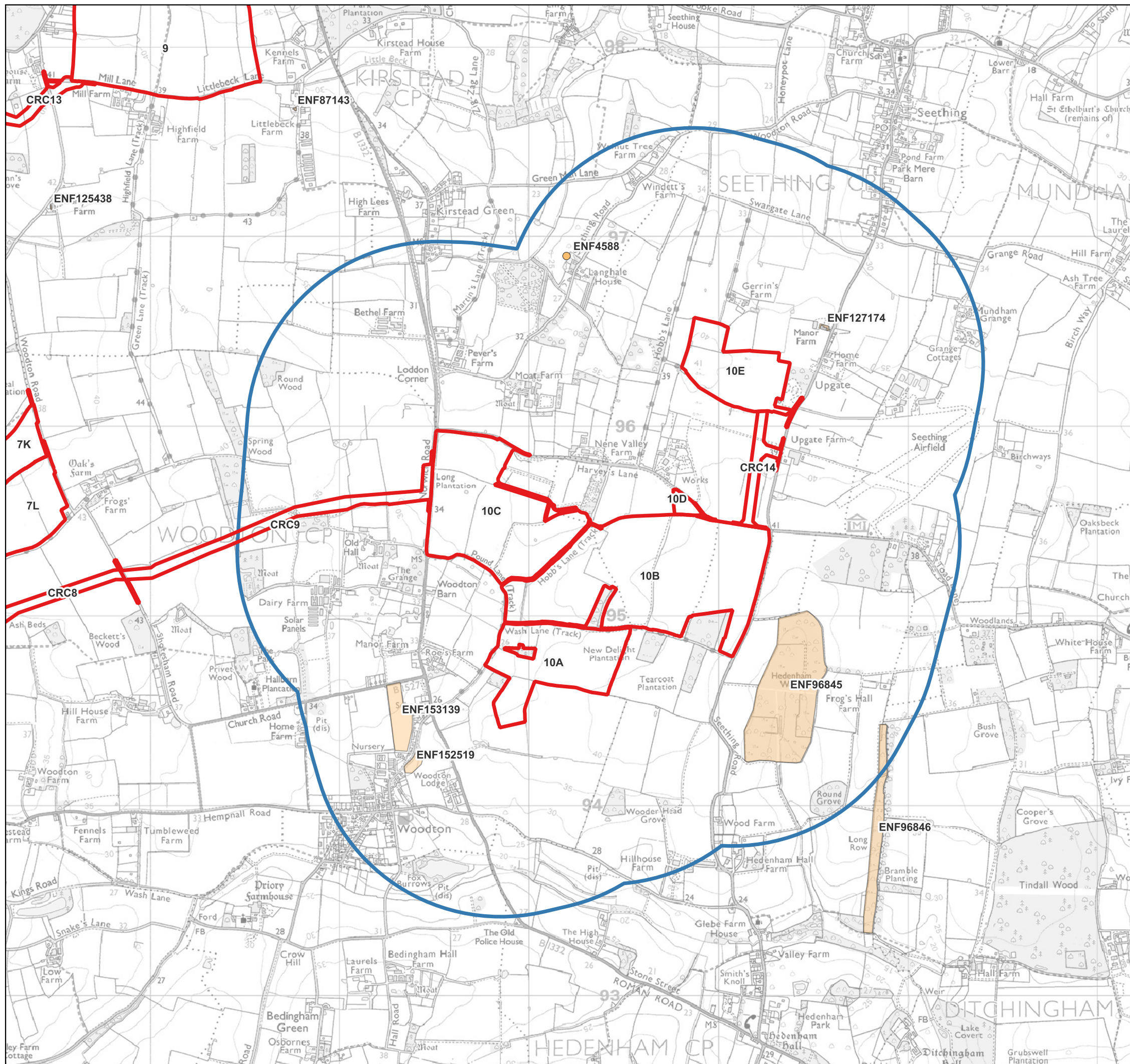


Figure 74. Site 10 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - HER Events (Point)
 - HER Events (Polygon)

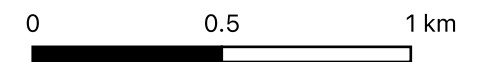


Figure 75. Site 10 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records

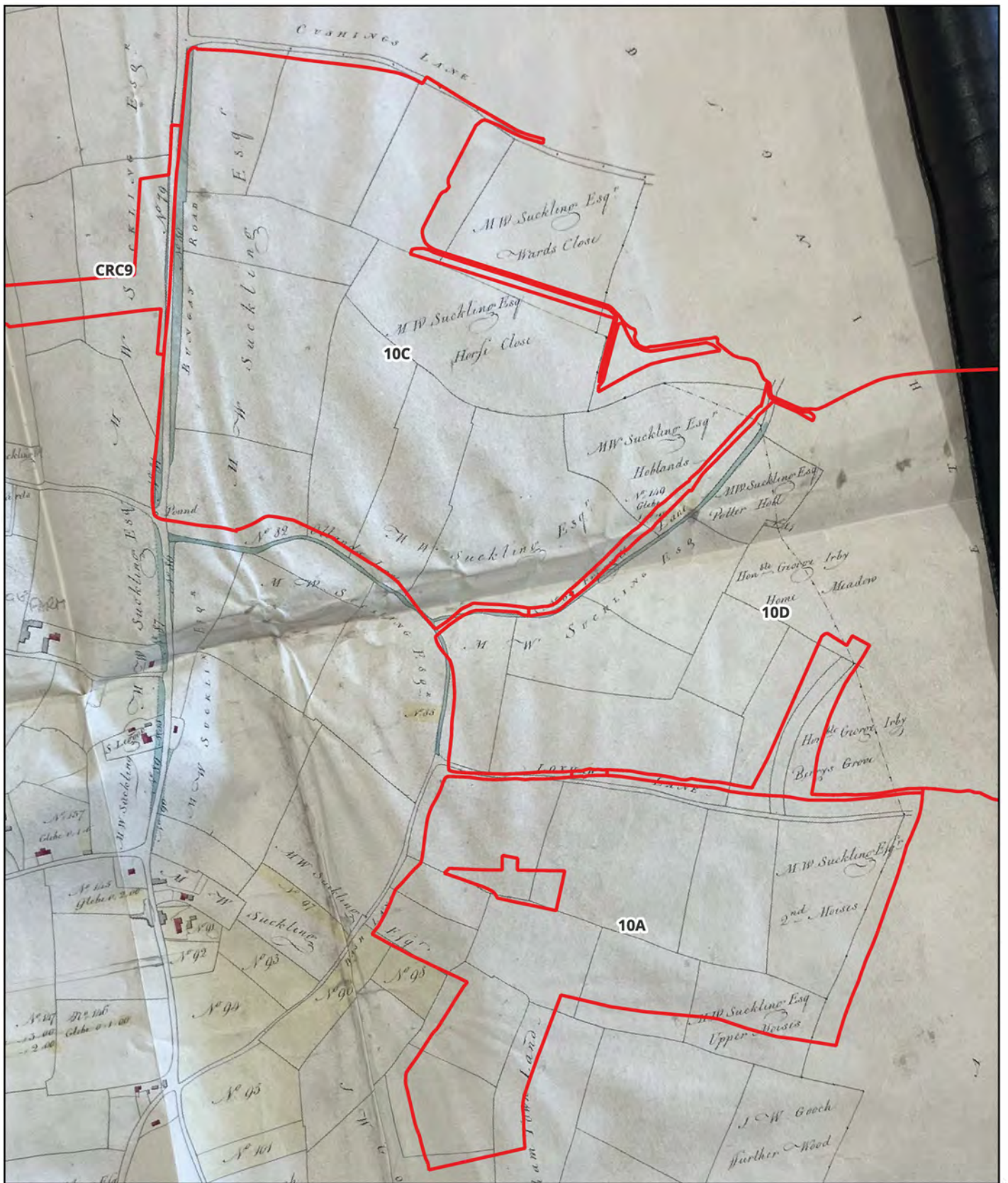


Figure 77. Extract from the Woodton Enclosure map from 1814

	<p>Key</p> <p> Order Limits</p>	
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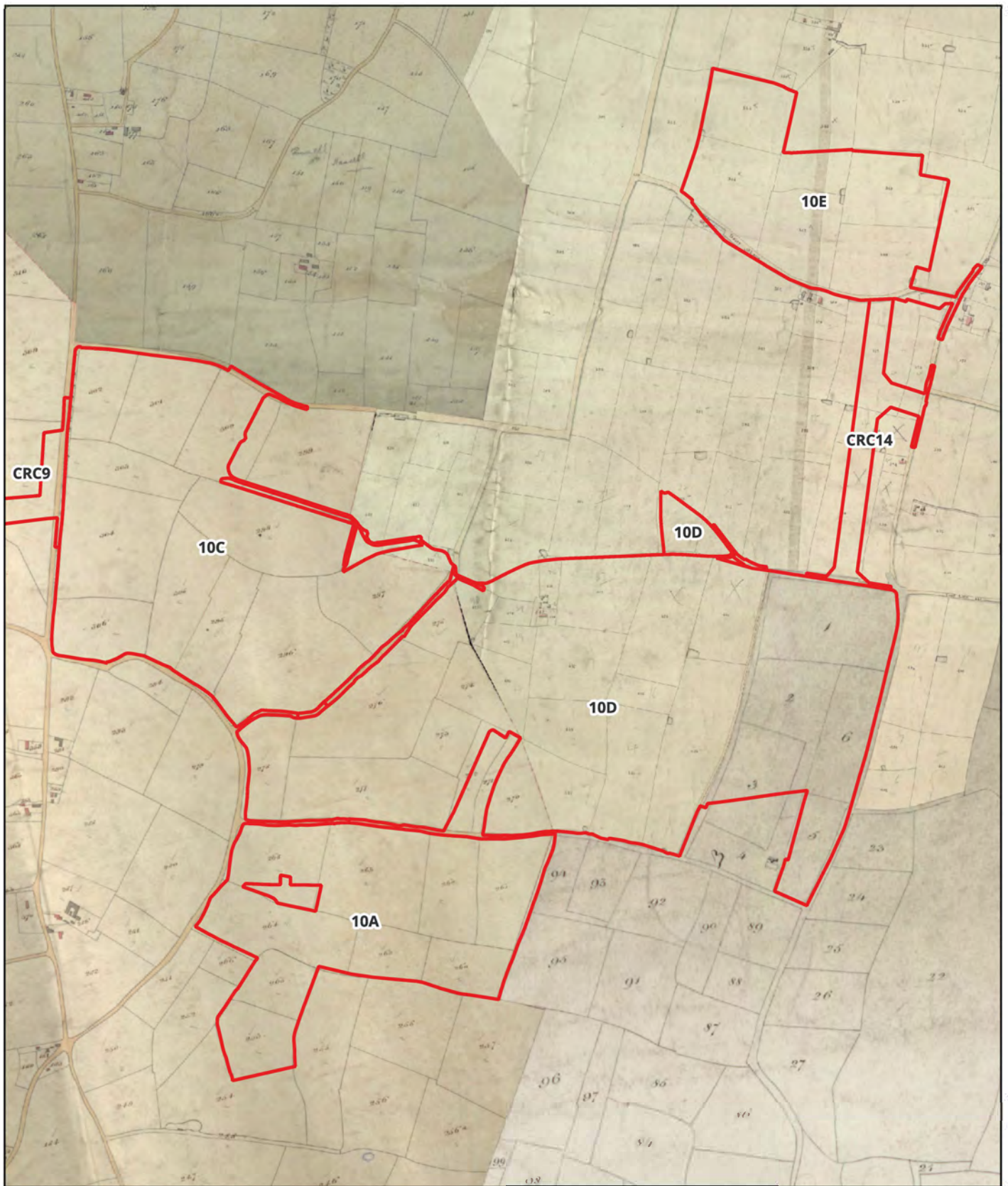


Figure 78. Extract from the Seething, Hedenham and Woodton Tithe maps from 1838, 1839 and 1841.



Key

 Order Limits

GHC ARCHAEOLOGY
& HERITAGE

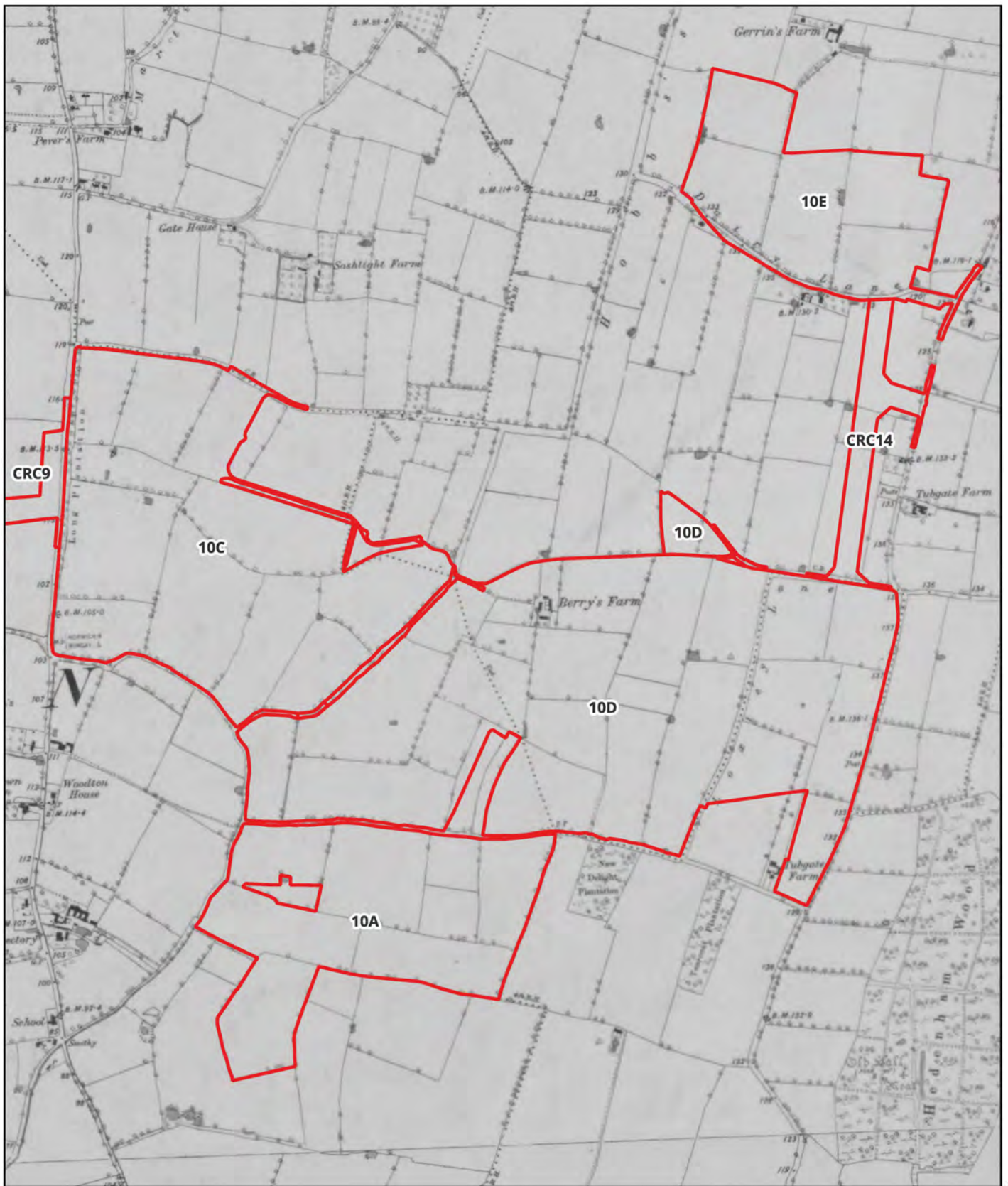
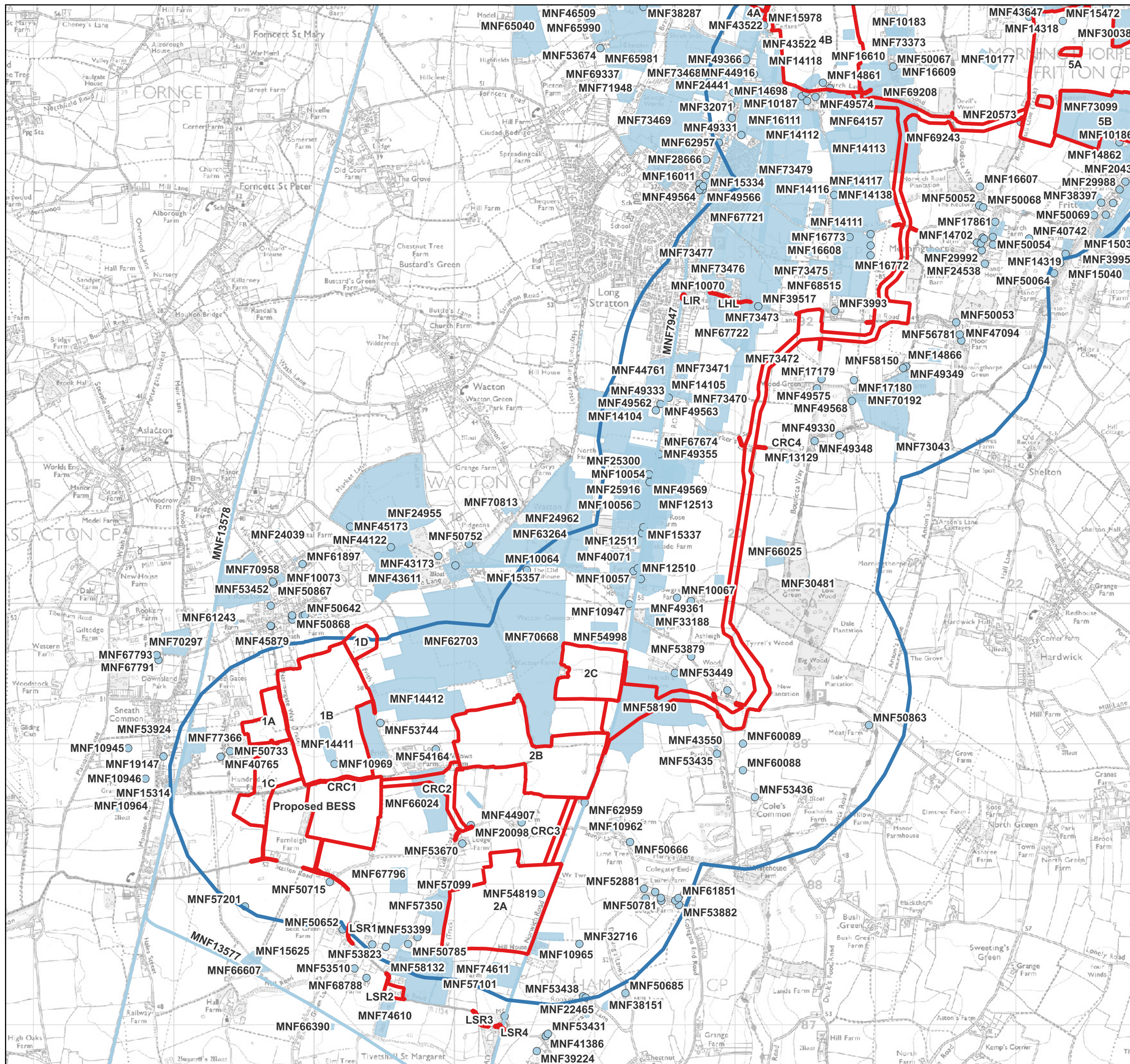


Figure 79. Extract from the 6 inch Ordnance Survey map from 1884.

	<p>Key</p> <p> Order Limits</p>	
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- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - HER Monuments (Point)
 - HER Monuments (Line)
 - HER Monuments (Polygon)

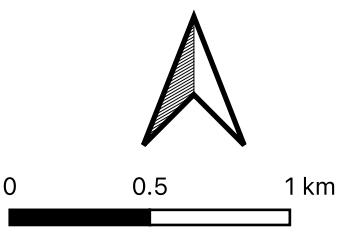
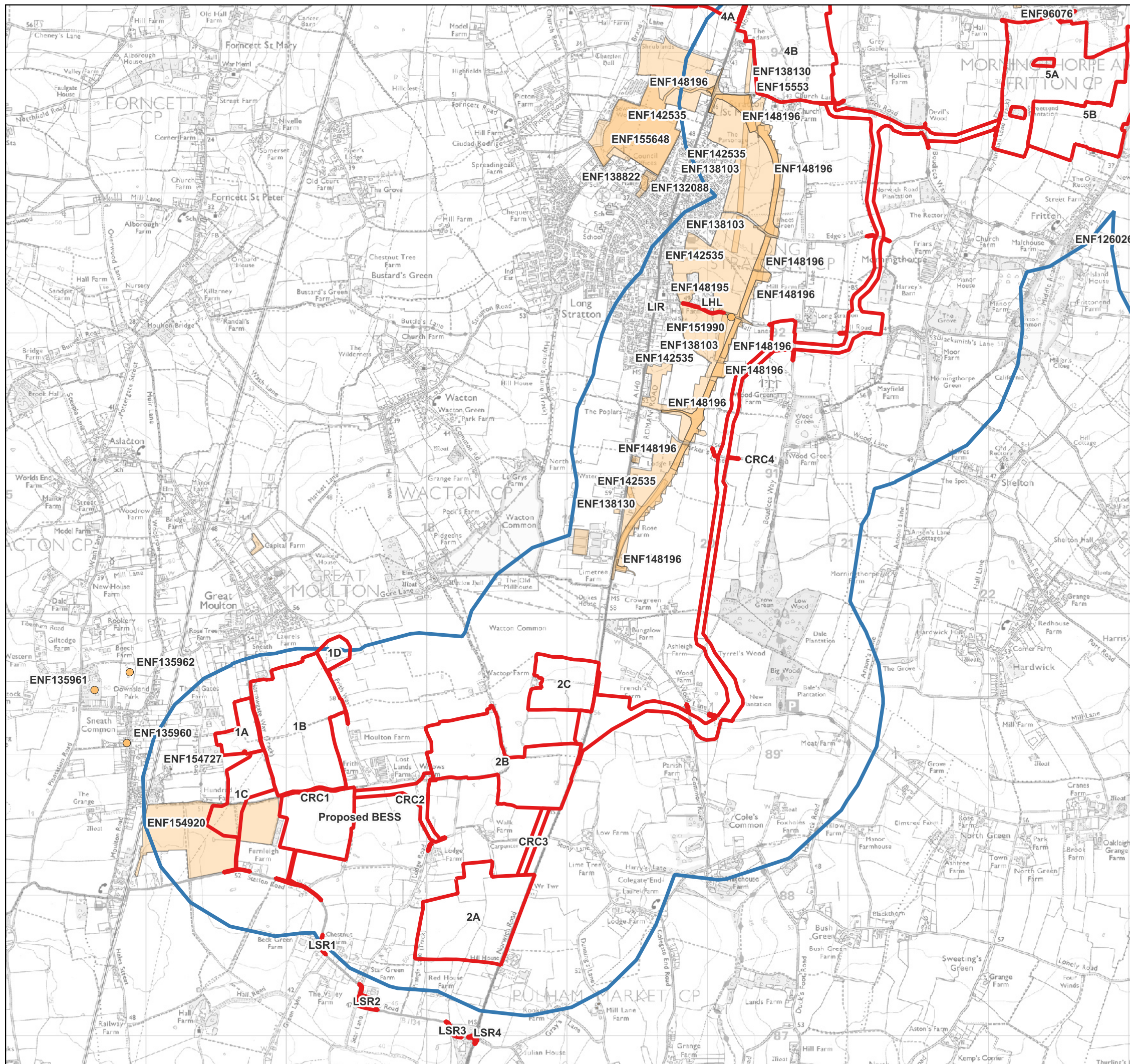


Figure 83. CRC1 to CRC4 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Monument Records



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - HER Events
 - HER Events (Line)
 - HER Events (Polygon)

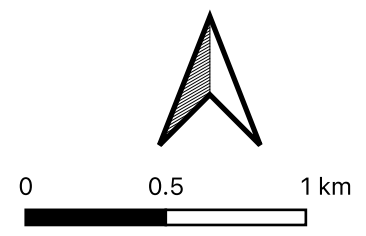
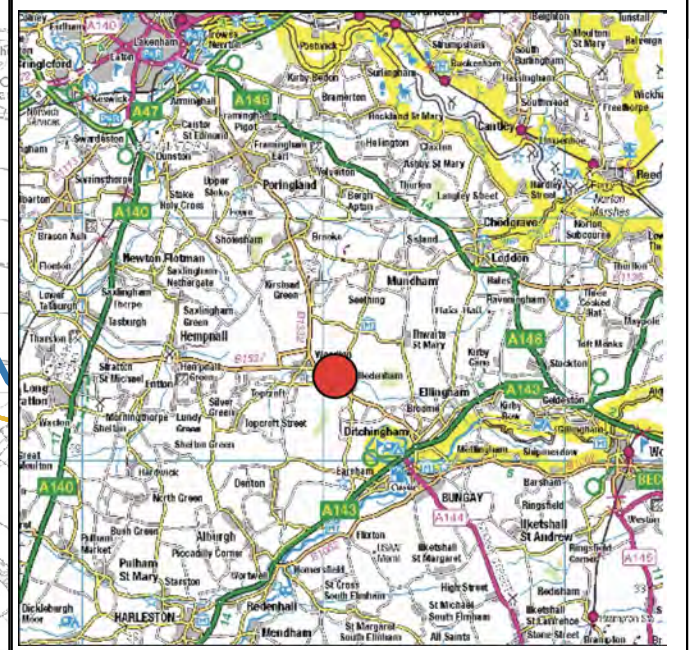
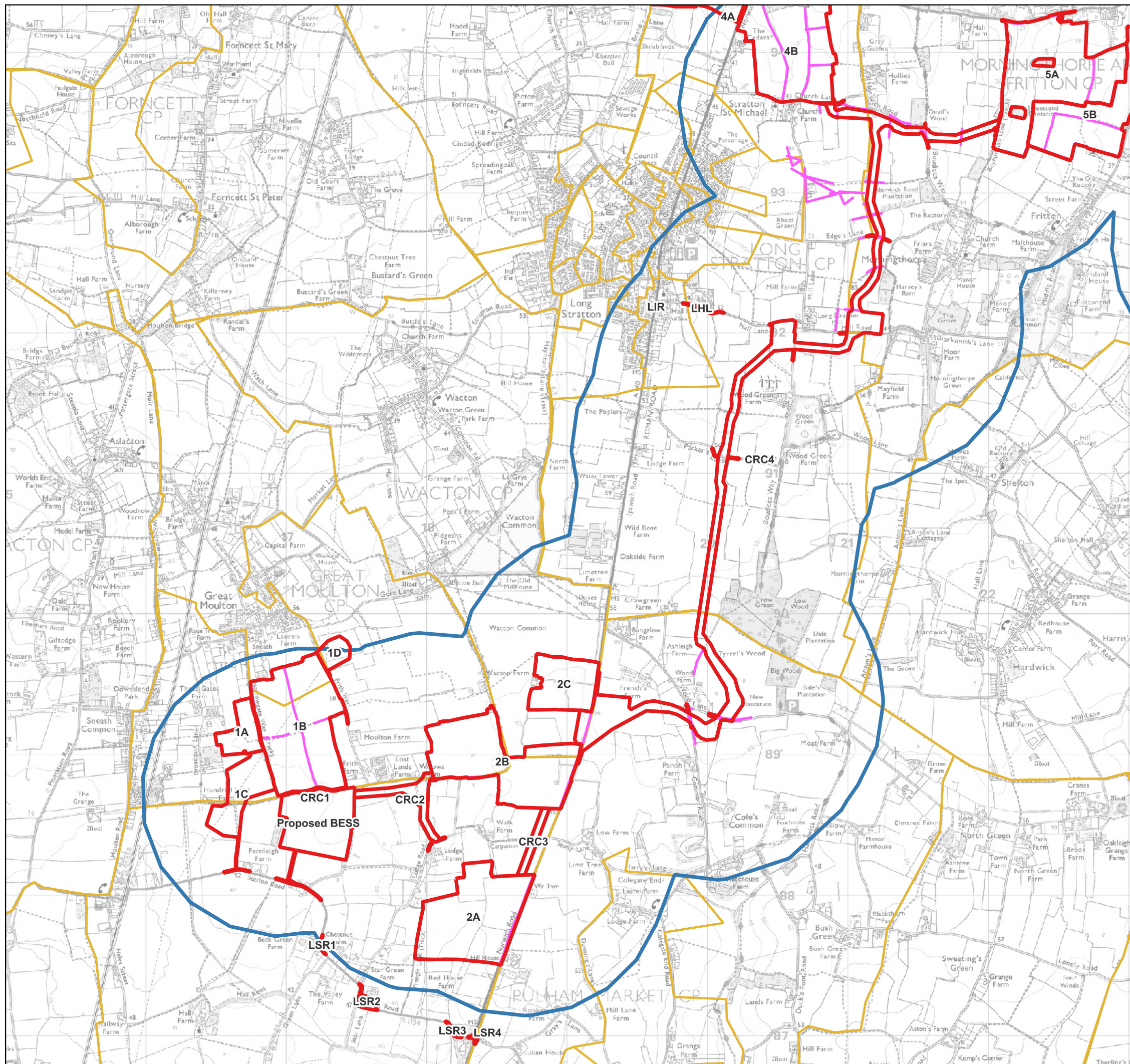


Figure 85. CRC1 to CRC4 Order Limits and Search Area showing HER Event Records



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - Important Hedgerows
 - Norfolk Parish Boundaries

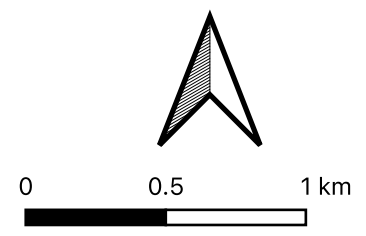
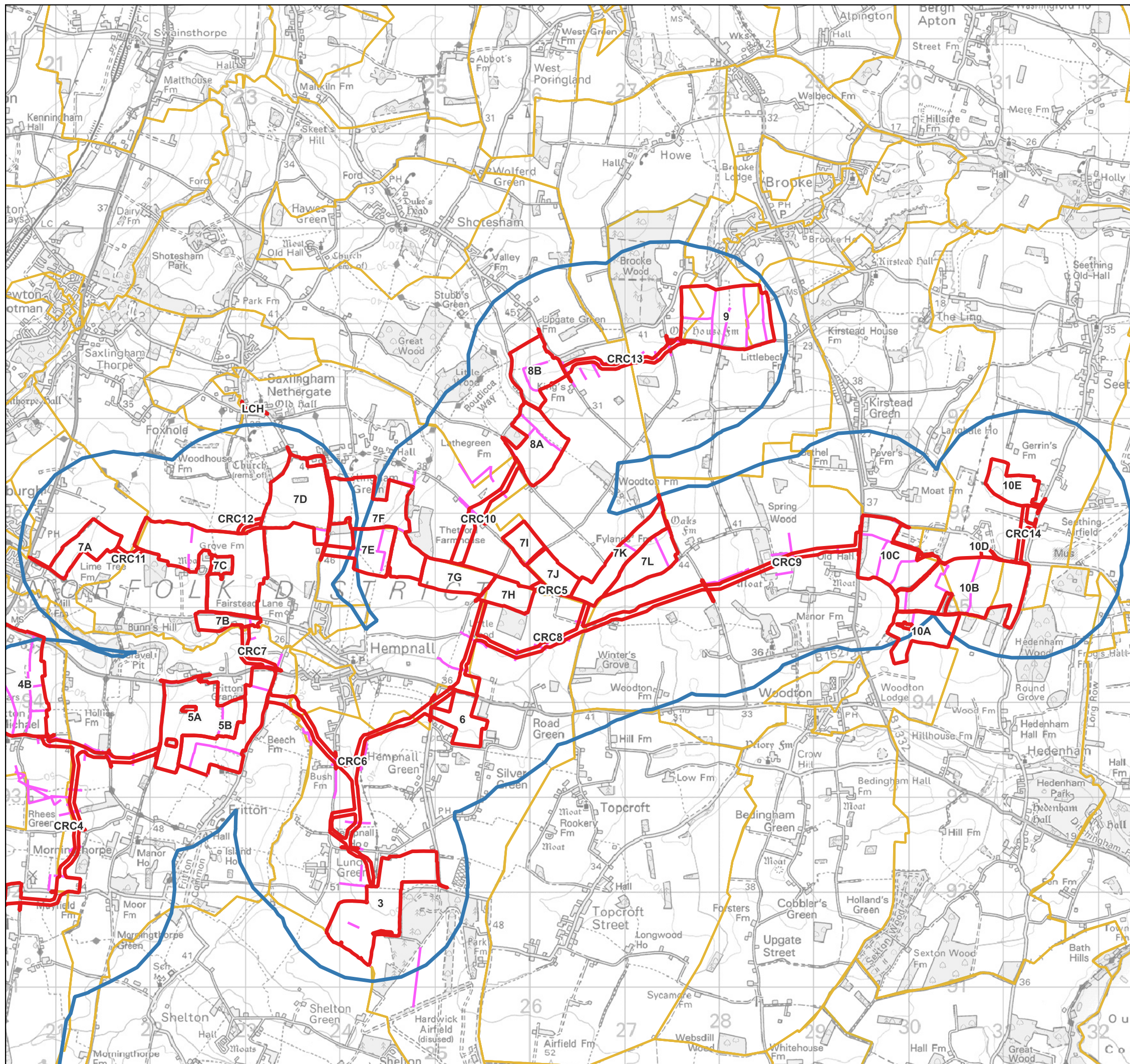


Figure 86. CRC1 to CRC 4 Order Limits showing important hedgerows and parish boundaries



- Key**
- Order Limits
 - 1km Search Area
 - Important Hedgerows
 - Norfolk Parish Boundaries



0 1 2 km

Figure 87. CRC5 to CRC 14 Order Limits showing important hedgerows and parish boundaries

Annex A: Gazetteer of heritage assets

The following table provides details of heritage assets recorded on the Norfolk HER within 1km of the Site. These have been listed by Site in order of their HER references.

Ref.	Name	Description	NGR	Designation	Period
SITES 1, 2 and BESS					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF14411	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found across the surface of this field with a concentration at the northern end. This included a fragment of a beard from a Grimston face jug.	TM 170 889		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF10969	Site of All Saints' Church, Little Moulton	This is recorded as the site of All Saints' Church, Little Moulton. The church was demolished in 1570. The Norman piscina from the church is in St Michael's Church (NHER 13117).	TM 1714 8885		Medieval
MNF10945	Neolithic polished flint axehead	A Neolithic polished flint axehead was found at this site during sugar beet harvesting in 1942.	TM 1567 8896		Prehistoric
MNF10946	Neolithic or Bronze Age polished flint axehead	A Neolithic or Bronze Age polished flint axehead was recovered here in 1946.	TM 1579 8874		Prehistoric
MNF19147	Neolithic axehead from the garden of 47 Station Road	A polished Neolithic flint axe was dug up by a dog in the garden of 47 Station Road.	TM 1592 8890		Prehistoric
MNF20098	Fragment of Roman puddingstone quern	In 1983 part of a Roman puddingstone quern was recovered from beside the road north of the Lodge, probably from a ditch recently deepened.	TM 1811 8841		Roman
MNF40765	Medieval finger ring	Metal detecting recovered a 13th century stirrup-shaped gold finger ring with a setting for stone.	TM 16 88		Medieval
MNF50652	Beck Green Farmhouse, Station Road	Beck Green Farmhouse is a 17th century timber-framed house with a steep black glazed pantile roof with gabled ends. This two storey building has an off centre brick chimneystack.	TM 1720 8767	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50715	Barn Cottages, Station Road	Barn Cottages is a 17th century timber-framed house that has been divided into two. This two storey building has a thatched roof with gabled ends, and an off centre internal brick chimneystack.	TM 1711 8801	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF50733	Broadgate Way, Broadgate Lane	A 17th century timber frame roughcast one storey cottage.	TM 16402 88945	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50785	Friends' Meeting House, Lodge Road	Friends' Meeting House is an early 19th century meeting house, said to have been built in 1812. It is constructed of red brick with a hipped black glazed pantile roof, and has two wide doorways with pilasters and double doors. Reported to have been converted into house in 1977.	TM 1767 8757	II	Modern
MNF53509	Chestnut Farmhouse, Station Road	Chestnut Farmhouse is a 17th century timber-framed house, with fragments of pargetting with arched panels on the upper storey. This two storey building has a later lower pitched roof with gabled ends and pantiles, and a modern lean-to on the left.	TM 1741 8756	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53510	The Valley Farmhouse, Station Road	The Valley Farmhouse is a 17th century timber-framed house with a thatched roof with gabled ends. This two storey building has a brick chimneystack near the centre of the roof, and a doorway in front of this.	TM 1729 8739	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53399	Prangle Farmhouse, Lodge Road	Prangle Farmhouse is a 17th to 18th century timber-framed house, which was fronted in brick in the 19th to 20th centuries. This two storey building has a steep pantile roof with gabled ends, a central panelled door with a modern hood, and internal brick chimneystacks at each end.	TM 1774 8762	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53670	The Lodge, Lodge Road	The Lodge is an early 19th century house, plastered and with a brick plinth and black glazed pantile roof with gabled ends. This two storey building has three bays and a central doorway with reeded architrave, cornice and flush panel door.	TM 1805 8828	II	Modern
MNF53744	Woodlands Farm, Frith Way	A 17th century timber frame plastered two storey house. There is a later 17th century addition at the north end.	TM 17474 89148	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53823	Star Green Farmhouse, Lodge Road	Star Green Farmhouse is a 17th century timber-framed house. The south end has two storeys and an attic, and the north end one storey and an attic with a lower roof. Both ends have thatched roofs with gabled ends, and there is a brick chimneystack at the junction of the two ends.	TM 1751 8755	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF54164	Iron Age silver coin	An Iron Age silver coin was found during metal detecting in 2006.	Not displayed		Prehistoric
MNF57201	Site of Big Oak/Thwaite's Oak	Site of a tree recorded as Big Oak, known locally as Thwaite's Oak.	TM 16510 87839		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF68788	Post-medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a post-medieval coin.	TM 17 87		Post-Medieval
MNF13578	Eastern Union Railway Norwich Extension (Norwich to Diss)	The Norwich to London via Diss railway line was considered of crucial importance to Norwich during the 19th century, when despite lines being built across the country, Norwich risked remaining unconnected to the capital. A connection via Cambridge was opened in 1845, but in 1849 a direct route through Diss and Ipswich was opened under the name Eastern Union Railway. The construction of this line involved the erection of an iron bridge across the road in Diss, as well as a multi-arched viaduct at Harford	TM 18366 93587		Modern

		Bridges. Communities along the line such as Mellis, Tivetshall, Forncett, Flordon and Swainsthorpe were all served by their own stations, and the line originally terminated at the Norwich Victoria station, a building adapted from its forerunner the New Adelphi Theatre. The constituent railway companies and their lines were amalgamated into Greater Eastern Railway in 1862. As a result, Norwich Victoria was closed in 1916 and the trains diverted into Thorpe Station. The post-war period of nationalisation also saw the closure in 1966 of a number of the small stations, including Flordon, Forncett, Tivetshall, Burston, Mellis and Finningham. In the 1980s the closure of the British Rail coal depot at Queen's Road, Norwich also saw the final closure of the now defunct Victoria Station, the site of which is now occupied by Sainsburys.			
MNF7947	The Pye Roman Road	In Norfolk this Roman road runs between Scole and the Roman town of Venta Icenorum at Caistor St Edmund. It can be seen on aerial photographs and is marked on old maps. Excavation of part of the road revealed two parallel roads - one Roman with two ditches on either side of a hard surface and the other a post medieval diversion surviving as wheel ruts. It has been suggested that the Roman road cuts across a prehistoric field system that extends between Scole and Dickleburgh, but the date of that field system is a matter of great debate. The cropmarks of the section of this road running through Dunston Park are recorded under NHER 52170 and the section to the west of Caistor Roman town is under NHER 52197.	TM 1873 9104		Roman
MNF13577	Route of Waveney Valley Railway (Tivetshall to Beccles)	The Tivetshall to Beccles line was opened by the Waveney Valley Railway from the Norwich to Diss line (NHER 13578) on 1 December 1855, at that point reaching only as far as Harleston. In 1860 it reached Bungay, and in 1863 it reached Beccles. Some stations closed early, but the final passenger service ran on 5 January 1953, with the line closing to freight on 18 April 1966. Stations existed for some time at Pulham Market, Pulham St Mary, Harleston (NHER 42029), Homersfield (station is in Norfolk), Earsham, Bungay (Suffolk), Ditchingham (with sidings), Ellingham (large sidings), Geldeston, and Beccles, (Suffolk). A siding at Earsham is known to have existed during World War Two to supply the USAAF bomb dumps. It is also thought that a siding ran to the early Pulham Piggery airship base. Early stations included Wortwell station (closed in 1878), and Redenhall and Starston (closed in 1866). Pulham Market and Ellingham stations are now a house, Geldeston a factory, Earsham is largely ruined, and Beccles bridge has been demolished.	TM 2896 8788		Modern
MNF10964	The Grange moated site	A 17th- or 18th-century building surrounded by a water-filled undated moat.	TM 1562 8855	II	Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14412	Late Iron Age and post medieval finds	Fragments of post medieval pottery including a glazed pipkin (saucepan) handle, brick, and clay pipe were found on the surface of this field in 1977. Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered a Late Iron Age coin.	TM 17 89		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF15314	Site of Black Mill or Moulton Mill	This windmill is marked on Faden's map of 1797. It was recorded as the oldest mill in Norfolk in the 19th century. It was in use until 1904 and was burnt down in 1930.	TM 159 886		Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF15625	Roman pottery sherds	Forty-three sherds of Roman coarse ware pottery, probably dating to the 2nd to 3rd century, were recovered in this area in 1979.	TM 1658 8747		Roman
MNF53924	Wallbridge Sneath Farmhouse, Sneath Common	17th century timber framed house with steep pantile roof.	TM 15934 89058	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF57350	Roman, Saxon, Medieval and Post-Medieval metal objects	Metal detecting sometime before February 2008 recovered Roman, early Anglo-Saxon, Medieval and Post-Medieval objects, including a Roman patera handle in the form of a ram's head.	TM 17 87		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF57099	Post-medieval metal objects	A buckle, lead weight and three rings, dated to the post-medieval period.	TM 17 87		Post-Medieval
MNF57101	Medieval and Post-Medieval Finds	A medieval coin, medieval/ post medieval vessel and post-medieval crotal bell were found by metal-detecting in 2008.	TM 17 87		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF58131	Post medieval coins and purse frame, undated objects	Metal detecting in 2008 recovered 2 post medieval coins, a post medieval purse frame and undated weights and rings.	TM 17 87		Post-Medieval
MNF58132	Medieval and post medieval pottery, coins and metal objects	Metal detecting in 2008 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery, coins and metal objects	TM 17 87		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF61191	Post-medieval and Roman coin	Metal-detecting in 2010 and 2011 recovered an Elizabeth I shilling and a Roman coin respectively.	TM 17 89		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF62703	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting between 2011 and 2017 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton; a postmedieval token and a range of other metal objects including Roman brooches; a Late Saxon silver coin brooch and strap end; a medieval strap end, harness pendant and harness hook and a post-medieval dress hook and cufflink.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF66024	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting in 2013 recovered a medieval coin as well as undatable, Bronze Age and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undated metalworking debris; a possible Middle Bronze Age rapier blade and a Late Bronze Age socketed axehead; a medieval papal bulla and a sword or dagger pommel; medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and lead balls and a post-medieval crotal bell, button and a buckle.	TM 17 88		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF66607	Late Iron Age to Roman finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered Late Iron Age to Roman coins and brooches. The coins include a small Roman hoard of two coins that are corroded together.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF67796	Medieval harness pendant	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a medieval harness pendant and post-medieval coin weight.	TM 17 88		Medieval
MNF77366	Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery	In 2022 Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds were found at this location.	TM 16 88		Roman to Post-Medieval

MNF10064	Medieval causeway	In 1952 a causeway was noted across the common. It was flanked by ditches and probably aligned on the medieval predecessor of Wacton Hall, and thus of contemporary date. It was still extant when it was visited in 1979.	TM 1843 9026		Medieval
MNF10063	Wacton Hall and possible site of Little Wacton deserted medieval village	This moated site is rectangular with two inner possible fishponds. A causeway abuts the enclosure to the east at an angle. It has been suggested by the Ordnance Survey that this is the site of Little Wacton deserted medieval village. The present Hall is a two cell, two storey, early 16th century building with massive timbers. It was extended to the north in around 1600 with integral stair and carved beams, at which date the older part was rearranged and an overall very fine roof was added. Finds from the grounds include medieval pottery sherds and a late medieval/early post medieval unidentified object made from copper alloy.	TM 1801 9027	II*	Medieval
MNF10073	Possible medieval moat and deer park	A medieval moat was noted here by the Ordnance Survey. This moat may have been recut in the 19 th century to form a sheep wash or to fill water carts. A medieval deer park is also reported.	TM 1700 9018		Medieval
MNF10962	Low Farm, Colegate End	Low Farm is a very ornate 16th century house of screens-passage plan, with an original upper floor and stacks. A possible moat was mooted for this site, but following investigations this has been deemed unlikely.	TM 1914 8841	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10965	Hill House, formerly Depwade Union Workhouse	Built in red brick in 1836, this former workhouse has three storeys and wings radiating from a central rotunda with cupola. The wings end in houses with pedimented raised central bay, and at the corners of the outer wall enclosure, there are defensible gun turrets with vertical slits, one with a chimney. To the north lies a simple brick Gothic Revival chapel, of later date, from which was taken an interesting panel depicting an angel leading a woman away from 'symbols of darkness'.	TM 1860 8754	II	Modern
MNF12513	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting between 1987 and 2012 recovered a large number of Roman finds including coins, pottery and metal finds such as brooches and bracelets. These finds are related to a Roman settlement that straddled the Pye Roman Road, see NHER 44502. Medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post medieval coins and Iron Age, Early to Late Saxon, medieval and post-medieval metal finds have also been recovered including a medieval sword scabbard chape.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF20950	Roman and post medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1984 recovered sherds of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery. Finds included a piece of Roman Samian Ware and parts of two post medieval beer jars.	TM 1902 9013		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF21725	Cropmarks of probable post medieval field boundaries, previously interpreted as a moat	Linear cropmarks visible on aerial photographs at this location were originally interpreted as a moat. Examination of more modern aerial photographs and historic maps seems to indicate that this is in fact part of a wider post medieval field system. A late 19th century map does show a rectangular pond at this location which may have been part of an earlier moat but this is doubtful.	TM 1988 9013		Post-Medieval
MNF22465	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds and metal objects	Fieldwalking between 1986 and 1989 recovered a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds and metal objects.	TM 1894 8706		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF24039	Possible medieval moat east of Frith Way	A possible medieval moat is shown surrounding the rectory on the Great Moulton Enclosure map of 1824.	TM 1674 9048		Medieval
MNF24955	Late Bronze Age, Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds along with bits of modern glass and tile. Metal-detecting between 2003 and 2015 recovered an undated quern stone fragment; a medieval/post-medieval pottery sherd; Roman, medieval and postmedieval coins; post-medieval tokens and a range of other, Early Bronze Age to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Early Bronze Age copper alloy flat axehead fragment, a Late Bronze Age spearhead fragment; a Roman brooch, military harness pendant, copper alloy furniture stud and copper alloy furniture stud or nail; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories (including a post-medieval silver strap fitting or dress mount); a medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval belt or harness mounts, a harness mount, furniture fitting and spur.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF24962	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 1888 9062		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF25916	Multi-period finds	The number of Roman finds recovered from this site, and from others in the immediate area, suggest that there was a small town or village straddling the Pye Roman Road, see NHER 44502. The Roman finds from this site include coins, pottery, brooches and other metal finds. Metal-detecting has also recovered a Bronze Age spear and knife, Iron Age finds, Late Saxon pottery and medieval and postmedieval pottery and metal finds. An evaluation was carried out on part of the site by the NAU in 1996 but no evidence for Roman occupation was discovered. Fieldwalking from 1995-2000 recovered Romano-British, medieval and post-medieval pottery, the majority of which was Romano-British. Metal-detecting between 2011 and 2017 recovered Roman coins.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF33188	Roman dolphin brooch and multi-period metal objects	Metal detecting in 1997 recovered a small Roman dolphin brooch and a selection of copper alloy objects believed to be dress and furniture fittings from the Roman, medieval and post medieval periods.	TM 19 89		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF38151	Cropmarks of a World War Two searchlight battery	Cropmarks on aerial photography from 1946 indicate that this area contained a searchlight battery during World War Two.	TM 1910 8713		Modern
MNF38569	Roman and medieval/post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 1998 and 2013 recovered a single Roman coin and a medieval/post-medieval button, crotal bell and lead weight.	TM 19 90		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF39471	Roman copper alloy pin head	Metal detecting here in 2000 recovered a possible Roman copper alloy pin head.	TM 18 90		Roman
MNF40071	Roman and medieval finds	Metal detecting between 2000 and 2016 recovered Roman coins, a Roman sword belt fitting and a medieval horse harness pendant.	TM 19 90		Roman to Medieval

MNF41185	Possible medieval moat and multi-period finds	The earthworks of a possible medieval moated site were visible on this site until the field was ploughed about 30 years ago. Fieldwalking and metal detecting on the site has recovered a Roman coin, Roman pottery and tile, and medieval and post medieval pottery, coins and metal finds.	TM 19 90		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF43550	Parish or Town Farm, Common Road, Coles Common	Parish or Town Farm is a timber framed house on a cross-passage plan dating to the first half of the 16th century, with a first floor queenpost hall and a south gable stack. The building was extended by a three storey parlour in 17th century, and has received later alterations. Nearby stands a timber framed barn dating to the 17th century, which reuses two huge, and possibly earlier, S-braces.	TM 19864 88967	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43611	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2003 and 2017 recovered Roman and post-medieval coins; a medieval buckle and lead seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and a post-medieval knife end cap and lead plate.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF45879	Rose Tree Farm, High Green	This 17th-century timber framed building is faced in 20th century brick. It has a steep pantile roof and an off-centre stack. The building has two storeys and an attic. There are two widely-spaced modern casements and a modern door in front of the stack.	TM 16438 89762	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF45880	White Farmhouse, High Green	This 17th century timber framed house has been rendered and has a pantile roof. There is an offcentre chimney stack. The building has one storey and an attic. There is a very large 20th century dormer and a door in front of the chimney stack.	TM 16548 89786	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46681	Multi-period coins, medieval mount and pilgrim souvenir	Metal detecting from 2005-2007 recovered a small number of multi-period coins and a fragment of a Roman brooch as well as two interesting medieval objects: a possible mount depicting a mythical beast, and a cast lead pilgrim souvenir head of Christ.	TM 19 89		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF49692	Site of Roman settlement, A140 bypass	Archaeological work at this site between 2003 and 2020 has identified an area of Roman roadside settlement. Trial trenching in 2003 along the proposed route of a new bypass revealed a 'dark earth' deposit that is likely to represent the demolished remains of this settlement, which would have been adjacent to the Roman road that followed the same line as the modern A140 (The Pye Road – NHER 7947). Roman pottery, building material and metal finds were recovered from the site, as well as evidence for metal working and possible workshops producing bone objects. Two metallised flint road surfaces were also uncovered, one of which may be the Roman road itself. An extensive geophysical survey of the entire site in 2017/2018 identified a dense band of potentially archaeologically-significant responses adjacent to the road that are likely to represent remains associated with the Roman settlement. These include several probable enclosure ditches and a range of other associated linear and discrete anomalies. Although the majority of these features are presumed to be of Roman date there is one enclosure and an associated cluster of discrete anomalies that appears to abut a former lane marked on 19th-century maps. These may therefore represent an area of post-Roman settlement. Additional trial trenching in 2020 confirmed the presence of Roman remains at the far southern end of the site. Several Roman pits were identified, which were overlain by a deposit regarded as similar to the 'dark earth' recorded during the earlier work. This material contained a range of Roman finds, along with sherds of Late Saxon and medieval pottery. Medieval	TM 19607 90782		Roman to Post-Medieval

		pottery was also recovered from two of the pits exposed in the slots excavated through this deposit. Trenches excavated at the northern end of the field, adjacent to Parkers Lane, revealed only a single post-medieval ditch.			
MNF53745	Fox and Hounds Public House	This single-storey timber-framed building was originally thought to date to the 17th century but a subsequent survey identified evidence that it may have been a late medieval structure substantially rebuilt in the late 16th/17th century. It was reroofed in the 18th century and faced in brick in the 20 th century.	TM 16887 90250	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF54696	Roman, medieval and post medieval finds	Fieldwalking and metal detecting in 2006 revealed Roman pottery, coins and tesserae, medieval and post medieval pottery and coins, a medieval ampulla and seal matrix, and a 17th century spur.	TM 18 87		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF54998	Medieval and post medieval coins	Metal detecting in 2006 recovered a medieval and a post medieval coin.	TM 19 89		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF54997	Roman coin	Metal detecting in 2006 recovered a Roman coin.	TM 19 89		Roman
MNF58190	Neolithic, Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2009 recovered a Late Neolithic stone axehead, two Roman finger rings and a medieval swivel.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF61243	Medieval buckle frame	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a medieval buckle frame with traces of black-lacquer coating.	TM 16 89		Medieval
MNF62009	Moulton St Michael School	The school was built in 1874 as a National School for 70 children. The building is now partially obscured by large modern extensions. The school was scheduled to close in 1952/3.	TM 1686 9031		Modern
MNF63264	Medieval and post-medieval metal objects	Metal-detecting in 2012 recovered a medieval and post-medieval buckle and a post-medieval crotal bell.	TM 18 90		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF64763	Post-medieval token	A post-medieval token was recovered during gardening.	TM 17 89		Post-Medieval
MNF66390	Post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a post-medieval silver bodkin and a gold finger ring.	TM 17 86		Post-Medieval
MNF69191	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds recovered from redeposited spoil at Wild Rose Farm, Long Stratton	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a large number of Roman coins and pottery sherds; a medieval pottery sherd; a Roman flue tile fragment and tegula fragment and Roman and medieval to postmedieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman brooch and miniature axe; a medieval/postmedieval buckle and a post-medieval button and clapper bell. The finds were recovered from spoil redeposited during the construction of a Biomass Conversion Plant and scattered to the south and east of the construction site.	TM 19 90		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF70813	Post-medieval weight	Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered a post-medieval weight.	TM 18 90		Post-Medieval

MNF70297	Roman and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered a post-medieval token, a Roman brooch and a post-medieval crota bell.	TM 16 89		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF70668	Prehistoric, Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2018 and 2019 recovered an Early Bronze Age flat axehead fragment; an Early/Middle Bronze Age flanged axehead; a Middle Bronze Age palstave; a Roman cosmetic pestle and mortar set; a medieval harness pendant and a medieval/post-medieval knife handle.	TM 18 89		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF70673	Middle Bronze and Late Bronze Age finds	Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered a Middle Bronze Age spearhead and a Late Bronze Age Ewart Park sword.	TM 16 90		Prehistoric
MNF70958	Post-medieval coin	Metal-detecting between 2018 and 2019 recovered a post-medieval coin.	TM 16 90		Post-Medieval
MNF74610	Medieval coin	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 17 87		Medieval
MNF74611	Post-medieval pendant	Metal-detecting at some time between 2020 and 2022 recovered a post-medieval pendant.	TM 18 87		Post-Medieval
MNF10057	Roman cup found near Limetree Farm	Part of a Roman pottery cup found in the 1960s.	TM 1927 9023		Roman
MNF10067	Site of possible medieval building	Foundations of a possible medieval building were ploughed up in 1962. A concentration of 12th to 14th century pottery has also been found on the site.	TM 1959 9003		Medieval
MNF10947	Roman coin	In 1954 a Roman dupondius of Trajan was found at this location.	TM 1924 8999		Roman
MNF10955	Neolithic polished flint axehead	In 1973 the cutting edge of a largely polished Neolithic flint axe was recovered from the surface of a field in this area.	TM 1755 8670		Prehistoric
MNF12510	Roman pottery	Fragments of Roman pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 1931 9024		Roman
MNF12511	Multi-period pottery finds	Fragments of Roman and medieval to post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 1933 9050		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF15337	Wild Rose Farmhouse, Ipswich Road	A 17th century timber framed farmhouse with a central brick chimney stack.	TM 1935 9054	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF15357	Site of post medieval postmill	According to the village sign a postmill stood here from 1675-1902. It was last used in 1900 and was sold and removed in August 1902.	TM 1851 9023		Post-Medieval
MNF32716	Site of demolished World War Two pillbox	A World War Two pillbox, probably of type 22, stood on this site, although it is now certainly demolished.	TM 1889 8757		Modern

MNF39224	Large early post medieval circular harness boss	Metal detecting in 1997 recovered a large early post medieval convex circular harness boss. Made of heavy cast copper alloy and gilded, it is decorated with a border of two concentric ridges with dots between. Inside the border is a broad band of relief plant ornament with leaves and occasional roselike flowers. In the centre is a six-petalled rose surrounded by a cabled border. On the reverse is a very sturdy circular-sectioned shank, now bent over.	TM 18 86		Post-Medieval
MNF41386	Julian House	Julian House is a timber framed, late 16th century house of two cells with an end stack and cross passage. The upper floor was once open to the roof, and the attic was inserted in the 17th century. The house was coated and extended in the 19th century.	TM 1865 8691	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43173	Medieval coin and buckle	Metal detecting here in 2003 recovered a medieval coin and buckle plate.	TM 17 90		Medieval
MNF44122	Roman coin	Metal detecting recovered a 3rd century AD Roman coin.	TM 17 90		Roman
MNF44907	Walk Farm or Aylmer's Hall, Carpenter's Walk	Walk Farm is a 16th to 17th century timber frame house with a gabled pantile roof. This two storey long range building has a chimneystack central to the southern section, which is of three bays. The north end was extended, probably in the late 17th century.	TM 18481 88439	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF45173	Roman coins	Metal detecting recovered two Roman coins; a gold aureus which was issued in the 1st century AD and a copper alloy coin issued in the 4th century AD.	Not displayed		Roman
MNF49361	Crowgreen Farmhouse	This 17th century farmhouse has a plastered and painted brick exterior and a steeply pitched tiled and pantiled roof. The building has two storeys and attic and is four bays wide. The chimneystacks are of brick.	TM 19689 90016	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49362	Limetree Farmhouse, Ipswich Road	An early 18th century plastered clay lump house with an 18th or 19th century wing in painted brick. The house has brick chimney stacks and a 19th century pilastered doorcase.	TM 19331 90172	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50608	Cochange and Primrose Cottage, Hallowing Lane	A late 17th century pair of timber framed rendered one storey cottages.	TM 16693 89983	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50642	Laurels Farmhouse, New Road	An early 17th century timber frame plastered two storey house. There is a 16th century cross plastered timber framed two storey wing on the west end.	TM 16922 89912	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50666	Cottage immediately east of Limetree Farmhouse	The cottage is a roughcast timber-frame house dating to the 17th century. The building is L-shaped in plan, has one storey and an attic with gable ends, and a thatched roof with gable ends. There is a central door and a thatched roof wing at rear as well as a central brick chimney stack.	TM 19254 88299	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50682	Barn east of Sneath Farmhouse, High Green	This timber framed plastered barn probably dates to the late 17th century. It has a thatched roof.	TM 16696 89837	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50685	Mill Lane Farmhouse	Mill Lane Farmhouse is a 17th century plastered house with a steeply pitched pantile roof with gabled ends. The building has a gabled cross wing on west end and two storeys	TM 19222 87222	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		with an attic. All the windows are modern, and there is a lean-to porch in the angle. The brick chimneys have diagonally set stacks. It has recently been modernised.			
MNF50606	Tally Ho and adjoining cottage to west	Tally Ho and its adjoining cottage are of 18th to 19th century date, constructed from plastered clay lump. The building has two storeys and a low pitched pantile roof with gabled ends. Tally Ho has a modern gabled porch, and both buildings have chimney stacks.	TM 19478 87880	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50867	Barn west of Kett's Farmhouse, Frosts Lane	A plastered and weatherboarded timber framed barn that probably dates to the 17th century.	TM 16712 90141	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50868	South Cottage, High Green	This plastered timber frame cottage probably dates to the late 17th century.	TM 16845 89906	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50752	Pigeons Farmhouse, Sallow Lane	This 17th/18th century timber-framed house has a plastered exterior and pantile roof with gabled ends. It has two storeys and an attic and the façade has four widely spaced windows. The door in front of the chimneystack is a modern glazed one.	TM 18105 90424	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50778	Laburnum House, New Road	A pair of flint and buff brick two storey cottages dated to 1830. A date stone in the gable reads 'J.S. 1830'.	TM 16848 89884		Modern
MNF50781	Fortunes Well	Fortunes Well is an 18th century stuccoed house with a steeply pitched pantile roof with gable ends. The building has two storeys and three windows, of which the left hand end two casements retain late 19th century sashes with glazing bars. There is a gabled wood lattice porch and two brick chimney stacks, as well as later additions at each end with lower pitched pantile roofs.	TM 19474 87900	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53431	Barn northeast of Julian House	The barn northeast of Julian House is a 17th century timber-frame barn, plastered and weatherboarded, and the steeply pitched gable-ended roof is clad in corrugated asbestos. The north side has a gabled wind at centre with a cart entrance and loft door.	TM 18668 86931	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53435	Walnut Farmhouse	Walnut Farmhouse probably dates to the early 17th or 18th century and is stuccoed with a steeply pitched hipped tiled roof. The building has two storeys and an attic and two modern flat roofed dormers. There is a large central brick chimney stack, and an 18th to 19th century wing on the north end, with a lower gable-ended pantile roof in painted brick.	TM 19875 88928	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53438	Rookery Farmhouse	Rookery Farmhouse probably dates to the 17th century and is constructed from plastered timberframe with a thatched roof with gabled ends. The building has a long range and two storeys and an attic. There is a 19th century gabled porch and brick chimney stacks.	TM 18920 87198	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53441	Sunnyside	Sunnyside probably dates to the 17th or 18th century, and is encased in 19th or 20th century brick with a steeply pitched pantile roof with gable ends. The building has two storeys, and a porch with a gabled hood. There is a central brick chimney stack and a 19th or 20th century two-storey addition to the west end, with a lower pitched pantile roof.	TM 19433 87942	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF53449	French's Farmhouse	French's Farmhouse is an 18th century roughcast house with a low-pitched pantile roof with gabled ends. The building has three storeys and a central pilastered doorcase, with a modern simple wooden porch and glazed door. The wing to the north is probably of an earlier date, and is also roughcast with steeply pitched gable-ended roof of pantiles, one first floor casement, and a garage entrance on the ground floor.	TM 19574 89503	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53452	Kett's Close, Frost's Lane	A 17th century timber framed roughcast two storey house.	TM 16707 90155	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53453	Barn east of Laurel's Farmhouse	A long 17th century timber frame plastered barn.	TM 16936 89917	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53857	Cottage to south of South Cottage, High Green	A pair of flint and buff brick two storey cottages dated to 1830. A date stone in the end gable reads 'J.S. 1830'.	TM 16845 89914	II	Modern
MNF53879	Ashleigh Farmhouse	Ashleigh Farmhouse is an early 19th century red brick cottage with a new tile roof with gabled ends. The building has two storeys, a central simple boarded door with small a window, and the ground floor openings have lintels.	TM 19690 89620	II	Modern
MNF53880	Wood Farmhouse	Wood Farmhouse is an early 19th century stuccoed house with a pantile roof with gable ends. The building has two storeys and a central pilastered doorcase with a rectangular fanlight and a panelled door, as well as brick chimney stacks. Wood Farmhouse is much restored.	TM 19949 89380	II	Modern
MNF53881	Lodge Farm (formerly The Lodge)	Lodge Farm, formerly The Lodge, is a 17th to 18th century brick and rendered house with a steeply pitched black glazed pantile roof with gable ends. The building has two storeys and early 19th century gothic windows with four-centred heads and intersecting glazing bars, some with leaded panes. Right of centre there is a two storeyed porch with splayed corners and a glazed door with a gothic window above. There are brick chimney stacks and a central moulded doorcase with a pediment, and this site includes a wing on the south end at right angles with a pantile gable-ended steep roof, which is contemporary.	TM 19365 87897	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53882	The Swallows	The Swallows is a 17th century timber-framed and stuccoed house with a steeply pitched black glazed pantile roof with gabled ends. The building has two storeys and a central modern glazed door and porch, and there is a modern flat roofed addition at each end.	TM 19604 87851	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF52878	The stables immediately in front of Rookery Farmhouse	The stables immediately in front of Rookery Farmhouse date to the 18th century and are constructed from red brick with a pantile roof and brick coping on the gable ends. The building has two storeys, and the ground floor has two stable doors with segmental brick heads.	TM 18938 87190	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF52881	House north-west of The Lodge	The house north-west of The Lodge probably dates to the 17th century, and is rendered on the outside with a steeply pitched black glazed pantile roof with gabled ends. The building has two storeys and an attic, as well as a large 19th century stuccoed porch with pilasters and entablature. There are also brick chimney stacks and a later addition at the rear with cat slide roof.	TM 19355 87965	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF53575	Sneath Farmhouse, High Green	This rendered timber frame one storey cottage probably dates to the late 17th century. It has a thatched roof.	TM 16693 89840	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF54819	Roman harness fitting	Metal detecting in 2006 recovered a Roman terret.	TM 18 87		Roman
MNF58298	Site of Colegate End Primitive Methodist Chapel	This is the site of the Primitive Methodist Chapel at Colegate End. Built in 1839, it was sold and demolished in the 1960s.	TM 19577 87882		Modern
MNF60088	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2010 and 2014 recovered a Roman silver denarius, a medieval Boy Bishop token and a medieval brooch.	TM 20 88		Roman to Medieval
MNF60089	Late Saxon to medieval mount	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a Late Saxon/medieval openwork mount.	TM 20 89		Saxon to Medieval
MNF61851	Post-medieval unidentified object	Metal-detecting in 2009 recovered a post-medieval openwork unidentified object in a reverse S-shape.	TM 19 87		Post-Medieval
MNF61897	Post-medieval jetton	Metal-detecting in 2011 recovered a post-medieval jetton.	TM 16 90		Post-Medieval
MNF62684	Mesolithic to Early Bronze Age hammer/macehead	A pebble hammer/macehead was found here in 2010. These objects are not closely datable, having been found in both Mesolithic and later prehistoric context. This example is made from either a glacial erratic or a stone imported into the region.	TM 1801 9027		Prehistoric
MNF62959	18th century milestone marking Norwich 13 miles and Ipswich 30 miles	One of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874.	TM 1893 8858		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF62960	18th century milestone marking Norwich 14 miles and Ipswich 29 miles	One of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874.	TM 1836 8705		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF67791	Stanton air raid shelter	A Stanton shelter within one of the accommodation areas belonging to Tibenham Airfield (NHER 23222).	TM 1589 8959		Modern
MNF67793	Stanton air raid shelter	A Stanton shelter within one of the accommodation areas belonging to Tibenham Airfield (NHER 23222).	TM 1587 8963		Modern
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF138130	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by Norfolk Archaeological Unit on proposed route of A140 Long Stratton Bypass, Long Stratton, 2003-2004		TM 1983 9221		

ENF142535	Geophysical Survey (magnetometry) by Archaeological Solutions at Long Stratton, August 2017-March 2018		TM 1986 9221		
ENF148195	[PARENT] Field Survey by NPS Archaeology of land east of A140, Long Stratton, March-April 2020		TM 1991 9206		
ENF148196	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by NPS Archaeology at land east of A140, Long Stratton, August-November 2020		TM 1993 9202		
ENF154727	Building Survey by Border Archaeology at Sneath Cottage, Black Mill Lane, Great Moulton, 2023		TM 1617 8889		
ENF154920	Geophysical Survey by SUMO Survey at land east and north Of Fernleigh Farm, Station Road, Tivetshall St Margaret, December 2023		TM 1643 8840		
ENF135960	Building Survey by the Eighth in the East Project at Site No. 4, Tibenham Airfield, Aslacton, 2015		TM 1585 8908		
ENF135961	Building recording by the Eighth in the East Project at Site No. 1, Tibenham Airfield, Aslacton, 2015.		TM 1562 8945		
ENF135962	Building recording by the Eighth in the East Project at Site No. 2, Tibenham Airfield, Aslacton, 2015.		TM 1588 8958		
ENF14124	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Hall Farm, The Common, Wacton, September 1996		TM 1804 9025		

ENF99641	Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey and Trial Trenching by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Wild Rose Farm, Long Stratton, October 1996		TM 19095 90514		
ENF121563	Building Survey by Oxford Archaeology East at Mill Hall, Dunnings Lane, Pulham Market, July 2008		TM 19225 87222		
ENF131777	Trial Trenching by Heather Wallis at Capital Farm, Great Moulton, June 2013		TM 1678 9049		
ENF142958	Building Survey by A. Carter (UEA) at Fox and Hounds Public House, Great Moulton, July 1987		TM 1688 9025		
ENF156794	Aerial Investigation and Mapping by Headland Archaeology for proposed East Pye Solar Farm, South Norfolk, September 2024		TM 2388 9295		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF36788 – HNF36789	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss with relict element.			
HNF36190, HNF36194, HNF36771 - HNF36774, HNF36900, HNF36902, HNF36898	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			
HNF36191, HNF36192	18 th -19 th century enclosure	Piecemeal enclosure by agreement.			

SITE 3					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF24356	Prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 noted a concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation. Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and a post-medieval jetton; as well as Roman, medieval and post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman key handle; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval thimble; and post-medieval harness mounts and a spur.	TM 2415 9163		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF68782	Neolithic and Bronze Age polished flint handaxes	In November 2015 a Neolithic and Neolithic/Early Bronze Age polished flint handaxes were recovered by chance.	TM 24 92		Prehistoric
MNF21992	Hardwick World War Two USAAF airfield and possible medieval deer park	This area was part of a World War Two airfield for the USAAF. It is also suggested that this area may have been a deer park during the medieval period, possibly dating to before the 14th century, although only there is only circumstantial evidence to support this.	TM 247 909		Modern
MNF13180	Undated boundary marker stone	On Bryant's map of Norfolk made in 1826 this spot is marked as Baron's Duel Stone. This is a stone that marks the boundary of three parishes and three hundreds. The name of the stone may be derived from the Early English 'doelan' which means boundary. This might indicate a pre Saxon date for the marker stone. This site has been confused with NHER 16115.	TM 2550 9021		Unknown
MNF20933	Medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking in 1984 recovered a number of 14th to 15th century pottery sherds, including a number of late medieval wares.	TM 2569 9205		Medieval
MNF21859	Roman copper alloy key and terret fragments	Metal detecting in 1985 recovered half of a Roman copper alloy key handle of trilobate type, and the lower part of a Roman copper alloy terret of protected loop type.	TM 25 92		Roman
MNF21860	13th century medieval lead seal matrix	Metal detecting in 1985 recovered a medieval circular lead seal matrix, with a rear suspension loop, dating to the 13th century.	TM 25 92		Medieval
MNF22240	Roman pottery find	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Roman pottery	TM 2424 9323		Roman
MNF21999	Site of Hempnall Green Smock Mill	The site of an early 19th century eight-sided smock mill. The mill stopped working in 1904, and it is thought nothing remains today.	TM 2494 9296		Modern
MNF25677	Multi-period findspot	Metal-detecting in 1989 recovered an extremely rare medieval coin, a halfpenny of Henry I (1100 to 1135). Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints. Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered post-medieval jettons, a prehistoric flint flake, Romano-British, medieval and post-medieval pot sherds, Early Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-	TM 23 92		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

		medieval and post-med metal objects including a fragment of Early Saxon long-brooch, medieval writing leads and a post-medieval pipe tamper.			
MNF28206	Prehistoric flint implements	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered one flint flake showing signs of retouch, and one possible worked flint.	TM 2480 8988		Prehistoric
MNF29172	Bronze Age flint find	An Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged flint arrowhead was found in 1992.	TM 2483 9274		Prehistoric
MNF32882	Post medieval crucifix pendant	Before 1997 a post medieval crucifix pendant was recovered from this site, and is thought to be identical to the two found on site NHER 10197 and those from three other sites in the parish (NHER 32883, NHER 32884, NHER 32885).	TM 25 92		Post-Medieval
MNF32724	World War Two pill box	In 1996 a common World War Two type 22 pillbox was noted under some trees in the south side of this field.	TM 2590 9258		Modern
MNF40136	The Lodge, Shelton Common	The Lodge was a two storey timber framed building dating to the early 17th century. Unfortunately the building was almost completely destroyed by fire in 2001.	TM 2398 9021	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF42340	Grove Farm, Lundy Green	A 19th century house and barn. The house has a pyramid-shaped roof and two chimney stacks, one of which has an inglenook fireplace. The timber framed barn has a tiled roof and an attached cart shed and clay lump extension. The barn contains some reused older timbers, including two with unusual inscriptions in what may be runic letters.	TM 24547 92416		Modern
MNF48366	Grange Farmhouse, Lundy Green	An early 18th century stuccoed timber framed house with a steep slate roof.	TM 23777 92192	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48374	Meadow Farm, Silver Green	A 17th century timber framed plastered house, the end walls faced in brick.	TM 25238 92804	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48376	Park Farm	A late 16th century two storey timber framed house, fronted in late 19th century brick, with windows and a central porch of the same date. It has a 17th century rear wing and a late 19th century east wing. A possible moated site is shown on a map of 1883.	TM 25464 91296	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48381	Rose Cottage, Lundy Green	A 17th century rendered timber framed house with a thatched roof and later alterations.	TM 24511 92460	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48385	Sycamore Farmhouse, Hempnall Green	A two storey 17th century plastered timber framed house, with a painted brick faced front and a pantiled roof with gabled ends.	TM 24900 93126	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48388	The Grange, Hempnall Green	An early 18th century two storey brick house with a painted front and a pantiled roof with gabled ends. It has a central doorway with columns and a frieze.	TM 24723 93085	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48391	Three Feathers, Lundy Green	A 17th or 18th century timber framed and plastered house with a black glazed pantile roof. Adjoining the house is a long range of small 19th century stables, built of clay lump with pantiled roofs. Also adjoining is a small barn of painted flint with brick dressings and a pantiled roof.	TM 24532 92471	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF48392	Townhouse Farm, Lundy Green	A two storey 17th century timber framed house, encased in brick in the 20th century. The steeply pitched roof now has modern tiles.	TM 24480 92429	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48396	Yew Tree Farm, Silver Green	A two storey 17th century timber framed and rendered house with a steep pantiled roof and gable ends. There is a later weatherboarded wing to the rear.	TM 25513 93113	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50721	Prospect Farmhouse, Shelton Common	Prospect Farmhouse is a rendered 16th century timber framed house, with a steeply pitched roof, gabled at the southwest end and half hipped on the northeast end. This two storey building has an off centre brick chimney stack.	TM 23795 90047	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50823	Manor Farmhouse, Shelton Green	Manor Farmhouse is a plastered 17th century timber framed house, the south end of which was faced in brick in the 19 th century. This two storey building has a steeply pitched black glazed pantile roof with gabled ends, and an off centre brick chimney stack.	TM 2352 9083	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF57054	Bronze Age palstave mould	Metal detecting in 2007 recovered an incomplete bronze valve from a two-piece looped palstave mould of Middle Bronze Age date. The other half of this mould was subsequently found in the adjacent field, along with the two halves of a second mould (NHER 58729). The recovery of two complete moulds at this location suggests that palstaves were potentially being produced here.	Not displayed		Prehistoric
MNF60840	Multi-period finds scatter	Metal-detecting in 2006 recovered Roman and medieval coins and a number of other metal objects including Roman brooches and silver finger ring; a possible Viking ingot and a medieval seal matrix, strap end and key.	Not displayed		Roman to Medieval
MNF14131	Sundial Farmhouse, Shelton Green	Sundial Farmhouse is a timber-framed house, the majority of which dates to around 1605, although it contains an earlier wing which may have been a medieval hall house before it was adapted into a kitchen wing. Further alterations occurred in the 18th century, when the east end was faced in brick. Interestingly, the staircase and wooden panelling is said to come from Shelton Hall (NHER 10175).	TM 2367 9055	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14700	The Chestnuts, Lundy Green	A 16th or 17th century thatched timber framed house, one storey high with dormer attics. The building has been subject to many later alterations, but probably started as a hall house, the upper floors and chimney stack being added in the 17 th century. To the north of the house is a fine 16th century timber framed wattle and daub barn.	TM 2444 9246	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16115	Possible boundary marker site	A tithe map dated to around 1840 notes that this field is called 'Barrow Duel'. No barrow has been noted on this site, and it is thought that the name may refer to a boundary marker on this site during the Late Saxon or early medieval periods.	TM 256 913		Unknown
MNF17803	Chestnut Tree Farm, Silver Green.	A well-preserved late medieval hall house with an added chimney stack and a three storey brick western extension dating to about 1700. Nearby are the faint remains of a probable medieval moat.	TM 2554 9322	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF21028	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1984 and 1992 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments. The area has also been suggested as the site of an early post medieval windmill, and a millstone was discovered here in the 1980s.	TM 2385 9248		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22238	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2436 9305		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF21990	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1983, 1984 and 1992 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2394 9251		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF21991	Prehistoric burnt flints	Fieldwalking from 1983-4 noted a concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 2431 9275		Prehistoric
MNF24357	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 noted a concentration of prehistoric burnt flints and pot boilers, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation. This cluster may represent the site of a burnt mound. Subsequent metal-detecting between 2017 and 2020 recovered a Roman coin; a post-medieval jetton and several other metal objects, including a Late Saxon/medieval lead spindle whorl, a medieval/post-medieval buckle and a post-medieval tankard lid thumb grip.	TM 23 92		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF25183	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered medieval pottery fragments. Metal-detecting between 1989 and 2017 recovered Roman and post-medieval coins, and Roman, medieval and medieval/post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman brooch and prick spur, medieval buckle and seal matrix with heraldic decoration, and a medieval/post-medieval spur rowel.	TM 23 92		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF25260	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2474 9342		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF29400	Hempnall House, Lundy Green	A late 16th century timber framed house, later clad in brick, with a 17th century extension and an added front pile of gault brick dating to 1871. Later extensions were added to the west.	TM 2426 9252	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF29407	Prehistoric flint finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked and burnt flints. The burnt flints are thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 242 922		Prehistoric
MNF29408	Possible site of Roman building	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered fragments of Roman pottery, glass, querns and tiles from the area of a rectangular enclosure visible on earlier aerial photographs. This may indicate the former presence of a Roman building. Prehistoric burnt flints and medieval pottery fragments were also found.	TM 240 922		Roman
MNF29409	Prehistoric, Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1988 and 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints (including a Mesolithic tranchet axehead); Roman medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds and post-medieval tile fragments.	TM 2402 9199		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF29410	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints. Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2020 recovered Late Iron Age/Roman (Roman issue), Roman and medieval coins and medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval buckles.	TM 237 928		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF29411	Prehistoric flint finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints.	TM 2379 9313		Prehistoric
MNF33892	Neolithic axehead and medieval and post medieval objects	Metal detecting in 1998 recovered a flaked axehead and a number of metal objects. These date from the Roman to post medieval period, including a medieval ring and strap fittings.	TM 23 90		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF44549	Home Farm, Hempnall Green	An early 17th century thatched timber framed house, two storeys high, with a modern porch and windows.	TM 24789 93160	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF47367	Early/Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Sporadic metal-detecting between 1998 and 2014 recovered medieval coins as well as undated, Early/Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undated casting waste; an Early/Middle Saxon pendant; a medieval pot mend, strap-ends and part of a seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval book clasp and a post-medieval key and two mould-identical crucifix pendants.	TM 25 92		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF47732	Late Saxon stirrup fragment, medieval and post medieval objects	Metal detecting in 2005 recovered three medieval and two post medieval coins, two post medieval jettons, and a number of Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval metal objects.	TM 25 91		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF54928	Roman, medieval and post medieval objects	Roman, medieval and post medieval coins and other medieval objects were found during metal detecting in late 2006/early 2007, including a Roman cosmetic mortar and pestle found close together.	TM 25 91		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF54980	Late Saxon and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2006 and 2013 recovered a medieval coin and a fragment of a possible Late Saxon strap end.	TM 25 93		Saxon to Medieval
MNF62249	Late 17th century barn, The Chestnuts	In February 2011 a programme of building recording was undertaken ahead of proposals to convert the barn into a domestic dwelling. The barn probably dates from the late 17th to early 18th century and with refurbishment in the 19th century when the west wall was replaced below tie-beam level with clay lump blocks.	TM 2445 9248		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF64592	Middle Bronze Age pair of two-piece looped palstave moulds	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a copper alloy valve from a Middle Bronze Age palstave mould, similar to one found nearby in 2007 (NHER 51636). The other halves of these two moulds were found during subsequent metal-detecting in 2012. The recovery of two complete moulds at this location suggests that palstaves were potentially being produced here.	Not displayed		Prehistoric
MNF69517	Roman and medieval coins	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered Roman and medieval coins and a medieval gilded silver bar mount.	Not displayed		Roman to Medieval
MNF77480	Iron Age pit and other, undated and post-medieval to modern remains	Trial trenching at this location in 2022 revealed a number of scattered pits with notably charcoal-rich fills. Although these features contained no datable finds, one with a particularly dense layer of charcoal at its base produced a later Iron Age radiocarbon date. Various ditches were also recorded, several of which are likely to have been associated with former postmedieval field boundaries. The other ditches were all undated, although their alignments suggest they related to at least one earlier field system. Two large features containing post-medieval to modern finds were also recorded, one of which corresponds with a pond or water-filled pit shown on late 19th-century maps.	TM 2560 9267		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					

ENF152457	Trial Trenching by Pre-Construct Archaeology at Spring Farm, Spring Lane, Hempnall, August 2022		TM 2560 9267		
ENF127025	Building Survey by Archaeological Solutions at The Chestnuts, Hempnall, February 2011		TM 2445 9248		
ENF136766	Field Survey by Norfolk Archaeological Unit of route of proposed Hardwick Landfill site access road, Hempnall/Morningthorpe, 1992-1993		TM 2382 9310		
ENF156794	Aerial Investigation and Mapping by Headland Archaeology for proposed East Pye Solar Farm, South Norfolk, September 2024		TM 2388 9295		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF33821, HNF33816, HNF33815	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			
HNF33860	Disused post-medieval military	Hardwick airfield operational until 1962.			
SITE 4					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF25691	Late Saxon and medieval finds	A Late Saxon openwork mount and a medieval eagle head, possibly from a handle, found during metal detecting.	TM 20 94		Saxon to Medieval
MNF77481	Undated pits and ditches	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 exposed a small number of poorly-dated pits and ditches. Finds were limited to prehistoric worked flints and post-medieval/modern brick or tile fragments, the majority of which were recovered from unstratified contexts.	TM 2035 9480		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16110	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flint flakes and fragments of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2036 9474		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF16112	Prehistoric flint flakes	Prehistoric flint flakes found during fieldwalking.	TM 20317 94608		Prehistoric
MNF10163	Roman pottery	A fragment of Roman pottery found in a gravel pit in 1948.	TM 2058 9471		Roman
MNF77485	Site with no evidence for archaeologically significant remains	Trial trenches excavated at this site in 2019 revealed no archaeologically significant features or deposits.	TM 2058 9478		Unknown
MNF40593	Cropmarks of ring ditch and possible Roman field system	A ring ditch, probably dating to the Bronze Age, is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. Several linear features are also visible as cropmarks and they may be related to a nearby Roman settlement, NHER 10178, and possible field system, NHER 36354.	TM 2078 9452		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF15042	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2038 9435		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF7947	The Pye Roman Road	In Norfolk this Roman road runs between Scole and the Roman town of Venta Icenorum at Caistor St Edmund. It can be seen on aerial photographs and is marked on old maps. Excavation of part of the road revealed two parallel roads - one Roman with two ditches on either side of a hard surface and the other a post medieval diversion surviving as wheel ruts. It has been suggested that the Roman road cuts across a prehistoric field system that extends between Scole and Dickleburgh, but the date of that field system is a matter of great debate. The cropmarks of the section of this road running through Dunston Park are recorded under NHER 52170 and the section to the west of Caistor Roman town is under NHER 52197.	TM 1873 9104		Roman
MNF14860	Prehistoric flint and medieval and post medieval pottery	A prehistoric flint flake and fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2081 9405		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16109	Medieval and post medieval finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery and post medieval clay pipes found during fieldwalking.	TM 2076 9387		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14110	Multi-period finds	Fragments of pottery dating from the Roman to the post medieval periods and post medieval nails and tiles found during fieldwalking.	TM 2054 9371		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF14861	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2063 9370		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17182	Multi-period finds from southwest corner of field east-northeast of church	Prehistoric flint flakes and fragments of pottery dating from the Roman, medieval and post medieval periods found during fieldwalking.	TM 2068 9366		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14107	Medieval earthworks	The earthworks of four medieval tofts have been recorded at this site, and are probably associated with other medieval earthworks around the church, see NHER 14583 and	TM 20 94		Medieval

		NHER 14118. Medieval and post medieval pottery has been found on the site, and metal detecting has recovered Roman coins and metal finds and a medieval coin.			
MNF10074	St Mary's Church, Tharston	This church is the Perpendicular style and dates to the 13th to 15th century. The tower, east and west sides feature flint flushwork. The church was restored in 1864. Inside, are a number of fine 17th century monuments, a 15th century font carved with lions and flowers. In the churchyard is a mausoleum erected for General Sir Robert Harvey and his family in 1855.	TM 1903 9427	I	Medieval to Modern
MNF10104	St Mary's Church, Tasburgh	This church has a Late Saxon round tower with traces of blind arcading. Otherwise it is mostly of 15th century date, with Perpendicular windows. However, some of the modern exterior owes its appearance to Victorian restorations. Inside, there is a 15th century font with a Jacobean cover, poppy-headed benches and 17th century stained glass and memorials. Various prehistoric flints and sherds of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery have been found in the churchyard.	TM 2011 9588	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10105	Roman pottery sherd, River Tas	In 1948 the base of a Roman pottery jar was dredged from the River Tas.	TM 2049 9520		Roman
MNF10109	Prehistoric pot boilers, River Tas	A number of prehistoric pot boilers were dredged from the River Tas in 1947.	TM 2050 9530		Prehistoric
MNF10180	Site of St Peter's Church, Long Stratton	This is the site of the medieval parish church of St Peter's which was united with St Michael's during the reign of Henry VII. The church was demolished in 1520 and slight earthworks are now visible on the site.	TM 2062 9356		Medieval
MNF10187	St Michael's Church, Long Stratton	A medieval parish church dating mainly to the 14th century with a low west tower which has a wooden bellcote. The church contains a 15th century font, 15th century poppy-head bench ends and 17th century communion rails.	TM 2047 9361	I	Medieval to Modern
MNF12133	Mistletoe Cottage (Town House)	This property was built in about 1750 for the poor of parish and was converted to two cottages for road menders when Pulham Workhouse was erected. It became a private residence in 1929 when it was converted into a single house. It has a thatched roof and timber frame with brick repairs. The property has been subject to recent alterations including the removal of the ovens and stairs.	TM 2050 9534	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF12555	Post medieval lime kiln	A post medieval lime kiln of fine workmanship stands here. It has a large tunnel, a brick barrel vault and arched lime chutes. It is now in use as a bat roost after an abortive attempt to restore it.	TM 1940 9570	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14138	Medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2071 9291		Medieval
MNF14699	The Old Rectory or the Old Vicarage, Church Lane, Stratton St Michael	A 16th century timber-framed former rectory, with a jettied first floor, a large central chimney and a wooden mullioned window. The interior of the house has heavily beamed ceilings and a staircase with 16th century shaped balusters, a newel post and a moulded hand rail.	TM 2051 9358	II*	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF14867	Multi-period pottery sherds, rear of Old Hall Farm	In 1979 and 1984 a collection of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from this location. Types identified included Late Saxon Thetford Ware and post medieval Staffordshire combware.	TM 2030 9607		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF15334	Thatched Cottage, Norwich Road	A 16th or 17th century of timber framed cottage now divided into two. The house has a thatched roof and a central group of four octagonal chimneys.	TM 1979 9305	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF15978	Site of post medieval windmill	A windmill is marked at this location on an Ordnance Survey map of 1836.	TM 2020 9411		Post-Medieval
MNF16011	Site of post medieval smock mill, Mill Yard	This is the site of a post medieval smock mill marked on Bryant's map of 1826 and last used in about 1900.	TM 1974 9299		Post-Medieval
MNF16606	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds, Tramps Hall	Fieldwalking here in 1980 recovered sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery. The building here is documented as early as 1340, but the present house is said to be 17th century in date.	TM 2072 9547		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19252	Countryman Public House (former Bird in Hand)	This tall narrow building has three storeys and Dutch gables to the east and west. Two side windows on the north side are blocked by the roof of a lean-to extension. The exterior is of brick and has been rendered over in recent times. This form of this public house is very similar to others in the area, like the Anchor in Coltishall, and it is probably of 18th century date.	TM 2080 9576	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19379	Neolithic flint axehead/adze, east of Countryman (Bird in Hand) Public House	In around 1980 a Neolithic chipped flint axehead or adze was recovered from the ploughed field surface here.	TM 2090 9578		Prehistoric
MNF24441	Walnut Tree Cottage and adjacent building, formerly Lower Cottages	An early 16th century timber framed house with 18th century alterations. The house may be the parlour end of a larger hallhouse. Medieval and post medieval pottery have been found underneath the floor of the house, as well as a medieval jetton and a post medieval spur.	TM 1999 9363	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF25467	Early Saxon finds	An Early Saxon wrist clasp and a fragment of an Early Saxon brooch found during metal detecting.	TM 20 94		Saxon
MNF28666	Medieval jetton from garden of 3 Norwich Road	A medieval French jetton found in the garden.	TM 1979 9316		Medieval
MNF32277	Medieval vessel fragment	Metal detecting here in 1996 recovered the rim from a medieval copper alloy vessel.	TM 19 96		Medieval
MNF32279	Roman finger ring	Metal detecting here in 1996 recovered a beautiful Roman finger ring decorated with a border of punched dots and a central motif of an engraved animal or bird.	TM 21 95		Roman
MNF33195	Post medieval religious figurine and multi-period objects and coins	Metal detecting here in 1996 recovered various metal objects and coins. Finds included a medieval bar mount, a post medieval religious figurine made from lead and a single medieval and post medieval coin.	TM 19 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF33205	Roman coin	A Roman coin found during metal detecting.	Not displayed		Roman
MNF38287	Medieval harness pendant	Metal detecting here in 1999 recovered a medieval horse harness pendant with traces of gilding.	TM 19 94		Medieval
MNF38484	Medieval finds	Two copper alloy objects, probably dating to the medieval period, found during metal detecting. The exact function of the objects is unknown.	TM 19 95		Medieval
MNF39027	Post medieval sword belt mount	Metal detecting here in 1998 recovered an early post medieval sword belt mount. This particular example was very worn but two iron rivets survived.	TM 21 95		Post-Medieval
MNF40993	Meadow View, Quaker Lane	This building was originally a timber-framed house, perhaps a hallhouse with service wings, and of 16th century date. In the 17th century a chimneystack was inserted and alterations made to the upper floor. However, most evidence of this history was removed by the rebuilding in brick around 1800 and alterations made in about 1890. A good brick barn and stable dating to around 1800 survive in association with the house.	TM 2100 9518	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF42382	Pepys, Norwich Road	A pair of 17th century cottages of one storey with an attic, gabled dormer windows and a central brick chimney stack. The cottages have now been converted into one house.	TM 19974 93552	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43667	Post medieval coin	Metal detecting here before the summer of 2003 recovered a single post medieval coin.	TM 21 95		Post-Medieval
MNF43746	The Beeches, formerly Grove Cottage, Church Lane	This early 19th century house has a painted brick exterior. The low pitched hipped roof has black glazed pantiles. It has sash windows and a central pilastered doorcase with entablature.	TM 19763 95921	II	Modern
MNF44116	Boadicea's Oak	On north side of Quaker Lane, by the old chapel, there is an ancient hollow oak known locally as 'Boadicea's Oak'.	TM 20976 95242		Unknown
MNF48702	Hill Farmhouse	This 17th century timber-framed house has a plastered and brick faced exterior. The steep slated roof has gabled ends.	TM 20725 95544	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48370	Limetree Farmhouse	A 17th century rendered thatched timber framed house.	TM 21382 95194	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48689	The Rectory	This early 19th century house is built from buff-coloured brick. It has a low pitched hipped roof. The heavy central doorcase has pilasters and entablature with a pediment, inside of which is the panelled door with traceried fanlight.	TM 20034 95886	II	Modern
MNF48690	Bridge End Farmhouse	This 17th century timber-framed house has a plastered exterior and brick faced west end. The brick extension on the east end is probably of 18th century date. The steep black pantiled roof has gabled ends.	TM 19776 95850	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48691	1 Church Road	This early 19th century red brick house has a low pitched hipped pantile roof with wide eaves. The house has two storeys and three window bays. An early 19th century brick garden wall survives to the northeast and northwest.	TM 20666 95560	II	Modern

MNF48695	The Lilacs, Church Road	This 17th century timber-framed house has a plastered exterior. The steep pantiled roof has gabled ends and an off centre brick chimneystack. All the casements are two or three-light and both panelled doors are of 18th/19th century date.	TM 20595 95631	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48696	Tramp's Hall	This unusually named 17th century timber-framed house has a roughcast exterior. It has two storeys and an attic, with an attic window in the gable end. The brick chimneystack is situated off centre and is also roughcast.	TM 20736 95479	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48697	Barn east of Tramp's Hall	This 17th century timber-framed barn has a roughcast exterior. The steep roof is clad in corrugated iron, the north end is gabled and the south end is half-hipped.	TM 20753 95480	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49326	Hillside Cottages	A terrace of three early to mid 19th century brick cottages.	TM 19774 92967	II	Modern
MNF49331	The Rectory	An early 19th century brick rectory with brick pilasters and a later two storey wing.	TM 20047 93337	II	Modern
MNF49332	Well Meadow Cottage, Norwich Road, Stratton St Michael	A 17th century plastered cottage with a central brick chimney stack.	TM 20138 93770	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49335	Orchardleigh, Norwich Road	An early 19th century red brick house with sash windows and a pilastered doorcase.	TM 19981 93456	II	Modern
MNF49564	Tuckaway Cottage and adjoining cottage to north, The Street	A pair of early 18th century red brick cottages with a central brick chimney stack.	TM 19750 92950	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49566	Chestnut View, The Street	An early 18th century brick house with an 18th or early 19th century rear wing that is partially built of clay lump.	TM 19771 92948	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49572	Melrose, The Street	An early 19th century red brick cottage with coped gable ends.	TM 19749 92946	II	Modern
MNF49573	Barn north of Old Rectory, Church Lane, Stratton St Michael	A 17th century timber framed and plastered barn that was partially rebuilt in brick in the mid 19th century.	TM 20510 93639	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49574	Church Farmhouse, Church Lane, Stratton St Michael	A 16th century timber framed house with later alterations. The house has three leaded windows and one wooden mullioned window as well as an early 19th century doorcase.	TM 20577 93609	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF49346	Wesleyan Chapel	An early 19th century red brick chapel with a pedimented brick front and a central round-headed doorway. The chapel has a datestone bearing the date 1830.	TM 19776 92972	II	Modern
MNF49366	The Red House	A 17th century timber framed cottage that was entirely refaced in brick in the 19th century.	TM 20080 93875	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50067	The Hollies, Brick Kiln Lane (formerly of Tasburgh Road), Morningthorpe	An early 19th century two storey red brick house with a central pilastered doorway. A bay window was added to the north end in the late 19th century.	TM 21130 93825	II	Modern

MNF53674	El Boden House, Brand's Lane	This 16th century timber-frame house has a plastered exterior. The later lower pitched pantile roof has gabled ends and a large offcentre brick chimneystack. Most of the windows are modern but the brick porch is of 19th century date. The timberframed northeast wing is of 17th century date and the brick south wing dates to the early/mid 19th century.	TM 19043 93956	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53610	Church Farm Cottage and Church Farmhouse, Church Road or Vicarage Hill	This late 17th century timber-frame building range has been divided into two and rendered. The properties have thatched roofs with gabled ends and modern casements and glazed doors.	TM 18898 94395	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53824	The Old Rectory, Church Road or Vicarage Hill	This house dates to the early/mid 19th century and is built from red brick house. The low-pitched hipped slate roof has overhanging eaves. The central porch has square piers, a segmental arch and cornice, and a fielded panel door.	TM 18954 94187	II	Modern
MNF61518	Church Room, formerly Tharston School	Severely plain single-room school built in 1875 and little altered. Closed July 1951, purchased by Tharston PCC in 1953 and renamed the Church Room.	TM 1901 9431		Modern
MNF61436	The Old School, Church Road	Two-roomed school built in 1844 and 1880. In a simple gothic/tudor style with stone detailing. This school closed in 1980 when Henry Preston First School opened.	TM 1994 9593		Modern
MNF62956	Former site of 18th century milestone marking Norwich 9 miles and Ipswich 34 miles	Former site of one of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874. The stone was recorded as lost around 2006. A test pit excavated at this location in 2019 revealed no evidence of the milestone.	TM 2044 9484		Post-Medieval
MNF62957	Former site of 18th century milestone marking Norwich 10 miles and Ipswich 33 miles	Former site of one of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874. The stone was recorded as lost around 2000.	TM 1988 9328		Post-Medieval
MNF72778	World War One memorial with World War Two addition, Tasburgh	World War One memorial with World War Two addition, constructed from granite in the form of a freestanding, rough-hewn, monolith. This memorial was erected to commemorate twelve members of the local community who died in World War One, and latterly a single serviceman who died in World War Two. The memorial was Listed Grade II in June 2018.	TM 2011 9591	II	Modern
MNF74562	19th-century monument on Chapel Hill	This stone monument was erected in 1897 to commemorate the discovery of approximately 100 human skeletons at this location in the same year. It consists of a square section surmounted by an urn, on a brick plinth. The human remains themselves are recorded under NHER 9976 (along with other archaeological evidence recorded at this site) and may have been associated with a medieval chapel.	TM 1932 9588	II	Modern
MNF9982	Roman coin	In 1958 a Roman coin of Constantius I was found at this location.	TM 1961 9610		Roman
MNF10049	Possible Palaeolithic worked flints, Furze Hill pit	A number of potentially worked flints were recovered from a gravel pit on Furze Hill in the early 20th century. These were claimed as Palaeolithic "sub-crag" implements, although it is likely that most were natural.	TM 193 956		Prehistoric

MNF10068	Tharston Hall	This Hall dates to the 1590s and later. It is in the Jacobean style and built from brick with blue brick diapering. The building's façade has six bays of mullioned and transomed windows. Inside, there is some fine 18th century panelling in one of the ground floor rooms.	TM 1915 9399	II*	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10116	Site of St Andrew's Chapel at Fairstead	The site of the medieval chapel of St Andrew. Nothing remains today, although medieval pottery fragments have been found. A chicken house now stands on the site.	TM 2132 9509		Medieval
MNF10164	Medieval pottery from The Old Rectory	Fragments of medieval pottery found in 1960.	TM 2005 9334		Medieval
MNF10176	Undated enclosure and Roman pottery finds	Aerial photographs show the cropmarks of an undated rectangular enclosure. A possible ditch was noted in 1978 at the west end of this feature, containing fragments of Roman pottery.	TM 2191 9432		Unknown to Roman
MNF10177	Undated cropmark	1973 aerial photographs show the cropmark of an unspecified feature.	TM 218 938		Unknown
MNF10178	Roman occupation site and field systems	Finds of Roman coins, brooches, building material and other objects indicate the former presence of a Roman settlement. Aerial photography in 1996 showed the cropmarks of old field boundaries that probably related to the settlement. Part of the site has now been quarried away.	TM 21 94		Roman
MNF10183	Post medieval brickworks	A late 18th century disused brickworks, consisting of two kilns and a range of partly demolished buildings constructed of the bricks that the works produced.	TM 211 941		Post-Medieval
MNF1135	Bronze Age beaker, prehistoric flints and multi-period pottery sherds	In 1974 workmen digging a pipe trench here found part of an Early Bronze Age beaker. Subsequently, in 1983, a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the same site, along with prehistoric flints and fragments of post medieval clay pipes.	TM 2031 9593		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14116	Medieval enclosure and pottery	A rectangular enclosure is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. The enclosure may date to the medieval period and fragments of pottery dating from the medieval period found during fieldwalking.	TM 2062 9290		Medieval
MNF14117	Possible site of medieval manor of Rees or Rhees	Fragments of pottery dating from the Late Saxon to the post medieval periods found during fieldwalking. This site has been interpreted as the possible site of Rees or Rhees Manor.	TM 2086 9301		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF14118	Medieval earthworks north of Church Lane	The earthworks of a medieval hollow way and at least three medieval tofts, which are probably associated with other medieval settlement earthworks in the immediate area, see NHER 14583 and NHER 14107. Roman and medieval pottery and a piece of medieval window tracery have been found on the site.	TM 2025 9385		Roman to Medieval
MNF14119	Medieval pottery	Fragments of medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2004 9375		Medieval

MNF14128	Site of post medieval barn	A late 18th century or early 19th century timber-framed barn on a brick plinth. Some of the timbers bore carpenter's marks. The barn was destroyed by a gale in 1978.	TM 1994 9330		Post-Medieval
MNF14583	Earthworks of medieval manor, possibly the site of Sayes manor	A medieval building platform and a possible ramp-like causeway and part of a medieval ditch or toft boundary are visible as earthworks. The earthworks have been interpreted as the possible site of the medieval manor of Sayes. The site is associated with two other areas of medieval settlement earthworks, NHER 14107 and NHER 14118.	TM 2044 9359		Medieval
MNF15037	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 217 952		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15038	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	In 1979 a collection of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the field surface here.	TM 2039 9614		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14698	The Thatched Cottage, Church Lane	A timber framed and thatched house which may date back to the 16th century. The house may originally have been a hall house with upper floors and a stack inserted in the 17th century. The house has an original window and a 17th century winding stair. In 1996 the NAU carried out a watching brief as the house was being underpinned, but no evidence of foundations or earlier structures was found.	TM 2033 9369	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF15979	Former Quaker Meeting House	The Quakers purchased this building in 1707 but it now operates as a private dwelling. The exterior is of 17th century date, but the stone doorway dates to 1903 and other later additions have been made. Inside, there is very fine panelling and plaster ceilings along with stone and marble fireplaces said to come from Kedleston Hall, Derbyshire and Framlingham Grange. A number of gravestones exist in the grounds of the property, a rare occurrence in an era when there were prohibitions about gravestones outside churchyards.	TM 2097 9526	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16111	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flint flakes, a Neolithic stone axehead, Late Saxon pottery, a Late Saxon strap-end, a medieval chrismatory with a wooden stopper, medieval seal matrices, a medieval coin, medieval and post medieval pottery, a post medieval jetton and other finds found during metal detecting and fieldwalking.	TM 20 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF15554	Post medieval windmill and watermill at Mill Farm	A windmill and watermill are marked here on several historic maps dating back to 1675. The timber framed mill house dates back to the 17th century.	TM 2088 9496	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16609	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered prehistoric flint flakes, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and undated oyster shells and metal working debris.	TM 2119 9373		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16610	Post medieval pottery	Fragments of post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2102 9385		Post-Medieval
MNF16838	Cropmarks of ring ditches and multi-period finds	At least three ring ditches, probably dating to the Bronze Age, as well as a number of linear ditches, are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. Fieldwalking and metal detecting have recovered prehistoric flints, an Iron Age terret, Roman coins, Early Saxon brooches, an Early Saxon girdle hanger, a Late Saxon brooch and pottery, medieval coins, pottery and metal finds, and post medieval coins and metal finds.	TM 19 95		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF17241	Old Hall Farm, Tasburgh	The timber-framed house here possible sits on a medieval manorial site. The house takes the form of an open hall medieval building with a cross wing to the north. A second block was added in 17th century and there have been numerous alterations since this time.	TM 2027 9603	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF18272	Multi-period pottery sherds, northeast of Grove Cottage	Fieldwalking here in 1982 recovered sherds of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery.	TM 1979 9595		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF18273	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flints, a Roman coin, a Roman silver finger ring, medieval coins and pottery, a horse harness pendant, a seal matrix and other medieval and post medieval metal finds found during fieldwalking and metal detecting.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19002	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1983-84 recovered various sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery.	TM 1974 9607		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19006	Prehistoric and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1983 and 1984 recovered prehistoric worked flints including a Mesolithic microlith; medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery sherds and post-medieval clay pipes fragments. Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval coin as well as a medieval/post-medieval lead weight and copper alloy vessel fragment and a post-medieval sword belt fitting.	TM 20 96		Prehistoric to Modern
MNF20484	Prehistoric flints and multi-period pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1984 recovered several prehistoric worked flints, stems from post-medieval clay pipes and sherds of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery.	TM 1990 9628		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF20488	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1984 and 1988 recovered various sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery.	TM 1857 9440		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF2258	Tasburgh Hillfort	The hillfort here has a single rampart about 3m high, and an internal area of about 20 acres. It is presumed to be of Iron Age date but the presence of Late Saxon fortifications may indicate this was once a burgh. The site has been extensively investigated since the 19th century, and this work has recovered large numbers of Roman, Saxon and medieval pottery sherds and metal items. Surveys have also identified numerous features and earthworks which comprise, amongst others, medieval ditches and pits, Saxon hearths and metalworking areas and prehistoric pits and post holes.	TM 20 95		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF29757	Cropmarks of undated enclosure	Aerial photographs taken in 1990 show the cropmarks of part of a possible enclosure at this location. No date was assigned to this feature.	TM 2133 9497		Unknown
MNF14108	Multi-period pottery finds	Fragments of pottery dating from the Late Saxon to the post medieval periods found during fieldwalking.	TM 2004 9364		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF14109	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of pottery dating from the medieval to the post medieval periods found during fieldwalking.	TM 2019 9368		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14111	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of pottery dating from the medieval to the post medieval periods found during fieldwalking.	TM 205 927		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF14112	Medieval and post medieval pottery	Fragments of pottery dating from the medieval and post medieval periods found during fieldwalking.	TM 2060 9336		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14113	Multi-period finds	Fragments of pottery dating from the Roman to the post medieval periods, fragments of millstones and building material of unknown date found during fieldwalking.	TM 2069 9327		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF14114	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1978 and subsequent metal-detecting between 2001 and 2019 recovered medieval to postmedieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval clay tobacco pipe fragment; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; postmedieval jettons and a number of other, undated and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include an undated copper alloy ring; a Late Saxon stirrup terminal; a Late Saxon/medieval lead spindle whorl; medieval to postmedieval dress accessories; a medieval harness mount, harness pendant and probable miscast lead cross; a medieval/postmedieval candlestick and cooking vessel leg and a post-medieval candlestick.	TM 20 92		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF14115	Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1978 and metal-detecting between 2015 and 2021 recovered a Neolithic flint scraper; Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval malting kiln floor tile; Roman, Middle Saxon, medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a Roman to post-medieval lead weight; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval harness pendant, rumbler bell and lead pot mends; a medieval/post-medieval knife tang, copper alloy vessel fragments, copper alloy ring, lead button or studded mount, lead weight and lead spindle whorls and post-medieval casket keys, a crotal bell, mount, spur fragment, clapper bell, lead trade weight and lead cloth seal.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF32071	Cottage and barn adjacent to Orchardleigh	A 16th century timber framed house with later alterations. The building was stripped of its 20th century brick skin in 1999 revealing the timber frame and an original mullioned window. The house was originally built on a cross-passage plan which was later altered to a lobby-entrance plan, probably in the 17th century. The nearby brick barn dates to about 1830.	TM 1999 9349	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF32094	Appletrees, The Street	This site was known in the medieval period as 'Coxlands, Westgate'. A timber-framed building stood here until it was demolished in 1970. Investigations in the area have recovered sherds of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery.	TM 1871 9445		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF33332	Earthworks of medieval to post medieval enclosures	The earthworks of a series of ditched enclosures survive in a field close to the site of St Peter's Church, NHER 10180. The enclosures probably date to the medieval period, and one boundary was still in use in the 19th century. Fragments of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery have been found on the site.	TM 2073 9350		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF40743	Multi-period finds	A Roman steelyard weight, a medieval horse harness pendant and a post medieval buckle found during metal detecting.	TM 21 93		Roman to Post-Medieval

MNF40591	Cropmarks of possible Roman enclosures	A series of enclosures are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. The enclosures are probably part of a field system, and may be associated with a nearby Roman settlement, see NHER 10178.	TM 2078 9478		Roman
MNF43522	The Cedars, Norwich Road	A large house with a 17th century timber framed wing to the rear of a large 18th century brick wing. The surrounding outbuildings include the remains of 17th century or earlier timber framed barns, and a 19th century timber-framed and clay lump stables.	TM 20215 94046	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF44009	Park Lodge, Oak Cottage, Court Cottage, Ling Cottage, The Street	A row of 17th or early 18th century cottages with later alterations.	TM 19774 92888	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF44916	1-2 Church Lane	A 17th or 18th century timber framed house with later alterations. The house is built on a cross-passage plan and is now divided into two properties.	TM 20144 93748	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46509	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking and metal-detecting between 1990 and 2017 recovered medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds, a medieval coin and post-medieval tokens, and medieval metal objects. The metal finds include copper alloy vessel fragments and a lead pot mend.	TM 18 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF49693	Medieval features, A140 bypass	This site was the subject of an archaeological evaluation carried out by the NAU in 2003 in advance of the construction of a new bypass. Trial trenches to the south of a medieval hollow way revealed a series of small gullies and shallow pits dating from the 11th to 14th centuries. A second probable hollow way was identified to the north of the site. Previously recorded under NHER 39671.	TM 20296 93868		Medieval
MNF62518	Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged arrowhead	A Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged arrowhead was recovered as a stray find in a garden in 2011.	TM 20 95		Prehistoric
MNF64157	Roman and Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2012 and 2019 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and a range of other undated and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include an undated copper alloy unidentified object; a Late Saxon Scandinavian-style disc brooch and lead trade weight; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval lead seal matrix and lead alloy possible crude seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval lead alloy pencil and copper alloy vessel fragments; post-medieval keys, mounts or strap fittings, a saddle pommel, attachment terminal from spur, probable sword-belt fitting, crotal or animal bell, coin weight, copper alloy goldsmith's troy weight and lead cloth seal.	TM 20 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF65040	Roman, medieval and post-medieval metal objects	Metal-detecting in 2013 recovered a number of metal objects including a Roman protected loop terret; a medieval casket key, harness mount and censer and post-medieval harness mounts.	TM 18 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF65773	Roman, Early Saxon and Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2016 recovered Roman, Early Saxon and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman brooch; an Early Saxon brooch; Late Saxon strap-ends and a brooch; Late Saxon/medieval stirrup-strap mounts, a stirrup terminal and harness pendant; medieval to post-medieval buckles and harness mounts; a medieval/post-medieval button, thimble, hooked tag, and lace tag or aglet and a post-medieval harness mount and crotal bell.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval

MNF65981	Roman and Middle/Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2016 recovered Roman brooches; a Middle/Late Saxon strap-end; medieval to postmedieval dress accessories; a medieval thimble, harness mount and book clasp fragment and post-medieval harness mounts and a sword belt hanger fragment.	TM 19 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF65986	Roman to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting by Elden Tours between 2013 and 2017 recovered various metal objects, including a Roman brooch; an Early Saxon brooch; a Middle Saxon mount; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval seal matrices, a harness pendant, harness mount and mount; a medieval/post-medieval spur rowel, metalworker's hammer and scale-tang knife endcap and a post-medieval crotal bell and rowel spur.	TM 19 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF65990	Early Saxon, medieval and medieval/post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2016 recovered an Early Saxon brooch, medieval buckle and medieval/post-medieval button.	TM 19 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF66247	Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2019 recovered Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval/postmedieval jetton and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval harness pendant; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and copper alloy unidentified object and postmedieval buckles, a crotal bell and harness mount.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67720	Prehistoric, medieval and post-medieval finds	In 2003 a field survey of on the proposed route of the Long Stratton bypass recovered prehistoric worked and burnt flints; medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds and post-medieval brick, tile and glass fragments.	TM 2025 9317		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67721	Prehistoric, medieval and post-medieval finds	In 2003 a field survey of on the proposed route of the Long Stratton bypass recovered prehistoric worked and burnt flints; medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval coin; post-medieval brick and tile fragments and undatable metalworking debris.	TM 2020 9270		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67734	Medieval settlement and other, Roman, medieval to post-medieval and undated remains	Although a trial trench evaluation in 2004 revealed only a single post-medieval ditch at this location, subsequent fieldwork between 2017 and 2020 identified remains associated with an area of medieval settlement adjacent to Church Lane - where a scatter of medieval to post-medieval pottery had been recovered during fieldwalking in 1978 (NHER 14109). These remains were first identified by a geophysical survey undertaken in 2017/2018, which recorded a dense complex of probable enclosures and other associated linear and discrete anomalies at the northern edge of the field. Anomalies likely to represent enclosures were also detected in the south-western corner of the field (which appear to continue beneath the housing that now lies along this section of the Norwich Road). Boundaries associated with a medieval to early post-medieval field system were also identified, elements of which had clearly survived into the 19th-century and beyond. Further trial trenching in 2020 confirmed the presence of extensive medieval remains adjacent to Church Lane, with numerous ditches and pits recorded - the majority of which corresponded with geophysical anomalies. The pottery recovered suggests these remains were primarily associated with a phase of high medieval activity, which appears to have peaked during the 13th and 14th centuries. The sparse remains recorded across the remainder of the site included a group of potentially	TM 2018 9344		Roman to Post-Medieval

		Roman pits, a large probable extraction pit of uncertain date and a number of post-medieval field boundary ditches. The possible enclosures identified by the geophysical survey in the south-west corner of the field were not investigated.			
MNF66814	Undated, Late Iron Age to Roman and Middle Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered undated, Late Iron Age to Roman and Middle Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include an undated copper alloy casting jet and copper alloy ring; a Late Iron Age/Roman brooch; a Roman brooch and a furniture fitting; a Middle Saxon to medieval hooked tag; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval hooked harness fitting and lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and post-medieval harness mounts, steelyard weights and a crotal bell.	TM 19 95		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF66864	Medieval harness fitting and harness pendant	Metal-detecting in 2014 by Elden Tours recovered a medieval harness fitting and harness pendant.	TM 19 94		Medieval
MNF66865	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 by Elden Tours recovered a medieval buckle, harness pendant and a pedestal-based ewer spout and a post-medieval crotal bell and harness mount.	TM 19 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF68460	Burnt flint scatter	A rapid walkover survey undertaken in 2003 identified a scatter of burnt flints at this location.	TM 2044 9272		Prehistoric
MNF68915	Post-medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered a number of post-medieval pottery sherds at this location.	TM 2173 9497		Post-Medieval
MNF69140	Potentially prehistoric and modern pits	An excavation at this site in 2013 revealed a small number of pits, several of which were possibly prehistoric in date. One of these pits was much more substantial than the others and contained what appeared to be the remains of a burnt post. The other potentially early features were much shallower, with sterile, unremarkable fills. Finds recovered included several sherds of Early Neolithic pottery sherds and crude worked flints of probable Bronze Age or later date. Two of the excavated pits had markedly different fills and were probably modern.	TM 1952 9556		Prehistoric to Modern
MNF69207	Roman, Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2022 recovered a Roman pottery sherd; a post-medieval coin and a number of other metal objects, including a Late Saxon or Saxo-Norman stirrup mount; a medieval brooch; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and book clasp; post-medieval crotal bells, a buckle, probable harness or strap mount and lead cloth seal.	TM 20 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF69208	Neolithic/Bronze Age and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2021 recovered Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flakes; Roman and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins; a medieval/post-medieval jetton; a post-medieval token and a number of other medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include medieval harness mounts and a lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval buckles and post-medieval crotal bells, a sword-belt toggle clasp, horse-harness mount or strap fitting, sword or dagger quillon, clothes hook finial, copper alloy unidentified object and lead nozzle from powder flask.	TM 21 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF69209	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2017 recovered post-medieval coins; medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval jettons and a number of other metal objects, including medieval strap ends and post-medieval crotal bells and dress hook.	TM 21 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69210	Medieval/post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval/post-medieval spindle whorl and vessel fragment.	TM 21 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69243	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval coin and a post-medieval buckle.	TM 21 93		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69336	Early Bronze Age Medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a small Early Bronze Age copper alloy flat axehead, a medieval buckle frame and a postmedieval lead weight.	TM 18 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69337	Roman and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a Roman coin and a post-medieval buckle fragment.	TM 19 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF69938	Mesolithic to Early Neolithic struck flints	Two struck flints likely of Mesolithic to Early Neolithic date and fire-cracked burnt flint were recovered from molehills in 2017.	TM 2019 9571		Prehistoric
MNF71948	Neolithic/Bronze, Roman and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2020 and 2022 recovered a Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flake and Roman and post-medieval coins.	TM 19 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF73478	Medieval settlement, possible moated enclosure and post-medieval and undated field boundaries	Archaeological work at this site between 2017 and 2020 identified evidence for an area of medieval settlement adjacent to Edge's Lane. The presence of significant remains at this location was demonstrated by an initial geophysical survey undertaken in 2017/2018, which identified a dense cluster of potentially archaeologically-significant linear and discrete anomalies at the northern end of the site. The majority of these anomalies lay within a rectangular enclosure, including a number that may represent the remains of buildings. What appears to be a sub-rectangular enclosure with several internal divisions was identified a little way to the west - the form of which also appears to respect the position of the adjacent road. This may have been some form of moated enclosure, although it is on the small size for such an interpretation. Ditches associated with late post-medieval field boundaries were also identified in these fields, along with linear anomalies likely to represent related boundaries that had been lost by the 19th-century. The position of the main boundaries suggests that at least some elements of the later post-medieval field system may have had much earlier origins. Limited trial trenching in 2020 confirmed that the main group of geophysical anomalies were associated with corresponding ditches and pits, the majority of which were of likely medieval date. The pottery recovered suggests that activity at this particular location probably peaked during the 13th and 14th centuries, with little evidence that the site was occupied after this date. A small number of trenches excavated elsewhere in the field revealed little in the way of significant remains (including those positioned to target other geophysical anomalies).	TM 2026 9265		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF73479	Possible site of medieval manor and multi-period remains	A geophysical survey of this site undertaken in 2017/2018 identified a cluster of anomalies likely to represent remains associated with the site of an abandoned medieval manor. These features lie within what appears to have been an encircling moat or ditch, part of which is preserved in the line of a modern field boundary ditch. The identification of this as the site of a dwelling associated with a medieval manor is supported by the Stratton St Michael tithe apportionment, which records the field containing these anomalies as 'Manor Yards'. The majority of the anomalies identified elsewhere in this field correspond with field boundaries depicted on 19th-century maps, although a small number of linear responses are likely to represent elements of an earlier field system. Limited trial trenching in 2020 identified some evidence for early phases of activity, including two ditches containing Roman pottery and two pits of probable 11th-century date – all of which lay at the northern end of the field. The small number of ditches, pits and possible post-holes identified elsewhere were mostly undated, the main exceptions being the previously identified ditches associated with post-medieval field boundaries.	TM 2033 9308		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF73373	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered medieval coins and a number of other metal objects, including a Late Saxon bridle-bit link; a Late Saxon to post-medieval lead spindle whorl; a medieval possible prick spur and lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval spur rowels, a buckle, book clasp, silver pendant (probably a pilgrim souvenir) and copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval crotal bells, a hooked sword-belt fitting, rowel spur and unidentified openwork decorative object.	TM 21 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF73468	Potentially prehistoric ring-ditch and area of probable medieval settlement and associated field system	A geophysical survey of these three fields undertaken between late 2017 and early 2018 identified a range of potentially archaeologically-significant anomalies. Of particular interest was a curvilinear anomaly that potentially represents a ring-ditch or circular enclosure of prehistoric date. A complex of enclosures identified adjacent to the Norwich road is likely to represent an area of former settlement and coincides with a scatter of medieval pottery recovered during fieldwalking in 1978 (NHER 14119). Boundaries defining a series of narrow plots or fields extending back from the road were also detected. These were also probably medieval in date and it is clear that a number of the extant modern boundaries were once part of this earlier field system. A number of possible pits were also identified and a distinctive anomaly at the western end of the middle field may represent the remains of a hearth or kin-type feature. Limited trial trenching in 2020 confirmed that at least one of the roadside enclosures was almost certainly medieval, with pottery of this date recovered from several associated ditches. A number of medieval pits were also recorded within this enclosure. The pottery assemblage was almost exclusively of medieval date and suggested that the site had been occupied since at least the 12th century. Late medieval and post-medieval material was notably absent.	TM 1978 9379		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF73469	Undated possible curvilinear and rectilinear enclosures	A geophysical survey of this field undertaken between late 2017 and early 2018 identified linear anomalies that may represent the remains a small curvilinear enclosure	TM 1949 9339		Unknown to Post-Medieval

		and two rectilinear enclosures. A series of former field boundaries were also identified, several of which had still been in existence until relatively recently.			
MNF74563	Tasburgh Grange	This building possibly dates to the early 17th century and has an older core of clay lump set on varying timber and masonry plinths. It only became known as Tasburgh Grange in the early 20th century.	TM 1970 9597		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF77474	Site where limited groundworks revealed no archaeologically-significant remains	A watching brief maintained during the construction of a new outbuilding at this location in 2015 recorded no archaeologically significant features or deposits. There was evidence the site had seen considerable recent disturbance, with a mix of gravel and modern rubble lying directly on the natural clay.	TM 20 95		Unknown
MNF77482	Undated pits, ditches and other remains	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 revealed a distinct cluster of pits and possible linear features, the majority of which contained similar, very dark fills. Unfortunately the date of these remains is unclear as no finds were recovered. One large, shallow feature with a flat base and parallel sides was tentatively interpreted as potentially the remains of a structure. The only features identified elsewhere were a pair of parallel ditches, which were also undated.	TM 2048 9498		Unknown
MNF77484	Possible prehistoric 'pot boiler' spread, other, undated features and organic deposits	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 revealed a small number of undated features including a possible pit, a post-hole and two ditches. The two discrete features both contained dark fills and lay on the margins of large hollow, the lower fill of which consisted of dark organic material. Similar material was also exposed beneath deep possibly colluvial deposits in two adjacent trenches, one of which also exposed a more discrete patch of what was potentially a prehistoric burnt flint 'pot boiler' spread (an accumulation of material that had been used to heat or boil water).	TM 2051 9490		Prehistoric
MNF7937	Possible Roman cremations or kiln and other, prehistoric and Roman remains	In 1773 a number of potentially Roman 'urns' were reportedly exposed during the excavation of a gravel pit at location. These were initially interpreted as cremation vessels and a large nearby feature containing ashes and burnt earth was described as a 'sepulchral heath'. Later publications have however suggested that these may actually have been the remains of a Roman pottery kiln. Several pits of probable Roman date were recorded during the construction of South Norfolk House between 1976 and 1977. Little else was seen, although it appears that only periodic observation of the groundworks had been possible. A more systematic programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken between 2013 and 2015, prior to the redevelopment of the area to the south-east of the 18th-century gravel pit. Although a number of archaeologically significant features were exposed, Roman finds were scarce and only a single pit and two ditches could be tentatively associated with this phase of activity. The other features investigated included several potentially prehistoric pits, all of which produced worked flints of Early Neolithic type. Overall it would appear that there is little evidence to suggest that significant Roman remains survived beyond the gravel pit in which the initial discoveries were made. It is therefore extremely difficult to assess the likely nature and significance of what was found, particular given the limited nature of the surviving record.	TM 1950 9309		Prehistoric to Roman

MNF9976	Undated earthworks and Roman/medieval inhumations, Chapel Meadow Hill	Investigation of this site in the late 19th century and the early 20th century recovered a variety of objects including human remains, pottery and metalwork of medieval or Roman date, along with Roman amphorae and medieval pottery sherds. It seems likely that a medieval chapel existed here. A survey in 1997 recorded various earthwork features and the site is now preserved under good pasture.	TM 1928 9585		Roman to Medieval
MNF9977	Medieval moated enclosure and building remains	This moated site is marked by the Ordnance Survey as the site of St Michael's Chapel. However, the chapel was probably on the adjacent hill making this a domestic site. In 1988, flint building materials were found here and in 1997 a number of building platforms and drainage ditches were noted. Sherds of Roman, Late Saxon and medieval pottery have also been recovered from this area.	TM 1939 9589		Roman to Medieval
MNF9995	Tasburgh Hall	This grand house is in a Neo-Jacobean style with stepped gables. It mostly dates to 1885 and was built for the Fricklin family. Inside, there is some fine panelling. Faden's map of 1797 shows that the present Hall stands on the site of an older hall.	TM 1960 9573		Modern
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF6941	Excavation by S. Smith at Tasburgh Hillfort, Tasburgh, 1980.		TM 200 960		
ENF142452	Geophysical Survey by the Imagined Land Project at Tasburgh Hillfort, Tasburgh, February-April 2017		TM 2004 9605		
ENF134393	Watching Brief by NPS Archaeology in the churchyard of St Mary's Church and the grounds of The Old Rectory, Tasburgh, May 2014		TM 2008 9592		
ENF15553	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Thatched Cottage, Stratton St. Michael, October 1996		TM 2033 9369		
ENF91090	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Owls Wood, Church Road, Tasburgh, Norfolk		TM 2017 9586		
ENF93952	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Friends House, Quaker Lane, Tasburgh, June 2002		TM 2097 9526		

ENF121925	Systematic Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey by NAU Archaeology of land at Mill Farm, Tasburgh, October 2008		TM 20792 94815		
ENF122436	Systematic Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey by NAU Archaeology of land at Mill Farm, Tasburgh, February 2009		TM 21153 94553		
ENF132088	Trial Trenching by NPS Archaeology at Cygnet House, Swan Lane, Long Stratton, July 2013 (Phase 1)		TM 1957 9308		
ENF132524	Strip Map and Sample Excavation by NAU Archaeology at Hall Farm, Bungay Road, Tasburgh, October 2013		TM 1952 9556		
ENF134917	Geophysical Survey by Archaeological Services WYAS at Tasburgh/Long Stratton, July 2014		TM 1974 9512		
ENF138103	[PARENT] Field Survey by Norfolk Archaeological Unit on proposed route of A140 Long Stratton Bypass, Long Stratton, February 2004		TM 2017 9265		
ENF138130	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by Norfolk Archaeological Unit on proposed route of A140 Long Stratton Bypass, Long Stratton, 2003-2004		TM 1983 9221		
ENF138822	Trial Trenching by NPS Archaeology at Cygnet House, Swan Lane, Long Stratton, September 2015 (Phase 2)		TM 1953 9305		
ENF138942	Watching Brief by Heather Wallis at Old Hall Farm, Church Road, Tasburgh, October 2015		TM 2026 9600		
ENF142188	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 59 Church Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2021 9586		

ENF142189	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 18 Church Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2057 9571		
ENF142190	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 13 Curson Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2018 9575		
ENF142191	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 28 Chestnut Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2056 9547		
ENF142205	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at Preston Primary School, Tasburgh, May 2017		TM 2041 9590		
ENF142215	Metal-detecting by the Imagined Land Project at Preston Primary School, Tasburgh, May 2017		TM 2041 9590		
ENF142223	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 22 Orchard Way, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2064 9577		
ENF142535	Geophysical Survey (magnetometry) by Archaeological Solutions at Long Stratton, August 2017-March 2018		TM 1986 9221		
ENF145568	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by Broadland Archaeology at Hempnall Crossroads (junction of A140 and B1527), Ipswich Road, Long Stratton, Jan-Feb 2018		TM 2048 9483		
ENF145974	Trial Trenching by Broadland Archaeology at land north-east of Hempnall Crossroads, Long Stratton, January-February 2019 (Trenches 17, 19 and 25-28)		TM 2051 9490		
ENF148195	[PARENT] Field Survey by NPS Archaeology of land east of A140, Long Stratton, March-April 2020		TM 1991 9206		

ENF148196	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by NPS Archaeology at land east of A140, Long Stratton, August-November 2020		TM 1993 9202		
ENF155648	Trial Trenching by Pre-Construct Archaeology at land west of A140, Long Stratton/Tharston, March 2024		TM 1959 9348		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF36166, HNF36156	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure			
HNF36157, HNF36158, HNF36159, HNF36139	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss			
HNF36136, HNF36155, HNF36161	18 th -19 th century enclosure	Piecemeal enclosure by agreement.			
SITE 5					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF14316	Prehistoric flint and medieval pottery finds	Prehistoric flint flakes and a blade, together with fragments of medieval and post-medieval pottery were found on the surface of a field in 1978.	TM 2246 9421		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF14318	Possible site of medieval building	The discovery in 1978 of medieval brick and tile fragments may indicate the former presence of a building.	TM 2234 9414		Medieval
MNF10168	Boyland Deserted Medieval Village and Hall	The site of Boyland medieval village and successive Boyland Halls, the last of which was built in 1571 and remodelled in the Gothic Revival style in 1804. After the death of the last owner in 1930, the hall stood empty until it was demolished in 1947. A 16th century brick culvert still carries a stream under the site. Planning permission was granted in 2003 for a large new house to be built.	TM 2221 9427		Medieval
MNF73099	Late Saxon/medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Late Saxon/medieval stirrup mount, and a post-medieval cloth seal.	TM 22 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval

MNF14864	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1979 and subsequent metal-detecting between 2017 and 2022 recovered several prehistoric worked flints, including a Neolithic flake core, a Neolithic/Early Bronze Age scraper and a Neolithic/Bronze Age possible arrowhead roughout; Roman, ?Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post medieval pottery sherds; postmedieval clay pipe stems; undated copper alloy casting waste; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton; a post-medieval token and a range of other, Late Bronze Age to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Late Bronze Age socketed axehead fragment; a Roman brooch fragment; a Middle Saxon brooch; a Middle/Late Saxon hooked tag; two similar Late Saxon disc brooches (found in close proximity and perhaps worn as a pair) and an unidentified cast copper alloy object; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval harness mounts, horse-harness pendant, pendant (possibly not from harness), thimble, end cap from whittle-tang knife, binding strip from furniture, copper alloy pilgrim badge and lead seal matrix; medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a sword scabbard chape and post-medieval harness mounts and a crotal bell fragment.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF10167	St John the Baptist's Church, Morningthorpe	Situated on the edge of a farmyard, this neat church consists of a round west tower, nave, chancel and south porch. Although subject to a comprehensive Victorian restoration, the tower has Saxo-Norman origins and the rest of the church is 14th to 16th century (though the south porch is a Victorian rebuild). The interior of the church is mainly Victorian too, but a 15 th century octagonal font survives, with a piscina and tomb in the chancel from the same period.	TM 2184 9255	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10181	Hempnall Windmill	A tarred brick tower mill, built in 1814. Only the tower shell remains, and this was derelict until the 1970s when it was renovated to become part of a day care centre.	TM 2374 9423	II	Modern
MNF10185	St Margaret's Church, Hempnall	Although St Margaret's Church today is essentially the work of restorers, particularly those in 1857, it has very early origins, the nave and the remains of the chancel being Saxon or Saxo-Norman. The north aisle and the tower were built in about 1300 and the south aisle and porch in the 14th century. The 15th century saw the aisles and chancel extended. However, several reported fires in the church led to its extensive restoration in 1857, when the ruined chancel was largely demolished. Less extensive work was carried out at intervals throughout the 20th century.	TM 2412 9445	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10186	St Catherine's Church, Fritton	The round west tower is 12th century with a 15th century octagonal belfry and a later embattled parapet. The nave north door is also 12th century. The south porch is 15th century. The windows in the nave are perpendicular in style, but are 19th century replacements. As the church was not rebuilt in the late medieval period, it has retained its 15th century wall paintings of St Christopher, St George and a small figure of a young-looking bishop. There are also impressive 15th century panel paintings on the screen under the modern rood.	TM 2274 9328	I	Medieval to Modern
MNF14693	Krons Manor, formerly White House/Fairstead House	A large and elaborate plastered timber framed house, dating to about 1610. It has a separate kitchen wing of about the same date. There have been many later alterations and additions, but the house retains some original (and unusual) features.	TM 2357 9477	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF14694	Barn at Krons Manor	A good example of a 16th century and later timber framed barn, now converted to residential use.	TM 2361 9477		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14695	Thatched Cottage	A 17th century thatched timber framed house, heavily restored in 1939, though most of the original braces and beams survive. The house has a wooden spiral staircase clad in brick, and a domed oven next to two large but now reduced fireplaces. The single storey 19th century extension reuses much older wooden beams.	TM 2363 9475	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14696	Lime Tree Cottage	A 17th or 18th century thatched brick-faced timber framed cottage. The building has an unusually large arcaded chimney stack that may indicate earlier origins.	TM 2387 9455	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14319	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found in 1978 on the site of a demolished undated house.	TM 2235 9249		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14697	Forge Cottage and smithy	A house and smithy, first appearing in documentary records in 1642. The long house, probably 17th century in origin, is timber framed and plastered, with two small original mullioned windows on the upper floor, but otherwise much restored in 'Tudor' style in the 19th century. The group of smithy buildings and a chimney behind the house are of red brick with yellow brick trimmings.	TM 2394 9450	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14702	Site of post medieval saw pit at Manor Farm	The site of a saw pit marked on old maps. It is not known if anything survives of it.	TM 2172 9257		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF15909	Medieval and post-medieval features and multi-period finds from Ruslene, Connaught Park	Grounds of former vicarage house, demolished in 1744. A number of small-scale excavations were undertaken here between 1980 and 1984. This work identified two gravel surfaces and a number of medieval clay-lined possible storage pits. It has been suggested that the site may have been a quay during the medieval period. These excavations also recovered a range of finds, including a Lower Palaeolithic flint handaxe; burnt flints; Roman, Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a Roman roof tile; a possible medieval malting tile and various other post-medieval and undatable objects. Additional Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval pottery sherds were recovered at the site in 2005.	TM 2398 9441		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF15472	Medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval pottery were found on the surface of a ploughed field in 1979.	TM 2265 9425		Medieval
MNF15976	Site of Field Lane Mill	The site of a 19th century tower mill, marked on a map of 1838. The mill was last used in 1896, and was dismantled in about 1930 after being struck by lightning. No trace of it remains today.	TM 238 937		Modern
MNF15977	Site of post medieval workhouse	The site of an 18th century workhouse, marked on a map of 1836. There is some uncertainty as to whether the building was completely demolished, or if the two storey rendered building to the west of the site is a remaining part.	TM 2363 9429		Post-Medieval
MNF15555	Site of post medieval brick kiln	The site of a brick kiln, marked on a late 18th century map.	TM 2209 9418		Post-Medieval

MNF16607	Post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered fragments of post medieval pottery and clay pipe stems, together with a fragment of glazed brick, possibly part of a kiln.	TM 2175 9296		Post-Medieval
MNF17858	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2280 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17861	Post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of post medieval pottery were found in a garden in 1981.	TM 2185 9271		Post-Medieval
MNF17917	Old Vicarage	A timber framed wattle and daub house, built in a double pile. A two storeyed crenellated Gothic frontage with a central arch was added in the early 19th century, when the interior of the original house was altered.	TM 2406 9449	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF18378	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1982 recovered a fragment of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2397 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19225	Roman pottery find	A fragment of Roman pottery was found in river dredgings in 1981.	TM 2363 9453		Roman
MNF20573	Neolithic flint find	Part of a Neolithic polished flint axehead was found in 1983.	TM 2203 9342		Prehistoric
MNF22242	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1986 recovered Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, together with an early post medieval moulded brick.	TM 2427 9430		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF23168	Post-medieval ice house	A well-preserved probably mid 19th century brick chambered ice house that served Boyland Hall.	TM 2213 9445		Modern
MNF24538	Manor House, Church Street	An imposing house with a complex building history. Most of what can be seen today is late 19th century, but the property's core is 17th century and retains some original features including the staircase. The sitting room is panelled with very fine Gothic Revival woodwork brought from Costessey Hall.	TM 2178 9242	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF29988	Street Farm	An early 17th century timber framed barn, much altered, the brick and flint walls being 19th century and an eastern extension 20th century. Understood to have been converted to residential use.	TM 2274 9294		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF29992	Friars Farm Barn	A probably 17th century timber framed barn with wattle and daub infill. The roof is a later 18th century replacement.	TM 2176 9251		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF38397	Old Rectory Cottage, Fritton Common	A 17th century two storey timber framed and plastered cottage with a thatched roof. It has a large chimney stack and a later one storey brick extension on the north end.	TM 2261 9285	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF40742	Roman metal find	Metal detecting in 2001 recovered a Roman coin.	TM 22 92		Roman

MNF41179	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1984 recovered a piece of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2398 9450		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF41197	Manor Farm, The Street, Hempnall	Although much altered, this house originated as a 17th century timber framed dwelling, which was then heightened and had a chimney stack inserted. A rear wing was added later, and the whole building much altered and clad in brick in about 1800. The main façade may be an even later addition.	TM 2401 9451	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF44267	Post medieval metal find	A post medieval jetton was found by chance in 1971.	TM 21767 92606		Post-Medieval
MNF46728	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 2004 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 24058 94427		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF48363	Bush Farmhouse	A 17th or 18th century thatched timber framed house with modern alterations.	TM 2371 9332	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48364	Connaught House	An 18th century two storey painted brick house with a black pantiled roof. It has a large 20th century single storey shop projecting to the right.	TM 23983 94482	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48365	Fairstead Lane Farmhouse	A 17th century timber framed farmhouse, brick faced and painted.	TM 23517 95055	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48369	Kirkstone, The Long House and Post Office	A long 17th century timber framed plastered range with a steep black glazed tile roof and gable ends.	TM 24111 94420	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48371	Lord Nelson public house	An early 19th century painted brick house, two storeys high with three window bays and a slate roof. The north end has a later 19th century adjoining brick addition.	TM 24073 94430	II	Modern
MNF48372	Manor Cottages	A range of four red brick cottages with the date 1771 made out in blue brick on the west end gable.	TM 23859 94676	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48373	Manor Farm Cottage	A late 18th century two storey red brick cottage with a pantiled roof and gable ends.	TM 24002 94508	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48378	Pevensy House, The Street	A 17th or 18th century painted brick house with later alterations. It has a steep black glazed pantile roof and gable ends.	TM 23848 94577	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48379	Priory Cottage and Smithy Cottage	A 17th century two storey timber framed house, encased in brick in the 20th century. It has a steep modern tiled roof with gable ends and a single storey west wing.	TM 24047 94462	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48382	Rose Villa, Mill Road	A two storey mid 19th century red brick cottage with a pantiled roof and gable ends.	TM 24048 94316	II	Modern
MNF48384	Sunny View, Mill Road, Hempnall	An 18th century or earlier two storey cottage with a 19th century brick front and a modern tiled roof.	TM 23880 94301	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF48386	Thackery House	A 17th century plastered timber framed house. It has a pantiled roof with gabled ends.	TM 24126 94318	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48387	The Chequers, Mill Road, Hempnall	A two storey 17th century timber framed and plastered house with a black glazed pantile roof. The south end of the house has a late 19th century brick facing. The house has a central arched porch and wing on its northwest corner.	TM 24030 94335	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48389	The Poplars, Mill Road, Hempnall	A 17th century timber framed and plastered cottage. One storey high with dormer attics, it has a large chimney stack at its north end and a later one to its south. There is a gabled rear wing and an early 19th century wing on the north end.	TM 24089 94323	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48390	The Willows, Bungay Road	A 17th or 18th century two storey timber framed and brick house, with an east wing that gives the building an L-shaped plan. A large quantity of pottery was recovered during repair work on the inside of the house in 2009.	TM 2420 9424	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48394	The Willows, or Willow House	A two storey 17th century timber framed and plastered house, the ground floor and west end of which have been faced with brick. A single storey wing was added to the east end in the 19th century, and there is a modern wing on the northeast corner.	TM 24283 94300	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50482	Spinney Lodge, Hempnall Road	Small post medieval house of brick, shown on map of 1840 and said locally to date from 1820 and to have been either the gamekeeper's or gardener's house for the Boyland Hall estate.	TM 22756 94356		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50052	Barn adjoining west of The Rectory	A 17th to 18th century plastered timber framed barn with a steeply pitched roof clad in corrugated asbestos. It has later lean-tos on the north side and stables in its west end.	TM 21744 92834	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50054	Church Cottage, Church Street	A Late C16 plastered timber-framed cottage with a thatched roof and hipped at north end and a modern lean to on the south end. The building is small, of two cells plus a former smoke bay at its south end. Through passage at low end of tiny hall. Mortises for a former partition dividing off the service end to the north. Evidence of a former queen post roof of which one truss survives beside smoke bay. Several mullion windows of which one exposed to reveal diamond mullions.	TM 21841 92611	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50056	Church Farmhouse, The Street, Fritton	A 17th century plastered timber framed house with a steeply pitched pantile roof. There is a modern extension to the rear.	TM 22997 93256	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50057	Barn north west of Church Farmhouse, The Street, Fritton	A 17th/18th century timber framed barn, weatherboarded and clad in corrugated asbestos, with which it is also roofed. It has wagon doors and a row of owl holes on the south side.	TM 22969 93276	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50058	Friars Farmhouse, Church Street	A large early 17th century timber framed house with a black glazed pantile roof. It has a gabled cross wing at each end. The north wing has octagonal chimney flues on a large stack. The windows, some of which are leaded, are mainly 18th/19th century, the central porch and canted bay on the ground floor of the north wing are both 19th century.	TM 21755 92565	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50059	Fritton Rectory	A 17th century plastered timber framed house with an 18th/19th century addition.	TM 22786 93004	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF50060	20th century telephone box, Fritton Common	A type K6 square cast iron telephone box with a domed roof, built to a 1935 design by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott.	TM 22493 92651	II	Modern
MNF50061	Little Friars, Church Street	A late 18th century two storey red brick house with a pantiled hipped roof. It has modern flat roofed wings at the rear and at the north end.	TM 21779 92598	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50063	House south of Malthouse Farmhouse, Fritton Common	A small 17th/18th century plastered timber framed house. It is one storey high with attics and has a late 19th century extension on the north end.	TM 22320 92425	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50064	Range of cottages south of Malthouse Farmhouse, Fritton Common	A range of 18th century two storey plastered timber framed cottages, with a long range of five windows and four dormer windows.	TM 22278 92353	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50065	Sunnyside	A 17th/18th century plastered timber framed range, its south end wall faced in 20th century brick. It is one storey high with attics and has a thatched roof. Later additions include a brick extension and a gabled cross wing to the north, both 19 th century.	TM 22646 92768	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50066	The Cottage and Wayside Cottages	A 17th/18th century thatched timber framed house, now a row of cottages. A late 19th century cottage adjoins the north end.	TM 22699 92853	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50067	The Hollies, Brick Kiln Lane (formerly of Tasburgh Road), Morningthorpe	An early 19th century two storey red brick house with a central pilastered doorway. A bay window was added to the north end in the late 19th century.	TM 21130 93825	II	Modern
MNF50068	The Rectory	A 17th/18th century two storey plastered house with a black pantiled roof with gabled ends. It has an off centre two storey porch and at the rear, an early 19th century stuccoed wing.	TM 21772 92821	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50069	Three Nags Public House, Fritton Common	A 17th/18th century thatched timber framed house, fronted in brick in the late 19th century, with a small brick lean-to on the north end.	TM 22562 92766	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50089	Late Saxon, Medieval and post medieval pottery	Medieval pottery sherds were found during churchyard extension in December 2005. Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered in 2009.	TM 24150 94549		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF61490	Hempnall Community School	A flint and brick two-room school surviving very much as on the 1847 drawings with some 1898 extensions.	TM 2396 9456		Modern
MNF61997	Hempnall bakery	Small family bakery, now demolished and a house built on the site.	TM 2414 9429		Modern
MNF66074	Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2018 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins; as well as Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include Early Saxon brooch fragments, a medieval annular brooch; and medieval/post-medieval dress hooks.	TM 23 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF66250	Early Saxon Frankish brooch	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered an Early Saxon Frankish radiate brooch.	Not displayed		Saxon

MNF10176	Undated enclosure and Roman pottery finds	Aerial photographs show the cropmarks of an undated rectangular enclosure. A possible ditch was noted in 1978 at the west end of this feature, containing fragments of Roman pottery.	TM 2191 9432		Roman
MNF10177	Undated cropmark	1973 aerial photographs show the cropmark of an unspecified feature.	TM 218 938		Unknown
MNF10178	Roman occupation site and field systems	Finds of Roman coins, brooches, building material and other objects indicate the former presence of a Roman settlement. Aerial photography in 1996 showed the cropmarks of old field boundaries that probably related to the settlement. Part of the site has now been quarried away.	TM 21 94		Roman
MNF10179	Bronze Age ring ditch	1973 aerial photographs show the cropmark of a ring ditch to the north of the Early Saxon cemetery (NHER 1120). The feature was destroyed by quarrying soon afterwards.	TM 2203 9442		Prehistoric
MNF10183	Post medieval brickworks	A late 18th century disused brickworks, consisting of two kilns and a range of partly demolished buildings constructed of the bricks that the works produced.	TM 211 941		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10184	Possibly Bronze Age ring ditch	Aerial photography shows the cropmark of a possible Bronze Age ring ditch.	TM 2204 9496		Prehistoric
MNF1120	Morningthorpe Early Saxon cemetery and multi-period finds	An excavation following the chance discovery of two Early Saxon pots in a gravel pit in 1974 revealed an important Early Saxon cemetery with about 365 inhumations and nine cremations. Bone preservation was poor due to the acidity of the soil, but the many grave goods recovered included beads, finger rings, iron spearheads, shield bosses, knives, buckles, bucket fragments and the possible remains of a lyre. Although this work recovered evidence for intermittent prehistoric activity on the site, a Bronze Age cremation burial was the only feature of this date to be identified. Unstratified and residual prehistoric finds included Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Mesolithic/Early Neolithic and Neolithic/Bronze Age worked flints and sherds of Early Neolithic and Early Iron Age pottery.	TM 2200 9434		Prehistoric to Saxon
MNF13955	Multi-period pottery finds	Fragments of Roman, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface of a field in 1978.	TM 2229 9444		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF14114	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1978 and subsequent metal-detecting between 2001 and 2019 recovered medieval to postmedieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval clay tobacco pipe fragment; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; postmedieval jettons and a number of other, undated and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include an undated copper alloy ring; a Late Saxon stirrup terminal; a Late Saxon/medieval lead spindle whorl; medieval to postmedieval dress accessories; a medieval harness mount, harness pendant and probable miscast lead cross; a medieval/postmedieval candlestick and cooking vessel leg and a post-medieval candlestick.	TM 20 92		Roman to Post-Medieval

MNF14115	Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1978 and metal-detecting between 2015 and 2021 recovered a Neolithic flint scraper; Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval malting kiln floor tile; Roman, Middle Saxon, medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a Roman to post-medieval lead weight; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval harness pendant, rumbler bell and lead pot mends; a medieval/post-medieval knife tang, copper alloy vessel fragments, copper alloy ring, lead button or studded mount, lead weight and lead spindle whorls and post-medieval casket keys, a crotal bell, mount, spur fragment, clapper bell, lead trade weight and lead cloth seal.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14317	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the bed of a dried out pond at this location in 1978. Metal detecting between 2017 and 2020 recovered medieval coins; a post-medieval token and a number of other metal objects, including a medieval ring, buckle and knife end-cap and a medieval/post-medieval decorated wheel pommel from a sword and scabbard chape.	TM 23 92		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14650	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered a prehistoric flint flake, together with Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2259 9451		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14862	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface in 1979.	TM 2275 9323		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14863	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Medieval and post-medieval pottery was recovered at this location in 1979. Subsequent metal-detecting in 2017 and 2021 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins and jettons; medieval strap ends, a buckle and horse-harness pendant; a medieval/post-medieval lead weight and post-medieval buttons, a buckle, crotal bell, bell fragment and spur.	TM 2272 9321		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14865	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface in 1979.	TM 2262 9271		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15037	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 217 952		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15039	Medieval pottery find	A fragment of medieval pottery was found in 1979.	TM 228 926		Medieval
MNF15040	Medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval pottery were found on the surface in 1979.	TM 2275 9239		Medieval
MNF15041	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and two pieces of post medieval tile.	TM 2362 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15043	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval pottery fragments and a piece of post medieval glazed pottery.	TM 2275 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF15471	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface of a ploughed field in 1979.	TM 2275 9428		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15473	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flint flakes, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, together with post medieval clay pipe stems and a fragment of undated daub, were found on the supposed site of a manor house in 1979.	TM 2299 9325		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16113	Multi-period pottery finds and undated wall	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments. A large quantity of undated but probably post medieval bricks forming a rectangle, noted in 1996, are thought to be the remains of a garden wall.	TM 2431 9444		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF16609	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered prehistoric flint flakes, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and undated oyster shells and metal working debris.	TM 2119 9373		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16611	Prehistoric and Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered prehistoric flint flakes, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and a possible kiln brick fragment. Metal-detecting in 2017 and 2018 recovered a medieval lead seal matrix and a post-medieval clapper bell fragment.	TM 2286 9319		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16774	Multi-period finds	Part of a prehistoric flint blade, together with large quantities of medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were found on the surface in 1979.	TM 224 928		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16775	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flint flakes, together with medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were found on the surface in 1979.	TM 2256 9287		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF17859	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2189 9266		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17862	Medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered fragments of medieval pottery.	TM 2144 9249		Medieval
MNF19361	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered a large quantity of prehistoric burnt flints, fragments of prehistoric, Roman, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery, together with Roman tile fragments and oyster shells. Also noted were several areas of black soil. The indications are that the site saw human occupation, or at least activity, over a long period.	TM 241 937		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19362	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking and metal detecting between 1981 and 1992 recovered prehistoric flints and burnt flints, prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, Roman coins and a medieval coin.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19363	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric flints together with Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery fragments. Metal detecting between 1993 and 2020 recovered an Early Neolithic retouched flint flake; a medieval coin and a number of other metal objects, including a ?Late Saxon/medieval unidentified lead object; a medieval strap end, buckle, vessel rim and part of a book clasp and a post-medieval harness mount and lead weight.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF19364	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric worked flints and post medieval pottery fragments. Metal detecting in 1989 found a Middle Saxon brooch.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19365	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric worked flints and fragments of post medieval pottery.	TM 2384 9396		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF20432	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered Roman, Saxon and post medieval pottery fragments, together with fragments of undated whetstone and glass. Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 232 931		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF22234	Saxon and medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered one Late Saxon and one medieval pottery fragment.	TM 2393 9519		Saxon to Medieval
MNF22235	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, large quantities of medieval pottery fragments, some post medieval fragments and clay pipe stems.	TM 236 951		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22236	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, medieval pottery fragments and large quantities of post medieval pottery fragments. Also found was a post medieval coin.	TM 2344 9517		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22237	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2324 9525		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22239	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2353 9492		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF22241	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2392 9387		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF24357	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 noted a concentration of prehistoric burnt flints and pot boilers, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation. This cluster may represent the site of a burnt mound. Subsequent metal-detecting between 2017 and 2020 recovered a Roman coin; a post-medieval jetton and several other metal objects, including a Late Saxon/medieval lead spindle whorl, a medieval/post-medieval buckle and a post-medieval tankard lid thumb grip.	TM 23 92		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF28811	Iron Age pottery finds, Roman, medieval and post-medieval metal finds	Iron Age pottery fragments are reported to have been found before 1989. Metal detecting in 2008 recovered a Roman brooch, medieval and post-medieval objects.	TM 24 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF29410	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints. Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2020 recovered Late Iron Age/Roman (Roman issue), Roman and medieval coins and medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval buckles.	TM 237 928		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF29411	Prehistoric flint finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints.	TM 2379 9313		Prehistoric

MNF29412	Possible Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flint working site and multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 and metal-detecting between 2014 and 2019 recovered prehistoric worked flints, including a large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flakes, scrapers and blades and Mesolithic blades and a core; Beaker, Iron Age and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman and medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include medieval buckles, medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a mount and a post-medieval coin weight and belt fastener. The large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flints present suggests that this may have been a lithic working or occupation site.	TM 233 940		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF30038	Medieval metal finds	Metal detecting in 1993 recovered four medieval coins and a gold finger ring set with a sapphire.	Not displayed		Medieval
MNF32920	Undated enclosure	Aerial photography in 1946 showed the cropmarks of an undated rectangular enclosure, now in the back gardens of a number of modern houses.	TM 2387 9421		Unknown
MNF3994	Fritton Hall	A small timber framed manor house dating to before the middle of the 16th century, with a grand west gable and a large south wing added in about 1600, giving the building an L-shaped plan. A late 19th century porch sits in the angle. To the north and south of the house are 17th to 18th century barns.	TM 2259 9260	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF3995	Island House, Fritton	This house stands within an early medieval moated site. The south end may be the remnant of a 15th century jettied house with a screens passage, the upper floor having been removed, the south end later altered to form a kitchen, and the north end replaced by a large hall and parlour block in about 1580, at which time the original house was converted to a service range. The new hall was later subdivided; there is a date on the door of 1684, but its relevance is not known. In the 19th century the building was reduced in height at the south end, given a new roof, and probably subdivided into cottages, before being renovated and extended in the 20th century. To the northeast is an 18th century barn, now converted to residential use.	TM 2265 9240		Medieval to Modern
MNF40743	Multi-period finds	A Roman steelyard weight, a medieval horse harness pendant and a post medieval buckle found during metal detecting.	TM 21 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF42029	The Hollies, The Street	A timber framed house, now much altered, but originally dating to the 17th century or earlier. The house seems to have been inserted into an earlier street frontage. Its height was raised in about 1700, although it probably retains its original chimney stack. In the 19th century the building was clad in brick, extended and given larger grounds. Buildings in the grounds include a 19th century bowling pavilion and a row of sheds.	TM 23769 94621	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43647	Site of Boyland Hall	The site of Boyland Hall, demolished in about 1947. A trial trench evaluation in 2003 revealed post medieval walls and foundations.	TM 22223 94316		Post-Medieval
MNF46731	Multi-period pottery finds	Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were collected on the surface in 2003.	TM 23861 94470		Saxon to Post-Medieval

MNF50055	Church Farmhouse, Church Street	A 17th century two storey plastered timber framed house with a pantiled roof. It has a 19th to 20th century porch and a one storey wing to the northwest, giving it an L shaped plan.	TM 21844 92667	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50062	Malthouse Farmhouse, Fritton Common	A 17th century two storey plastered timber framed house with a single storey brick lean to on the north end.	TM 22373 92551	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50503	Nelson Hall	Dance hall belonging to adjacent public house, dated 1893. Red brick with pilastered walls.	TM 24055 94427	II	Modern
MNF56782	Beeches Farm	Brick barn, mid 18th century, extended in 19th century as crosswing. Stable, 18th century, brick with decorative features, contains intact stabling for ten horses, granary converted to loft. Second stable, now joined to first, with loose boxes. 19th century riding horse stables. C-shaped cattle yard complex, 19th century, kingpost roofs.	TM 23163 93695		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF58626	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery was recovered from a garden in 2009.	TM 2397 9443		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF60230	Oakwood, Fritton	In November 2010 a programme of historic building recording was undertaken at Oakwood Stables. The building is constructed from clay lump with a pantile roof and is located within the curtilage of a converted listed barn.	TM 2260 9260		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF62006	Former Fritton and Morningthorpe School	The school was built in 1841 and closed in July 1967. The building is now known as The Old School House and has been converted into a private dwelling.	TM 2206 9278		Modern
MNF66247	Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2019 recovered Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval/postmedieval jetton and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval harness pendant; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and copper alloy unidentified object and postmedieval buckles, a crotal bell and harness mount.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67378	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Systematic fieldwalking between 1992 and 1993 recovered no archaeological finds but metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and metal objects and a post-medieval jetton. The metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval buckle and strap fitting and a post-medieval harness mount and pipe tamper.	TM 23 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF67901	Barns at Connaught House	Late 18th and 19th century outbuildings at Connaught House comprising barns and stable. A brief record of the buildings was made in 2014 ahead of planned conversion to residential use.	TM 2396 9446		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF68915	Post-medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered a number of post-medieval pottery sherds at this location.	TM 2173 9497		Post-Medieval
MNF69208	Neolithic/Bronze Age and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2021 recovered Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flakes; Roman and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins; a medieval/post-medieval jetton; a post-medieval token and a number of other medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include medieval harness mounts and a lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval buckles and post-medieval crotal	TM 21 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

		bells, a sword-belt toggle clasp, horse-harness mount or strap fitting, sword or dagger quillon, clothes hook finial, copper alloy unidentified object and lead nozzle from powder flask.			
MNF69243	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval coin and a post-medieval buckle.	TM 21 93		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69760	Medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval coins	Metal-detecting between 2017 and 2018 recovered Roman and post-medieval coins, post-medieval tokens; and Roman, and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman brooch and finger ring; Late Saxon to postmedieval and medieval/post-medieval spindle whorls; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval/post-medieval thimbles and a cloth seal; and a post-medieval unidentified object , thimble, and cuff link.	Not displayed		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF72151	Early Saxon Great Square-Headed brooch	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered an Early Saxon Great Square-Headed brooch.	TM 23 94		Saxon
MNF73373	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered medieval coins and a number of other metal objects, including a Late Saxon bridle-bit link; a Late Saxon to post-medieval lead spindle whorl; a medieval possible prick spur and lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval spur rowels, a buckle, book clasp, silver pendant (probably a pilgrim souvenir) and copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval crotal bells, a hooked sword-belt fitting, rowel spur and unidentified openwork decorative object.	TM 21 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF122436	Systematic Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey by NAU Archaeology of land at Mill Farm, Tasburgh, February 2009		TM 21153 94553		
ENF136766	[PARENT] Field Survey by Norfolk Archaeological Unit of route of proposed Hardwick Landfill site access road, Hempnall/Morningthorpe, 1992-1993		TM 2382 9310		
ENF138434	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) by P. Wilding at Connaught House, Hempnall, June 2014		TM 2396 9446		
ENF96076	Trial Trenching by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Boyland		TM 2220 9434		

	Hall, Hempnall Road, Morningthorpe, October 2003				
ENF126026	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) by C. Winward at Oakwood Stables, Oakwood, The Common, Fritton, November 2010		TM 2260 9260		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
TEF-te	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure			
TEF-bl	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss			
SITE 6					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF72683	Middle Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 and 2018 recovered a Middle Saxon pin, a Late Saxon/medieval spindle whorl and a post-medieval token.	TM 25 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF10185	St Margaret's Church, Hempnall	Although St Margaret's Church today is essentially the work of restorers, particularly those in 1857, it has very early origins, the nave and the remains of the chancel being Saxon or Saxo-Norman. The north aisle and the tower were built in about 1300 and the south aisle and porch in the 14th century. The 15th century saw the aisles and chancel extended. However, several reported fires in the church led to its extensive restoration in 1857, when the ruined chancel was largely demolished. Less extensive work was carried out at intervals throughout the 20th century. Today, the interior of the church is light and airy, with the altar brought forward into the nave. The 15th century font survives, its octagonal bowl decorated with lions and angels with shields.	TM 2412 9445	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10190	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation, was noted in 1957 and 1985.	TM 2573 9472		Prehistoric
MNF17800	Poacher's Cottage, Silver Green	A small early 17th century thatched timber framed cottage with plastered walls and brick gables. The off-centre chimney stack has two octagonal brick shafts. The windows are modern, as is the lean-to porch.	TM 2503 9374	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF17801	Wodehouse Farm, formerly The Haven, Furze Lane, Silver Green	An early 16th century timber framed house, originally a hall house, floored in the 17th century. The building was faced in brick in the 19th century and extended twice in the	TM 2518 9347	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		20th century. Inside are original beams and joists, together with an original fireplace on the ground floor. Fragments of medieval stonework in the garden probably came from the chancel of St Margaret's Church which was demolished in 1857.			
MNF21989	Post medieval wayside burial	The burial place of one Richard Nobbs, who hanged himself in 1785 after the discovery of his son's skeleton, buried in a ditch and apparently murdered by him. As was the usual custom with those who 'self murdered', he was buried at the side of the highway.	TM 2645 9390		Post-Medieval
MNF22240	Roman pottery find	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Roman pottery.	TM 2424 9323		Roman
MNF22242	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1986 recovered Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, together with an early post medieval moulded brick.	TM 2427 9430		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF21999	Site of Hempnall Green Smock Mill	The site of an early 19th century eight-sided smock mill. The mill stopped working in 1904, and it is thought nothing remains today.	TM 2494 9296		Modern
MNF25261	Post medieval metal find	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered a post medieval buckle.	TM 2476 9356		Post-Medieval
MNF29172	Bronze Age flint find	An Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged flint arrowhead was found in 1992.	TM 2483 9274		Prehistoric
MNF29683	Roman metal find	Metal detecting in 1992 recovered a Roman finger ring or the drop handle from a Roman box.	TM 24 94		Roman
MNF30189	Bronze Age metal find	A Bronze Age copper alloy flanged axehead was found before 1993. No further details are known.	TM 2586 9418		Prehistoric
MNF38192	Thatched Cottage, Rookery Lane	This 16th century house has been much altered, and now has a 19th century brick façade over the original timber-frame. The roof height has been raised at the right hand end, and during restoration work in 1980 on the right hand bay revealed jowled posts, arched braces to the tie beams, and queen posts.	TM 2629 9303	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43543	Old Village Hall	A former early 20th century village hall, now used as a garage workshop. Designed in the Arts and Crafts style, it has a barrel roof and a tall tapering chimney.	TM 24335 94280		Modern
MNF45833	The Firs, Silver Green	A timber framed building that probably started life as a medieval hall house. The parlour end was rebuilt in about 1600, with a remarkable ornate fireplace. Later alterations include the insertion of an upper floor and chimney stack, together with raising the roof level. The house was extended in the 1970s.	TM 25101 93642	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48368	Tye Cottage	A 17th century timber framed house, clad in brick in the 18th century, with a hipped pantiled roof.	TM 24430 94360	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48369	Kirkstone, The Long House and Post Office	A long 17th century timber framed plastered range with a steep black glazed tile roof and gable ends.	TM 24111 94420	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF48374	Meadow Farm, Silver Green	A 17th century timber framed plastered house, the end walls faced in brick.	TM 25238 92804	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48375	Moat Farm, Road Green	A 17th or 18th century two storey timber framed house, much altered, its front faced with painted brick. It has a later pantiled roof with gable ends, a 19th century rear wing and a modern conservatory on its south end.	TM 25934 93994	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48380	Road Green Farmhouse	A 17th or 18th century two storey timber framed house, encased in brick in the 19th century and now painted. It has a brick lean-to on the south end.	TM 26005 93930	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48382	Rose Villa, Mill Road	A two storey mid 19th century red brick cottage with a pantiled roof and gable ends.	TM 24048 94316	II	Modern
MNF48383	Silver Green Farmhouse	A 17th century two storey timber framed house with a roughcast exterior and a brick faced south wall.	TM 25600 93366	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48385	Sycamore Farmhouse, Hempnall Green	A two storey 17th century plastered timber framed house, with a painted brick faced front and a pantiled roof with gabled ends.	TM 24900 93126	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48386	Thackery House	A 17th century plastered timber framed house. It has a pantiled roof with gabled ends.	TM 24126 94318	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48388	The Grange, Hempnall Green	An early 18th century two storey brick house with a painted front and a pantiled roof with gabled ends. It has a central doorway with columns and a frieze.	TM 24723 93085	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48389	The Poplars, Mill Road, Hempnall	A 17th century timber framed and plastered cottage. One storey high with dormer attics, it has a large chimney stack at its north end and a later one to its south. There is a gabled rear wing and an early 19th century wing on the north end.	TM 24089 94323	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48390	The Willows, Bungay Road	A 17th or 18th century two storey timber framed and brick house, with an east wing that gives the building an L-shaped plan. A large quantity of pottery was recovered during repair work on the inside of the house in 2009.	TM 2420 9424	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48393	Villa Farm	A two storey early 18th century house, faced in stucco or smoothed lime plaster. The gable ended roof has black glazed pantiles. There is a long single storey wing at the rear.	TM 24891 93640	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48394	The Willows, or Willow House	A two storey 17th century timber framed and plastered house, the ground floor and west end of which have been faced with brick. A single storey wing was added to the east end in the 19th century, and there is a modern wing on the northeast corner.	TM 24283 94300	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48396	Yew Tree Farm, Silver Green	A two storey 17th century timber framed and rendered house with a steep pantiled roof and gable ends. There is a later weatherboarded wing to the rear.	TM 25513 93113	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF56912	Cropmark of possible ring ditch	Circular cropmark, possible ring ditch, although probably a pond.	TM 25234 94535		Unknown
MNF57054	Bronze Age palstave mould	Metal detecting in 2007 recovered an incomplete bronze valve from a two-piece looped palstave mould of Middle Bronze Age date. The other half of this mould was	Not displayed		Prehistoric

		subsequently found in the adjacent field, along with the two halves of a second mould (NHER 58729). The recovery of two complete moulds at this location suggests that palstaves were potentially being produced here.			
MNF60840	Multi-period finds scatter	Metal-detecting in 2006 recovered Roman and medieval coins and a number of other metal objects including Roman brooches and silver finger ring; a possible Viking ingot and a medieval seal matrix, strap end and key.	Not displayed		Roman to Medieval
MNF61997	Hempnall bakery	Small family bakery, now demolished and a house built on the site.	TM 2414 9429		Modern
MNF10199	Probable Roman road	The course of a probable Roman road, marked on old maps.	TM 2521 9460		Roman
MNF10172	The Walls alleged Roman cemetery and multi-period finds	The alleged site of a Roman cemetery, referred to by 19th century sources, who state that cremation urns containing burnt human bone were found. The site is now a cultivated field, and fieldwalking has recovered prehistoric flint flakes and medieval to post medieval pottery fragments, but no Roman material.	TM 2477 9444		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF10209	Medieval moated site	Reportedly a medieval moated site, but further investigation has yet to take place.	TM 2576 9411		Medieval
MNF10210	Post medieval flax pit, Moat Farm	A long waterfilled pond, originally used for soaking flax in order to soften it prior to textile manufacture.	TM 2594 9408		Post-Medieval
MNF16113	Multi-period pottery finds and undated wall	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments. A large quantity of undated but probably post medieval bricks forming a rectangle, noted in 1996, are thought to be the remains of a garden wall.	TM 2431 9444		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF17803	Chestnut Tree Farm, Silver Green.	A well-preserved late medieval hall house with an added chimney stack and a three storey brick western extension dating to about 1700. Nearby are the faint remains of a probable medieval moat.	TM 2554 9322	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF19361	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered a large quantity of prehistoric burnt flints, fragments of prehistoric, Roman, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery, together with Roman tile fragments and oyster shells. Also noted were several areas of black soil. The indications are that the site saw human occupation, or at least activity, over a long period.	TM 241 937		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19366	Prehistoric burnt flints	Fieldwalking in 1982 noted a scatter of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 2469 9489		Prehistoric
MNF22238	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2436 9305		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22241	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2392 9387		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF21993	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints was noted prior to 1984.	TM 2430 9475		Prehistoric
MNF21994	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints was noted prior to 1984.	TM 245 946		Prehistoric
MNF25258	Medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered medieval pottery fragments.	TM 247 937		Medieval
MNF25259	Medieval and post medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, together with a medieval or early post medieval gilt bronze spur fragment.	TM 2498 9369		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF25260	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2474 9342		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF28811	Iron Age pottery finds, Roman, medieval and post-medieval metal finds	Iron Age pottery fragments are reported to have been found before 1989. Metal detecting in 2008 recovered a Roman brooch, medieval and post-medieval objects.	TM 24 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF28812	Roman pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered Roman pottery fragments.	TM 255 940		Roman
MNF28813	Saxon and medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered Late Saxon and medieval pottery fragments.	TM 256 935		Saxon to Medieval
MNF28814	Medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered medieval pottery fragments.	TM 258 935		Medieval
MNF40594	Undated enclosures and linear features	A 1996 aerial photograph shows the cropmarks of a number of enclosures and linear feature. These are probably field and settlement divisions and may be prehistoric or Roman in date.	TM 2436 9355		Unknown
MNF44549	Home Farm, Hempnall Green	An early 17th century thatched timber framed house, two storeys high, with a modern porch and windows.	TM 24789 93160	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF47367	Early/Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Sporadic metal-detecting between 1998 and 2014 recovered medieval coins as well as undated, Early/Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undated casting waste; an Early/Middle Saxon pendant; a medieval pot mend, strap-ends and part of a seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval book clasp and a post-medieval key and two mould-identical crucifix pendants.	TM 25 92		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF54980	Late Saxon and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2006 and 2013 recovered a medieval coin and a fragment of a possible Late Saxon strap end.	TM 25 93		Saxon to Medieval
MNF56622	Winter's Grove, medieval woodland	A small but complete ancient coppice-with-standards woodland surrounded by a large medieval woodbank and ditch. Winter's Grove is one of four woodland areas included in the Shotesham-Woodton Hornbeam Woods Site of Special Scientific Interest.	TM 26779 94331		Medieval to Modern

MNF64592	Middle Bronze Age pair of two-piece looped palstave moulds	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a copper alloy valve from a Middle Bronze Age palstave mould, similar to one found nearby in 2007 (NHER 51636). The other halves of these two moulds were found during subsequent metal-detecting in 2012. The recovery of two complete moulds at this location suggests that palstaves were potentially being produced here.	Not displayed		Prehistoric
MNF66552	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2015 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins and a hooked tag.	TM 25 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF66553	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a Roman coin and a medieval pot mend.	TM 25 93		Roman to Medieval
MNF66581	Medieval/post-medieval thimble	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a medieval/post-medieval thimble.	TM 26 93		Post-Medieval
MNF77480	Iron Age pit and other, undated and post-medieval to modern remains	Trial trenching at this location in 2022 revealed a number of scattered pits with notably charcoal-rich fills. Although these features contained no datable finds, one with a particularly dense layer of charcoal at its base produced a later Iron Age radiocarbon date. Various ditches were also recorded, several of which are likely to have been associated with former postmedieval field boundaries. The other ditches were all undated, although their alignments suggest they related to at least one earlier field system. Two large features containing post-medieval to modern finds were also recorded, one of which corresponds with a pond or water-filled pit shown on late 19th-century maps.	TM 2560 9267		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF152457	Trial Trenching by Pre-Construct Archaeology at Spring Farm, Spring Lane, Hempnall, August 2022	Evaluation of site of proposed new rainwater harvesting reservoir. A total of thirty-four trenches were opened using a 14-tonne 360-degree tracked excavator equipped with a toothless ditching bucket and working under close archaeological supervision.	TM 2560 9267		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF33857	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure			
SUB-SITES 7A-7C					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					

MNF43667	Post medieval coin	Metal detecting here before the summer of 2003 recovered a single post medieval coin.	TM 21 95		Post-Medieval
MNF10117	Medieval moated site	The site of a medieval moated building. The moat is still visible, though tree covered. Fragments of medieval pottery and brick have been found on the central island.	TM 2252 9540		Medieval
MNF17052	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, post medieval clay pipe stems and pieces of modern glass and pottery.	TM 2318 9537		Medieval to Modern
MNF15043	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval pottery fragments and a piece of post medieval glazed pottery.	TM 2275 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF10097	Mesolithic or later quartzite pebble macehead	In 1964 a perforated quartzite pebble macehead was found at this location. These objects are not closely datable, having been found in both Mesolithic and later prehistoric contexts.	TM 2227 9635		Prehistoric
MNF10104	St Mary's Church, Tasburgh	This church has a Late Saxon round tower with traces of blind arcading. Otherwise it is mostly of 15th century date, with Perpendicular windows. However, some of the modern exterior owes its appearance to Victorian restorations. Inside, there is a 15th century font with a Jacobean cover, poppy-headed benches and 17th century stained glass and memorials. Various prehistoric flints and sherds of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery have been found in the churchyard.	TM 2011 9588	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10105	Roman pottery sherd, River Tas	In 1948 the base of a Roman pottery jar was dredged from the River Tas.	TM 2049 9520		Roman
MNF10109	Prehistoric pot boilers, River Tas	A number of prehistoric pot boilers were dredged from the River Tas in 1947.	TM 2050 9530		Prehistoric
MNF10115	Ruins of St Mary's Church, Saxlingham Thorpe	The church that once stood here probably originated in the Late Saxon period as shown by the design of the nave and the two Saxo-Norman phases visible in the chancel. Other features like the tower and buttresses date to around 1500. Repairs to the building stopped in 1684 and by 1687 the building was ruinous with materials being used to repair St Mary's Church in Saxlingham Nethergate (NHER 10124). The church probably fell out of use as villagers migrated away from Saxlingham Thorpe to other more hospitable locations in the valley.	TM 2307 9660	II*	Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF10163	Roman pottery	A fragment of Roman pottery found in a gravel pit in 1948.	TM 2058 9471		Roman
MNF10181	Hempnall Windmill	A tarred brick tower mill, built in 1814. Only the tower shell remains, and this was derelict until the 1970s when it was renovated to become part of a day care centre.	TM 2374 9423		Modern
MNF12133	Mistletoe Cottage (Town House)	This property was built in about 1750 for the poor of parish and was converted to two cottages for road menders when Pulham Workhouse was erected. It became a private residence in 1929 when it was converted into a single house. It has a thatched roof and	TM 2050 9534	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		timber frame with brick repairs. The property has been subject to recent alterations including the removal of the ovens and stairs.			
MNF14693	Krons Manor, formerly White House/Fairstead House	A large and elaborate plastered timber framed house, dating to about 1610. It has a separate kitchen wing of about the same date. There have been many later alterations and additions, but the house retains some original (and unusual) features.	TM 2357 9477	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14694	Barn at Krons Manor	A good example of a 16th century and later timber framed barn, now converted to residential use.	TM 2361 9477		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14695	Thatched Cottage	A 17th century thatched timber framed house, heavily restored in 1939, though most of the original braces and beams survive. The house has a wooden spiral staircase clad in brick, and a domed oven next to two large but now reduced fireplaces. The single storey 19th century extension reuses much older wooden beams.	TM 2363 9475	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14696	Lime Tree Cottage	A 17th or 18th century thatched brick-faced timber framed cottage. The building has an unusually large arcaded chimney stack that may indicate earlier origins.	TM 2387 9455	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14318	Possible site of medieval building	The discovery in 1978 of medieval brick and tile fragments may indicate the former presence of a building.	TM 2234 9414		Medieval
MNF14697	Forge Cottage and smithy	A house and smithy, first appearing in documentary records in 1642. The long house, probably 17th century in origin, is timber framed and plastered, with two small original mullioned windows on the upper floor, but otherwise much restored in 'Tudor' style in the 19th century. The group of smithy buildings and a chimney behind the house are of red brick with yellow brick trimmings.	TM 2394 9450	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14867	Multi-period pottery sherds, rear of Old Hall Farm	In 1979 and 1984 a collection of Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from this location. Types identified included Late Saxon Thetford Ware and post medieval Staffordshire combware.	TM 2030 9607		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF15909	Medieval and post-medieval features and multi-period finds from Ruslene, Connaught Park	Grounds of former vicarage house, demolished in 1744. A number of small-scale excavations were undertaken here between 1980 and 1984. This work identified two gravel surfaces and a number of medieval clay-lined possible storage pits. It has been suggested that the site may have been a quay during the medieval period. These excavations also recovered a range of finds, including a Lower Palaeolithic flint handaxe; burnt flints; Roman, Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a Roman roof tile; a possible medieval malting tile and various other post-medieval and undatable objects. Additional Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval pottery sherds were recovered at the site in 2005.	TM 2398 9441		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF15472	Medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval pottery were found on the surface of a ploughed field in 1979.	TM 2265 9425		Medieval
MNF15977	Site of post medieval workhouse	The site of an 18th century workhouse, marked on a map of 1836. There is some uncertainty as to whether the building was completely demolished, or if the two storey rendered building to the west of the site is a remaining part.	TM 2363 9429		Post-Medieval

MNF15555	Site of post medieval brick kiln	The site of a brick kiln, marked on a late 18th century map.	TM 2209 9418		Post-Medieval
MNF16528	Hill Cottages, Broaden Lane	This house was converted into three cottages but has now reverted back to being a single building. It dates to the late 16 th century and takes the form of a timber frame faced in brick with a thatched roof. All the windows are 20th century imitations of older styles. North of the off-centre chimney stack the upper floor was formerly open to the roof. The roof now visible is an 18th century replacement.	TM 2346 9669	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16606	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds, Tramps Hall	Fieldwalking here in 1980 recovered sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery. The building here is documented as early as 1340, but the present house is said to be 17th century in date.	TM 2072 9547		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17051	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 and 1992 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2228 9527		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17858	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2280 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17917	Old Vicarage	A timber framed wattle and daub house, built in a double pile. A two storeyed crenellated Gothic frontage with a central arch was added in the early 19th century, when the interior of the original house was altered.	TM 2406 9449	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF18378	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1982 recovered a fragment of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2397 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19225	Roman pottery find	A fragment of Roman pottery was found in river dredgings in 1981.	TM 2363 9453		Roman
MNF19252	Countryman Public House (former Bird in Hand)	This tall narrow building has three storeys and Dutch gables to the east and west. Two side windows on the north side are blocked by the roof of a lean-to extension. The exterior is of brick and has been rendered over in recent times. This form of this public house is very similar to others in the area, like the Anchor in Coltishall, and it is probably of 18th century date.	TM 2080 9576	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19379	Neolithic flint axehead/adze, east of Countryman (Bird in Hand) Public House	In around 1980 a Neolithic chipped flint axehead or adze was recovered from the ploughed field surface here.	TM 2090 9578		Prehistoric
MNF21753	Middle Palaeolithic flint handaxe, west of Woodhouse Farm	In 1985 a Palaeolithic flint handaxe was ploughed up in the paddock here. It is an elegantly flaked example of a Middle Palaeolithic flat-butted cordate bout coupé handaxe.	TM 2213 9642		Prehistoric
MNF22186	Medieval church font, at Dairy Farm	The 13th century font from Thorpe church ruins (NHER 10115) has been built into a 19th century garden wall here.	TM 2382 9661		Medieval
MNF22194	Site of medieval/post medieval house	A house was shown at this location on an 1840 map of the parish, although no trace of it remains today. Six coarse medieval pottery sherds have been found here.	TM 2359 9656		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF22195	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds, from Woodhouse Farm	Sometime before 1985 a single medieval pottery sherd and several post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the garden of this property.	TM 2217 9645		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF23168	Post-medieval ice house	A well-preserved probably mid 19th century brick chambered ice house that served Boyland Hall.	TM 2213 9445		Modern
MNF24251	Neolithic flint scraper, northwest of Mudhole	Fieldwalking here in 1987 recovered a single Neolithic scraper made from brown stained flint.	TM 2311 9625		Prehistoric
MNF25467	Early Saxon finds	An Early Saxon wrist clasp and a fragment of an Early Saxon brooch found during metal detecting.	TM 20 94		Saxon
MNF29778	Roman object scatter and probable settlement	Metal detecting and fieldwalking at this location during 1993-94 recovered a variety of Roman artefacts. Finds included numerous coins, a flue tile fragment, an incomplete armlet and shell gritted ware pottery sherds. This is likely to represent an area of Romano-British settlement.	TM 23 96		Roman
MNF32279	Roman finger ring	Metal detecting here in 1996 recovered a beautiful Roman finger ring decorated with a border of punched dots and a central motif of an engraved animal or bird.	TM 21 95		Roman
MNF33205	Roman coin	A Roman coin found during metal detecting.	Not displayed		Roman
MNF39027	Post medieval sword belt mount	Metal detecting here in 1998 recovered an early post medieval sword belt mount. This particular example was very worn but two iron rivets survived.	TM 21 95		Post-Medieval
MNF39918	Bronze Age palstave	Metal detecting here in 2000 recovered two parts of a Middle Bronze Age palstave chisel from ploughsoil.	TM 23 96		Prehistoric
MNF39956	Bronze Age palstave	Metal detecting at this location in 2000 retrieved a Middle Bronze Age palstave axe.	TM 22 96		Prehistoric
MNF40993	Meadow View, Quaker Lane	This building was originally a timber-framed house, perhaps a hallhouse with service wings, and of 16th century date. In the 17th century a chimneystack was inserted and alterations made to the upper floor. However, most evidence of this history was removed by the rebuilding in brick around 1800 and alterations made in about 1890. A good brick barn and stable dating to around 1800 survive in association with the house.	TM 2100 9518	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF41179	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1984 recovered a piece of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2398 9450		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF41197	Manor Farm, The Street, Hempnall	Although much altered, this house originated as a 17th century timber framed dwelling, which was then heightened and had a chimney stack inserted. A rear wing was added later, and the whole building much altered and clad in brick in about 1800. The main façade may be an even later addition.	TM 2401 9451	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF44116	Boadicea's Oak	On north side of Quaker Lane, by the old chapel, there is an ancient hollow oak known locally as 'Boadicea's Oak'.	TM 20976 95242		Unknown
MNF45868	Tasburgh House, Norwich Road	This 18th century red brick house has a steep black glazed pantile roof with parapet gables. A string course exists between floors and the central doorcase with a cornice.	TM 20839 96006	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF45870	Tasburgh Barn, Norwich Road	18th century red brick barn. Steep black pantile roof with tumbled parapet gables. Central wagon doors on north. 19th century stables as pentise to south.	TM 20830 96054	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46728	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 2004 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 24058 94427		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF48702	Hill Farmhouse	This 17th century timber-framed house has a plastered and brick faced exterior. The steep slated roof has gabled ends.	TM 20725 95544	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48364	Connaught House	An 18th century two storey painted brick house with a black pantiled roof. It has a large 20th century single storey shop projecting to the right.	TM 23983 94482	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48365	Fairstead Lane Farmhouse	A 17th century timber framed farmhouse, brick faced and painted.	TM 23517 95055	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48367	Grove Farmhouse, Fairstead Lane	A 17th century plastered timber framed house with a brick faced south wall. The windows and doors are modern replacements.	TM 22570 95546	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48370	Limetree Farmhouse	A 17th century rendered thatched timber framed house.	TM 21382 95194	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48372	Manor Cottages	A range of four red brick cottages with the date 1771 made out in blue brick on the west end gable.	TM 23859 94676	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48373	Manor Farm Cottage	A late 18th century two storey red brick cottage with a pantiled roof and gable ends.	TM 24002 94508	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48378	Pevensey House, The Street	A 17th or 18th century painted brick house with later alterations. It has a steep black glazed pantile roof and gable ends.	TM 23848 94577	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48379	Priory Cottage and Smithy Cottage	A 17th century two storey timber framed house, encased in brick in the 20th century. It has a steep modern tiled roof with gable ends and a single storey west wing.	TM 24047 94462	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48384	Sunny View, Mill Road, Hempnall	An 18th century or earlier two storey cottage with a 19th century brick front and a modern tiled roof.	TM 23880 94301	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48395	Wood Farmhouse	A two storey 17th century brick house with later alterations. The roof of the house has black glazed pantiles and parapeted gable ends.	TM 22294 95403	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF48691	1 Church Road	This early 19th century red brick house has a low pitched hipped pantile roof with wide eaves. The house has two storeys and three window bays. An early 19th century brick garden wall survives to the northeast and northwest.	TM 20666 95560	II	Modern
MNF48695	The Lilacs, Church Road	This 17th century timber-framed house has a plastered exterior. The steep pantiled roof has gabled ends and an off centre brick chimneystack. All the casements are two or three-light and both panelled doors are of 18th/19th century date.	TM 20595 95631	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48696	Tramp's Hall	This unusually named 17th century timber-framed house has a roughcast exterior. It has two storeys and an attic, with an attic window in the gable end. The brick chimneystack is situated off centre and is also roughcast.	TM 20736 95479	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48697	Barn east of Tramp's Hall	This 17th century timber-framed barn has a roughcast exterior. The steep roof is clad in corrugated iron, the north end is gabled and the south end is half-hipped.	TM 20753 95480	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50482	Spinney Lodge, Hempnall Road	Small post medieval house of brick, shown on map of 1840 and said locally to date from 1820 and to have been either the gamekeeper's or gardener's house for the Boyland Hall estate.	TM 22756 94356		Modern
MNF53728	Manor Cottage, Broaden Lane	This former farmhouse was converted into two cottages, but now exists as a single cottage. It dates to the 17th century and but has later features including 18th and 19th century windows and a modern gabled porch.	TM 2380 9656	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF60353	Roman and medieval metal objects	Metal detecting revealed a Roman decorated object, a medieval key and a medieval coin.	TM 23 96		Roman to Medieval
MNF61490	Hempnall Community School	A flint and brick two-room school surviving very much as on the 1847 drawings with some 1898 extensions.	TM 2396 9456		Modern
MNF62956	Former site of 18th century milestone marking Norwich 9 miles and Ipswich 34 miles	Former site of one of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874. The stone was recorded as lost around 2006. A test pit excavated at this location in 2019 revealed no evidence of the milestone.	TM 2044 9484		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF66619	18th century milestone marking Norwich 8 miles and Ipswich 35 miles	One of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874.	TM 2099 9636		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF70596	Medieval harness pendant	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval harness pendant.	TM 23 96		Medieval
MNF72778	World War One memorial with World War Two addition, Tasburgh	World War One memorial with World War Two addition, constructed from granite in the form of a freestanding, rough-hewn, monolith. This memorial was erected to commemorate twelve members of the local community who died in World War One, and latterly a single serviceman who died in World War Two. The memorial was Listed Grade II in June 2018.	TM 2011 9591	II	Modern
MNF7947	The Pye Roman Road	In Norfolk this Roman road runs between Scole and the Roman town of Venta Icenorum at Caistor St Edmund. It can be seen on aerial photographs and is marked on old maps. Excavation of part of the road revealed two parallel roads - one Roman with two ditches	TM 1873 9104		Roman

		on either side of a hard surface and the other a post medieval diversion surviving as wheel ruts. It has been suggested that the Roman road cuts across a prehistoric field system that extends between Scole and Dickleburgh, but the date of that field system is a matter of great debate. The cropmarks of the section of this road running through Dunston Park are recorded under NHER 52170 and the section to the west of Caistor Roman town is under NHER 52197.			
MNF10116	Site of St Andrew's Chapel at Fairstead	The site of the medieval chapel of St Andrew. Nothing remains today, although medieval pottery fragments have been found. A chicken house now stands on the site.	TM 2132 9509		Medieval
MNF10168	Boyland deserted medieval village and Hall	The site of Boyland medieval village and successive Boyland Halls, the last of which was built in 1571 and remodelled in the Gothic Revival style in 1804. After the death of the last owner in 1930, the hall stood empty until it was demolished in 1947. A 16th century brick culvert still carries a stream under the site. Planning permission was granted in 2003 for a large new house to be built.	TM 2221 9427		Medieval to Modern
MNF10176	Undated enclosure and Roman pottery finds	Aerial photographs show the cropmarks of an undated rectangular enclosure. A possible ditch was noted in 1978 at the west end of this feature, containing fragments of Roman pottery.	TM 2191 9432		Unknown to Roman
MNF10178	Roman occupation site and field systems	Finds of Roman coins, brooches, building material and other objects indicate the former presence of a Roman settlement. Aerial photography in 1996 showed the cropmarks of old field boundaries that probably related to the settlement. Part of the site has now been quarried away.	TM 21 94		Roman
MNF10179	Bronze Age ring ditch	1973 aerial photographs show the cropmark of a ring ditch to the north of the Early Saxon cemetery (NHER 1120). The feature was destroyed by quarrying soon afterwards.	TM 2203 9442		Prehistoric
MNF10184	Possibly Bronze Age ring ditch	Aerial photography shows the cropmark of a possible Bronze Age ring ditch.	TM 2204 9496		Prehistoric
MNF1120	Morningthorpe Early Saxon cemetery and multi-period finds	An excavation following the chance discovery of two Early Saxon pots in a gravel pit in 1974 revealed an important Early Saxon cemetery with about 365 inhumations and nine cremations. Bone preservation was poor due to the acidity of the soil, but the many grave goods recovered included beads, finger rings, iron spearheads, shield bosses, knives, buckles, bucket fragments and the possible remains of a lyre. Although this work recovered evidence for intermittent prehistoric activity on the site, a Bronze Age cremation burial was the only feature of this date to be identified. Unstratified and residual prehistoric finds included Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Mesolithic/Early Neolithic and Neolithic/Bronze Age worked flints and sherds of Early Neolithic and Early Iron Age pottery.	TM 2200 9434		Prehistoric to Saxon
MNF11301	Site of post medieval brickworks/brick kiln	This is the supposed site of a post medieval brickworks. According to an informant the Suffolk type kiln lay to the north of this area and was filled in around 1959, with the rest of the area housing drying sheds. Conflicting mapping evidence make this assertion hard	TM 2306 9644		Post-Medieval

		to prove and no traces of activity are visible at the site which has now been levelled and planted with trees.			
MNF1135	Bronze Age beaker, prehistoric flints and multi-period pottery sherds	In 1974 workmen digging a pipe trench here found part of an Early Bronze Age beaker. Subsequently, in 1983, a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the same site, along with prehistoric flints and fragments of post medieval clay pipes.	TM 2031 9593		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14650	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered a prehistoric flint flake, together with Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2259 9451		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF14316	Prehistoric flint and medieval pottery finds	Prehistoric flint flakes and a blade, together with fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface of a field in 1978.	TM 2246 9421		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF15037	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 217 952		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15038	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	In 1979 a collection of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the field surface here.	TM 2039 9614		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15041	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and two pieces of post medieval tile.	TM 2362 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15471	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface of a ploughed field in 1979.	TM 2275 9428		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15979	Former Quaker Meeting House	The Quakers purchased this building in 1707 but it now operates as a private dwelling. The exterior is of 17th century date, but the stone doorway dates to 1903 and other later additions have been made. Inside, there is very fine panelling and plaster ceilings along with stone and marble fireplaces said to come from Kedleston Hall, Derbyshire and Framlingham Grange. A number of gravestones exist in the grounds of the property, a rare occurrence in an era when there were prohibitions about gravestones outside churchyards.	TM 2097 9526	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16110	Multi-period finds	Prehistoric flint flakes and fragments of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2036 9474		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16112	Prehistoric flint flakes	Prehistoric flint flakes found during fieldwalking.	TM 20317 94608		Prehistoric
MNF15554	Post medieval windmill and watermill at Mill Farm	A windmill and watermill are marked here on several historic maps dating back to 1675. The timber framed mill house dates back to the 17th century.	TM 2088 9496		Post-Medieval
MNF16527	Hill House, Broaden Lane	This large H-shaped brick building dates to the early 17th century. However, all exterior details are 19th century, except or the central group of four octagonal chimneys, and circular windows in the west facing gables. Further investigation has shown that the	TM 2339 9673	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		south crosswing contains a medieval timber framed wall unrelated to the remainder of the present house. It has been claimed that Neolithic handaxes have been found within the grounds of this property, but this has not been substantiated.			
MNF17241	Old Hall Farm, Tasburgh	The timber-framed house here possible sits on a medieval manorial site. The house takes the form of an open hall medieval building with a cross wing to the north. A second block was added in 17th century and there have been numerous alterations since this time.	TM 2027 9603	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF17049	Site of Thorpe Rectory and multi-period finds	Fieldwalking and metal-detecting during the period 1980 to 1996 recovered a variety of objects. These included medieval leadglazed earthenware, two Neolithic flint blades, medieval Flemish floor tiles and a Late Saxon strap end. This site is documented as the location of Thorpe Rectory which was ruined in 1614. Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, Middle-Late Bronze Age, medieval, medieval/post-medieval, post-medieval and undatable metal objects including a Middle-Late Bronze Age rapier and a lead alloy post-medieval whistle.	TM 23 96		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF17050	Roman and post medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1980 recovered numerous Roman pottery sherds and three 18th/19th century pottery sherds.	TM 2145 9593		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF13931	Prehistoric flint implements and post medieval pottery sherds	In 1978 and 1980 a large number of prehistoric flint implements were found here. Tool types identified included flakes, blades and scrapers. Several sherds of post medieval pottery were also retrieved from the same site.	TM 2042 9637		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF17737	Possible site of Thorpe Manor	The remains of a moated enclosure have been identified here. This moat may indicate that this was the site of Thorpe Manor, a fact supported by documentary evidence. Finds of prehistoric flint tools and post medieval Glazed Red Earthenware have been made outside the moat.	TM 2266 9670		Medieval
MNF17856	Prehistoric flint flakes, post medieval pottery and pipe stems	Fieldwalking here in 1981 recovered prehistoric flint flakes and 18th century stoneware pottery and clay pipe stems.	TM 2150 9597		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF17857	Medieval and post-medieval finds	In 1981 a number of medieval pottery sherds were found at the eastern edge of this field. Metal-detecting in around 2005 recovered a small number of items, including a post-medieval jetton, medieval and post-medieval buckles and a postmedieval mount.	TM 2292 9660		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19309	Prehistoric flints and multi-period pottery sherds, north/northeast of Thorpe church ruins	Fieldwalking here in 1983 and 1987 recovered various artefacts including a Neolithic flint scraper and struck flint flakes, sherds of Saxon Ipswich and Thetford Ware pottery and fragments of medieval coarse ware pottery. It has been suggested that the finds scatters here are indicative of three house sites.	TM 2312 9667		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF19310	Prehistoric flints and medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1983 recovered a number of prehistoric struck flints as well as sherds of coarse medieval pottery.	TM 2339 9664		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF21802	Neolithic flint tools, from west of Woodhouse Farm	In 1985 a collection of Neolithic flint tools was recovered from the surface of a ploughed field here. Finds comprised part of a polished axe, a sickle of quite rare form and a scraper.	TM 220 963		Prehistoric

MNF22193	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the landscaped garden here as well as from the adjacent field. Fragments of medieval coarse ware were identified.	TM 2356 9661		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22234	Saxon and medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered one Late Saxon and one medieval pottery fragment.	TM 2393 9519		Saxon to Medieval
MNF22235	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, large quantities of medieval pottery fragments, some post medieval fragments and clay pipe stems.	TM 236 951		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22236	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, medieval pottery fragments and large quantities of post medieval pottery fragments. Also found was a post medieval coin.	TM 2344 9517		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22237	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2324 9525		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22239	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2353 9492		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF2258	Tasburgh Hillfort	The hillfort here has a single rampart about 3m high, and an internal area of about 20 acres. It is presumed to be of Iron Age date but the presence of Late Saxon fortifications may indicate this was once a burgh. The site has been extensively investigated since the 19th century, and this work has recovered large numbers of Roman, Saxon and medieval pottery sherds and metal items. Surveys have also identified numerous features and earthworks which comprise, amongst others, medieval ditches and pits, Saxon hearths and metalworking areas and prehistoric pits and post holes.	TM 20 95	SM	Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF13955	Multi-period pottery finds	Fragments of Roman, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery were found on the surface of a field in 1978.	TM 2229 9444		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF25691	Late Saxon and medieval finds	A Late Saxon openwork mount and a medieval eagle head, possibly from a handle, found during metal detecting.	TM 20 94		Saxon to Medieval
MNF29757	Cropmarks of undated enclosure	Aerial photographs taken in 1990 show the cropmarks of part of a possible enclosure at this location. No date was assigned to this feature.	TM 2133 9497		Unknown
MNF29412	Possible Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flint working site and multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 and metal-detecting between 2014 and 2019 recovered prehistoric worked flints, including a large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flakes, scrapers and blades and Mesolithic blades and a core; Beaker, Iron Age and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman and medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include medieval buckles, medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a mount and a post-medieval coin weight and belt fastener. The large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flints present suggests that this may have been a lithic working or occupation site.	TM 233 940		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF29682	Roman and post medieval object scatter	Metal detecting here in 1993 and later topsoil stripping in 1997 recorded a number of metal items. These included a Roman mortar terminal in shape of an ox head, a Roman dolphin type brooch and late post medieval and modern coins and metalwork.	TM 23 96		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF30038	Medieval metal finds	Metal detecting in 1993 recovered four medieval coins and a gold finger ring set with a sapphire.	Not displayed		Medieval
MNF32920	Undated enclosure	Aerial photography in 1946 showed the cropmarks of an undated rectangular enclosure, now in the back gardens of a number of modern houses.	TM 2387 9421		Unknown
MNF39459	Medieval/post medieval candlestick holder	Metal detecting here before April 1999 recovered the base of a late medieval/early post medieval candlestick holder.	TM 20 96		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF3996	Manor Farm, The Green	The farmhouse here is T-shaped in plan, with the earliest parts dating to the 16th century. The crosswing and main section were added onto this timber frame in the 18th century. It appears that the brick bond work here is a mixture of English and Flemish styles. A timber-framed and weatherboarded barn stands to the east of the farmhouse and this also dates to the 17th century.	TM 2385 9655	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF40591	Cropmarks of possible Roman enclosures	A series of enclosures are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. The enclosures are probably part of a field system, and may be associated with a nearby Roman settlement, see NHER 10178.	TM 2078 9478		Roman
MNF40593	Cropmarks of ring ditch and possible Roman field system	A ring ditch, probably dating to the Bronze Age, is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. Several linear features are also visible as cropmarks and they may be related to a nearby Roman settlement, NHER 10178, and possible field system, NHER 36354.	TM 2078 9452		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF42029	The Hollies, The Street	A timber framed house, now much altered, but originally dating to the 17th century or earlier. The house seems to have been inserted into an earlier street frontage. Its height was raised in about 1700, although it probably retains its original chimney stack. In the 19th century the building was clad in brick, extended and given larger grounds. Buildings in the grounds include a 19th century bowling pavilion and a row of sheds.	TM 23769 94621	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43569	Site with no archaeological finds or features, Piggott's Farm	A watching brief in 2003 recorded no archaeological finds or features in this location.	TM 21528 96024		Unknown
MNF43647	Site of Boyland Hall	The site of Boyland Hall, demolished in about 1947. A trial trench evaluation in 2003 revealed post medieval walls and foundations.	TM 22223 94316		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF46729	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were found on the surface in 2003.	TM 22225 95346		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF46731	Multi-period pottery finds	Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were collected on the surface in 2003.	TM 23861 94470		Saxon to Post-Medieval

MNF50503	Nelson Hall	Dance hall belonging to adjacent public house, dated 1893. Red brick with pilastered walls.	TM 24055 94427		Modern
MNF58626	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery was recovered from a garden in 2009.	TM 2397 9443		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF62518	Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged arrowhead	A Late Neolithic/Early Bronze Age barbed and tanged arrowhead was recovered as a stray find in a garden in 2011.	TM 20 95		Prehistoric
MNF66015	Possible Palaeolithic flint handaxes or Neolithic axeheads, garden of Hill House	Several flint objects were reportedly found in the garden of Hill House during the excavation of a drainage trench in the 1970s. These were apparently identified as 'handaxes' before being thrown away. It has however been suggested that these were more likely to have been Neolithic flaked axeheads. The presence of five such objects in such close proximity may indicate that some form of hoard had been disturbed.	TM 2334 9675		Prehistoric
MNF66247	Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2019 recovered Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval/postmedieval jetton and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval harness pendant; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and copper alloy unidentified object and postmedieval buckles, a crotal bell and harness mount.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67378	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Systematic fieldwalking between 1992 and 1993 recovered no archaeological finds but metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and metal objects and a post-medieval jetton. The metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval buckle and strap fitting and a post-medieval harness mount and pipe tamper.	TM 23 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF67901	Barns at Connaught House	Late 18th and 19th century outbuildings at Connaught House comprising barns and stable. A brief record of the buildings was made in 2014 ahead of planned conversion to residential use.	TM 2396 9446		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF68915	Post-medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered a number of post-medieval pottery sherds at this location.	TM 2173 9497		Post-Medieval
MNF69209	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2017 recovered post-medieval coins; medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval jettons and a number of other metal objects, including medieval strap ends and post-medieval crotal bells and dress hook.	TM 21 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69210	Medieval/post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval/post-medieval spindle whorl and vessel fragment.	TM 21 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69938	Mesolithic to Early Neolithic struck flints	Two struck flints likely of Mesolithic to Early Neolithic date and fire-cracked burnt flint were recovered from molehills in 2017.	TM 2019 9571		Prehistoric
MNF72151	Early Saxon Great Square-Headed brooch	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered an Early Saxon Great Square-Headed brooch.	TM 23 94		Saxon

MNF73099	Late Saxon/medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Late Saxon/medieval stirrup mount, and a post-medieval cloth seal.	TM 22 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF74301	Roman coin	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a Roman coin.	TM 20 96		Roman
MNF74461	Roman key	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered a Roman key.	TM 24 95		Roman
MNF74462	Middle Bronze Age palstave	Metal-detecting at this location in 2022 recovered a Middle Bronze Age palstave.	TM 23 95		Prehistoric
MNF77474	Site where limited groundworks revealed no archaeologically-significant remains	A watching brief maintained during the construction of a new outbuilding at this location in 2015 recorded no archaeologically significant features or deposits. There was evidence the site had seen considerable recent disturbance, with a mix of gravel and modern rubble lying directly on the natural clay.	TM 20 95		Unknown
MNF77481	Undated pits and ditches	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 exposed a small number of poorly-dated pits and ditches. Finds were limited to prehistoric worked flints and post-medieval/modern brick or tile fragments, the majority of which were recovered from unstratified contexts.	TM 2035 9480		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF77482	Undated pits, ditches and other remains	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 revealed a distinct cluster of pits and possible linear features, the majority of which contained similar, very dark fills. Unfortunately the date of these remains is unclear as no finds were recovered. One large, shallow feature with a flat base and parallel sides was tentatively interpreted as potentially the remains of a structure. The only features identified elsewhere were a pair of parallel ditches, which were also undated.	TM 2048 9498		Unknown
MNF77484	Possible prehistoric 'pot boiler' spread, other, undated features and organic deposits	Trial trenching at this site in 2019 revealed a small number of undated features including a possible pit, a post-hole and two ditches. The two discrete features both contained dark fills and lay on the margins of large hollow, the lower fill of which consisted of dark organic material. Similar material was also exposed beneath deep possibly colluvial deposits in two adjacent trenches, one of which also exposed a more discrete patch of what was potentially a prehistoric burnt flint 'pot boiler' spread (an accumulation of material that had been used to heat or boil water).	TM 2051 9490		Prehistoric
MNF77485	Site with no evidence for archaeologically-significant remains	Trial trenches excavated at this site in 2019 revealed no archaeologically-significant features or deposits.	TM 2058 9478		Unknown
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF95994	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Piggott's Farm, Tasburgh, September 2003		TM 2152 9602		

ENF142223	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 22 Orchard Way, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2064 9577		
ENF142189	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 18 Church Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2057 9571		
ENF142191	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 28 Chestnut Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2056 9547		
ENF142205	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at Preston Primary School, Tasburgh, May 2017		TM 2041 9590		
ENF142215	Metal-detecting by the Imagined Land Project at Preston Primary School, Tasburgh, May 2017		TM 2041 9590		
ENF142190	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 13 Curson Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2018 9575		
ENF142188	Test Pitting by the Imagined Land Project at 59 Church Road, Tasburgh, 2017		TM 2021 9586		
ENF91090	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Owls Wood, Church Road, Tasburgh, Norfolk		TM 2017 9586		
ENF138942	Watching Brief by Heather Wallis at Old Hall Farm, Church Road, Tasburgh, October 2015		TM 2026 9600		
ENF134393	Watching Brief by NPS Archaeology in the churchyard of St Mary's Church and the grounds of The Old Rectory, Tasburgh, May 2014		TM 2008 9592		
ENF93952	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Friends House, Quaker Lane, Tasburgh, June 2002		TM 2097 9526		

ENF145568	[PARENT] Trial Trenching by Broadland Archaeology at Hempnall Crossroads (junction of A140 and B1527), Ipswich Road, Long Stratton, Jan-Feb 2018		TM 2048 9483		
ENF145974	Trial Trenching by Broadland Archaeology at land northeast of Hempnall Crossroads, Long Stratton, January-February 2019 (Trenches 17, 19 and 25-28)		TM 2051 9490		
ENF121925	Systematic Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey by NAU Archaeology of land at Mill Farm, Tasburgh, October 2008		TM 20792 94815		
ENF122436	Systematic Fieldwalking and Metal-detecting Survey by NAU Archaeology of land at Mill Farm, Tasburgh, February 2009		TM 21153 94553		
ENF96076	Trial Trenching by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Boyland Hall, Hempnall Road, Morningthorpe, October 2003		TM 2220 9434		
ENF136766	[PARENT] Field Survey by Norfolk Archaeological Unit of route of proposed Hardwick Landfill site access road, Hempnall/Morningthorpe, 1992-1993		TM 2382 9310		
ENF138434	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) by P. Wilding at Connaught House, Hempnall, June 2014		TM 2396 9446		
ENF134917	Geophysical Survey by Archaeological Services WYAS at Tasburgh/Long Stratton, July 2014		TM 1974 9512		
ENF135791	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) at Manor Farmhouse, Saxlingham		TM 2382 9657		

	Nethergate by I Morris, June 2013				
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF33794	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure.			
HNF33764, HNF33760, HNF33761, HNF33766	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			
HNF33510, HNF33775	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss with relict element.			
HNF33887	Inland managed wetland	Enclosed meadow.			
SUB-SITES 7D-7H					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF74462	Middle Bronze Age palstave	Metal-detecting at this location in 2022 recovered a Middle Bronze Age palstave.	TM 23 95		Prehistoric
MNF74461	Roman key	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered a Roman key.	TM 24 95		Roman
MNF28810	Possible medieval moated site	An irregular rectangular ditch marked on maps is thought to have been a medieval moated site. Roman and large quantities of medieval pottery fragments are reported to have been found. Today, however, any remaining traces of a moat have been destroyed by agriculture.	TM 2447 9534		Medieval
MNF22194	Site of medieval/post medieval house	A house was shown at this location on an 1840 map of the parish, although no trace of it remains today. Six coarse medieval pottery sherds have been found here.	TM 2359 9656		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF32723	World War Two decoy airfield	A night time decoy for Hardwick airfield. Called a 'Q' type, this decoy consisted of rows of electrical lighting made to look like airfield flightpaths, and was designed to divert attention away from the real airfield.	TM 256 952		Modern
MNF70596	Medieval harness pendant	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval harness pendant.	TM 23 96		Medieval

MNF10099	Shotesham Romano-British settlement	This site has been extensively investigated from 1967 to 1996 using fieldwalking, metal detecting and aerial photography. Traces of Roman buildings and a water pipe have been found on the surface here and some of these features are also visible as cropmarks. A huge range of finds have been recovered from this area. Numerous Roman finds have been recovered such as coins, tesserae, tiles, jewellery, dress fittings, metal working debris and pottery sherds. This suggests that a settlement was located here in the Romano-British period. Quantities of post medieval finds in the area could indicate the presence of a road or buildings in this later period.	TM 23 97		Roman
MNF10108	Medieval field system	In 1949 a medieval strip field system was observed at this location.	TM 228 969		Medieval
MNF10117	Medieval moated site	The site of a medieval moated building. The moat is still visible, though tree covered. Fragments of medieval pottery and brick have been found on the central island.	TM 2252 9540		Medieval
MNF10148	Roman pottery sherds	Roman pottery sherds have been recorded at this location.	TM 252 969		Roman
MNF10172	The Walls alleged Roman cemetery and multi-period finds	The alleged site of a Roman cemetery, referred to by 19th century sources, who state that cremation urns containing burnt human bone were found. The site is now a cultivated field, and fieldwalking has recovered prehistoric flint flakes and medieval to post medieval pottery fragments, but no Roman material.	TM 2477 9444		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF10209	Medieval moated site	Reportedly a medieval moated site, but further investigation has yet to take place.	TM 2576 9411		Medieval
MNF10210	Post medieval flax pit, Moat Farm	A long waterfilled pond, originally used for soaking flax in order to soften it prior to textile manufacture.	TM 2594 9408		Post-Medieval
MNF11301	Site of post medieval brickworks/brick kiln	This is the supposed site of a post medieval brickworks. According to an informant the Suffolk type kiln lay to the north of this area and was filled in around 1959, with the rest of the area housing drying sheds. Conflicting mapping evidence make this assertion hard to prove and no traces of activity are visible at the site which has now been levelled and planted with trees.	TM 2306 9644		Post-Medieval
MNF11917	Old Hall, Church Hill, Saxlingham Nethergate	This timber framed mansion is built on a 13th century moated site, and is one of the older mansion houses of England. It dates from the mid 17th century, with an 18th century panelled room, and important alterations and additions during 1900-1924. It was used as a hospital in World War I. Remains of early 20th century gardens and an 18th century stable have been recorded in the grounds of the house.	TM 2324 9714	II*	Medieval to Modern
MNF13174	Medieval/post-medieval building and features, Church Hill	Archaeological evaluations and excavations here in 2000 recorded an infilled water channel related to Old Hall and the clay base of an outbuilding. All these features are probably of late 15th to early 17th century date. A gold ring was reportedly found here in 1827 and subsequent investigations during the period 1983-2002 have found a variety of artefacts including two potentially Palaeolithic worked flints, Saxon and medieval	TM 23 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

		buckles and multi period pottery sherds. The large number of postmedieval pottery wasters suggests a kiln may once have been situated here. Fieldwalking in 2011 recovered Romano-British, Late Saxon/medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery.			
MNF15041	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments and two pieces of post medieval tile.	TM 2362 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF15043	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval pottery fragments and a piece of post medieval glazed pottery.	TM 2275 9489		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF16113	Multi-period pottery finds and undated wall	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments. A large quantity of undated but probably post medieval bricks forming a rectangle, noted in 1996, are thought to be the remains of a garden wall.	TM 2431 9444		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF16527	Hill House, Broaden Lane	This large H-shaped brick building dates to the early 17th century. However, all exterior details are 19th century, except for the central group of four octagonal chimneys, and circular windows in the west facing gables. Further investigation has shown that the south crosswing contains a medieval timber framed wall unrelated to the remainder of the present house. It has been claimed that Neolithic handaxes have been found within the grounds of this property, but this has not been substantiated.	TM 2339 9673	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16365	Green Farm, Saxlingham Green	The fragments of a 16th century hall house survive here. The building shows 17th century extensions and alterations. This earlier structure was revealed when the building was subject to restoration. Pieces of medieval and post medieval pottery have been reportedly found in the garden of this property.	TM 2398 9668	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF17049	Site of Thorpe Rectory and multi-period finds	This house was converted into three cottages but has now reverted back to being a single building. It dates to the late 16 th century and takes the form of a timber frame faced in brick with a thatched roof. All the windows are 20th century imitations of older styles. North of the off-centre chimney stack the upper floor was formerly open to the roof. The roof now visible is an 18th century replacement.	TM 23 96	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF17697	Cropmarks of possible Bronze Age ring ditches and barrow	Aerial photography in 1977 recorded cropmarks identified as two ring ditches and a possible circular barrow. The nature of these features may suggest they are of Bronze Age date. Additionally, a number of surface finds have been retrieved from the site of these cropmarks including multi period pottery sherds and Neolithic flint pieces.	TM 238 973		Prehistoric
MNF17737	Possible site of Thorpe Manor	The remains of a moated enclosure have been identified here. This moat may indicate that this was the site of Thorpe Manor, a fact supported by documentary evidence. Finds of prehistoric flint tools and post medieval Glazed Red Earthenware have been made outside the moat.	TM 2266 9670		Medieval
MNF17857	Medieval and post-medieval finds	In 1981 a number of medieval pottery sherds were found at the eastern edge of this field. Metal-detecting in around 2005 recovered a small number of items, including a post-medieval jetton, medieval and post-medieval buckles and a postmedieval mount.	TM 2292 9660		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF19479	Church Hill Cottages	These rendered timber-framed cottages date to the 15th or 16th century. Originally there was a single cell house with gableend jetty, a very fine moulded queen post roof and a smoke bay. This was doubled in length by an extension with a clasped purlin roof.	TM 2306 9707	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19309	Prehistoric flints and multi period pottery sherds, north/northeast of Thorpe church ruins	Fieldwalking here in 1983 and 1987 recovered various artefacts including a Neolithic flint scraper and struck flint flakes, sherds of Saxon Ipswich and Thetford Ware pottery and fragments of medieval coarse ware pottery. It has been suggested that the finds scatters here are indicative of three house sites.	TM 2312 9667		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF19310	Prehistoric flints and medieval pottery sherds	Fieldwalking here in 1983 recovered a number of prehistoric struck flints as well as sherds of coarse medieval pottery.	TM 2339 9664		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF19366	Prehistoric burnt flints	Fieldwalking in 1982 noted a scatter of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 2469 9489		Prehistoric
MNF21312	Old Carriers Arms, The Street	This former public house dates to the early 17th century and later. It is built from a rendered timber frame with a thatched roof. The timber frame is of a high quality with fine clasped purlin roof with windbracing. Internally, there are several original planked doors with a particularly fine example upstairs.	TM 2292 9719	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF22184	Prehistoric or Iron Age pottery sherds and a Roman coin	Fieldwalking before 1985 recovered prehistoric or Iron Age pottery sherds. Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a Roman coin.	TM 23 97		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF22193	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the landscaped garden here as well as from the adjacent field. Fragments of medieval coarse ware were identified.	TM 2356 9661		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22200	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	This location was described as plot of land with a former cottage which was rebuilt in the 1970s. No house appears on the relevant mapping for the area, but a few sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery were recovered sometime before 1985.	TM 2536 9617		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF22201	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 this location was noted as the possible site of a post medieval house. A single medieval pottery sherd as well as several post medieval sherds were recovered from the small cultivated plot here.	TM 2546 9605		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF22234	Saxon and medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered one Late Saxon and one medieval pottery fragment.	TM 2393 9519		Saxon to Medieval
MNF22235	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, large quantities of medieval pottery fragments, some post medieval fragments and clay pipe stems.	TM 236 951		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22236	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered a piece of Late Saxon pottery, medieval pottery fragments and large quantities of post medieval pottery fragments. Also found was a post medieval coin.	TM 2344 9517		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF22237	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2324 9525		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF22239	Multi-period pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2353 9492		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF21993	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints was noted prior to 1984.	TM 2430 9475		Prehistoric
MNF21994	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints was noted prior to 1984.	TM 245 946		Prehistoric
MNF14051	Lathgreen Farm	This L-shaped building was probably originally timber framed. It dates to the late 16th century and has one wing as a separate kitchen. The walls replaced with brick in the 17th century. In the late 18th century it underwent grand refurbishment as a gentry residence, and a large ornate brick barn was built. Further alterations were made in the 19th century.	TM 2552 9685		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF24537	Possible Roman settlement and multi-period finds	Metal detecting here during 1987-91 recovered a range of Roman objects, including pottery sherds, roof tiles and bricks, coins, brooches, steelyard weights, a copper alloy bracelet and various strap, furniture and harness fittings. The size and diversity of this assemblage strongly suggests that some form of Roman settlement foci was present at this location. A notable number of the pottery sherds and metal objects are of 3rd- to 4th-century date, suggesting that activity may have peaked during the Late Roman period. Other finds recovered included ?Mesolithic and Neolithic worked flints; medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other metal objects. The metal finds included a Bronze Age copper alloy axe fragment; possible Early Saxon tweezers; a medieval copper alloy chrismatory (a small vessel initially identified as Roman) and belt mount; a post-medieval hooked tag, buckle spoon and copper alloy ring and undatable (but potentially Roman) iron and copper alloy metal working debris.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF25182	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking and metal detecting in 1989 recovered a fragment of possibly Iron Age pottery, Roman pottery, tile and brick fragments and a few pieces of medieval pottery. Also found were a Roman coin and a Saxon coin.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF28812	Roman pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered Roman pottery fragments.	TM 255 940		Roman
MNF29682	Roman and post medieval object scatter	Metal detecting here in 1993 and later topsoil stripping in 1997 recorded a number of metal items. These included a Roman mortar terminal in shape of an ox head, a Roman dolphin type brooch and late post medieval and modern coins and metalwork.	TM 23 96		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF31567	Roman coin	In 1995 a Roman coin of Antoninus Pius was recorded at a metal detecting rally.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF33202	Late Saxon silver coin	Metal detecting at this location during 1993 recovered a single Late Saxon silver coin.	Not displayed		Saxon

MNF3996	Manor Farm, The Green	An earthwork of a possible medieval moat or fishpond is visible on aerial photographs (S1-S3). This earthwork is located at TM 3100 9403, immediately to the north of Wood Farm at Hedenham. The ditches are up to 5m wide and define the south, west and east sides of a possible sub-rectangular enclosure. It has a slightly parallelogram shaped plan and measures at least 44m by 21m internally. No ditch earthwork is visible to form the northern side of the enclosure and it is possible that there was never one present. These earthworks could relate to a small moat or C-shaped fishpond of medieval date. No corresponding feature is marked on the 1839 Hedenham tithe map (S4) or later maps. The site is located immediately to the north of Wood Farm (NHER 43100), a 17th century house, which could have had a medieval precursor. The area of the site was a grass paddock in 1988 and the feature was still visible as a cropmark at that time.	TM 2385 9655		Unknown to Medieval
MNF40647	Cropmarks of a prehistoric hengiform monument and ring ditches, possible barrow cemetery	Aerial photography in 1996 recorded cropmarks that have been identified as a large hengiform monument and a number of ring ditches. The size of the ring ditches suggest they are early barrows, maybe part of a barrow cemetery, with the henge forming the central focus. Other anomalous mounds have been noted here.	TM 2343 9735		Prehistoric
MNF40595	Cropmarks of possible Bronze Age ring ditch and linear ditches	Aerial photography in 1996 recorded the cropmarks of a ring ditch and two linear ditches. It seems likely that the ring ditch relates to the linear barrow cemetery to the south (NHER 22184 and 17697).	TM 2354 9755		Prehistoric
MNF42029	The Hollies, The Street	A timber framed house, now much altered, but originally dating to the 17th century or earlier. The house seems to have been inserted into an earlier street frontage. Its height was raised in about 1700, although it probably retains its original chimney stack. In the 19th century the building was clad in brick, extended and given larger grounds. Buildings in the grounds include a 19th century bowling pavilion and a row of sheds.	TM 23769 94621	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF43281	Site with no archaeological finds or features, Church Hill	Investigations here in 2004 found nothing of archaeological significance.	TM 23194 97186		Unknown
MNF43326	Low Farm or Shotesham Barn, Wash Lane	This timber framed barn of three steads dates to the 15th/16th century. It has the remains of an unusual queenpost roof but otherwise survives intact. The porch is of later date and a number of other additions have been added recently.	TM 24788 97191	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46731	Multi-period pottery finds	Late Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments were collected on the surface in 2003.	TM 23861 94470		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF50503	Nelson Hall	Dance hall belonging to adjacent public house, dated 1893. Red brick with pilastered walls.	TM 24055 94427		Modern
MNF56622	Winter's Grove, medieval woodland	A small but complete ancient coppice-with-standards woodland surrounded by a large medieval woodbank and ditch. Winter's Grove is one of four woodland areas included in the Shotesham-Woodton Hornbeam Woods Site of Special Scientific Interest.	TM 26779 94331		Medieval
MNF58626	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery	Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post medieval pottery was recovered from a garden in 2009.	TM 2397 9443		Saxon to Post-Medieval

MNF59056	Late Neolithic rod and a Late Prehistoric blade	A Late Neolithic rod and a Late Prehistoric blade were recovered from allotments in 2009.	TM 2321 9702		Prehistoric
MNF59998	Shotesham Little Wood	An area of ancient woodland which was previously connected to Shotesham Great Wood.	TM 2532 9746		Medieval
MNF61407	Late Saxon suspension unit for censer or balance	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a Late Saxon suspension unit for a censer or balance.	TM 25 95		Saxon
MNF66015	Possible Palaeolithic flint handaxes or Neolithic axeheads, garden of Hill House	Several flint objects were reportedly found in the garden of Hill House during the excavation of a drainage trench in the 1970s. These were apparently identified as 'handaxes' before being thrown away. It has however been suggested that these were more likely to have been Neolithic flaked axeheads. The presence of five such objects in such close proximity may indicate that some form of hoard had been disturbed.	TM 2334 9675		Prehistoric
MNF66552	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2015 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins and a hooked tag.	TM 25 94		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF66553	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a Roman coin and a medieval pot mend.	TM 25 93		Roman to Medieval
MNF67347	Post-medieval coins	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered post-medieval coins.	TM 24 97		Post-Medieval
MNF67514	Middle Bronze Age/Early Iron Age cauldron and medieval coins	Metal-detecting between 2014 and 2021 recovered an incomplete Middle Bronze Age/Early Iron Age cauldron and medieval coins.	TM 23 96		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF67901	Barns at Connaught House	Late 18th and 19th century outbuildings at Connaught House comprising barns and stable. A brief record of the buildings was made in 2014 ahead of planned conversion to residential use.	TM 2396 9446		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF68449	Neolithic axehead, and Roman cosmetic set	Metal-detecting before August 2014 and in 2017 recovered a Neolithic axehead and a Roman cosmetic set.	TM 26 96		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF69023	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval jetton and post-medieval tokens; and a postmedieval/20th century unidentified gold object.	TM 25 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF70098	Middle Saxon, Late Saxon and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a Middle Saxon Merovingian tremissis, a Late Saxon stirrup terminal and a post-medieval buckle.	TM 23 97		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF70481	Middle Saxon to medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2018 recovered Roman and post-medieval coins; a Middle/Late Saxon strap-end and a medieval buckle.	TM 24 97		Saxon to Medieval
MNF70815	Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2017 recovered an Iron Age pottery sherd and Roman coins as well as a Roman brooch fragment; a medieval buckle and a post-medieval cloth seal.	TM 23 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF71511	Post-medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a post-medieval coin.	TM 24 97		Post-Medieval
MNF72683	Middle Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 and 2018 recovered a Middle Saxon pin, a Late Saxon/medieval spindle whorl and a post-medieval token.	TM 25 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF73369	Roman brooch	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Roman brooch.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF76521	Post-medieval lead cloth seal	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a post-medieval lead cloth seal.	TM 24 96		Post-Medieval
MNF76522	Post-medieval lead cloth seal	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a post-medieval lead cloth seal.	TM 23 96		Post-Medieval
MNF10199	Probable Roman road	The course of a probable Roman road, marked on old maps.	TM 2521 9460		Roman
MNF10097	Mesolithic or later quartzite pebble macehead	In 1964 a perforated quartzite pebble macehead was found at this location. These objects are not closely datable, having been found in both Mesolithic and later prehistoric contexts.	TM 2227 9635		Prehistoric
MNF10100	Roman copper alloy coin	In 1955 a copper alloy Roman coin of Constantine I was found in the garden of the cottage here.	TM 229 970		Roman
MNF10115	Ruins of St Mary's Church, Saxlingham Thorpe	The church that once stood here probably originated in the Late Saxon period as shown by the design of the nave and the two Saxo-Norman phases visible in the chancel. Other features like the tower and buttresses date to around 1500. Repairs to the building stopped in 1684 and by 1687 the building was ruinous with materials being used to repair St Mary's Church in Saxlingham Nethergate (NHER 10124). The church probably fell out of use as villagers migrated away from Saxlingham Thorpe to other more hospitable locations in the valley.	TM 2307 9660		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF10121	Site of a post medieval brick kiln	This location was marked on a 1905 Ordnance Survey map as the site of a brick kiln. The area is now a flat stubble field with no trace of the kiln, although it is possible that it was located in the wood to the west rather than here.	TM 2475 9681		Post-Medieval
MNF10124	St Mary's Church, Saxlingham Nethergate	This church is set in a beautiful position, nestled between the Old Rectory and Old Hall. It traces its earliest origins to the Late Saxon period but much of the architecture, including the grand tower with brick and flint battlements, date to the 14th and 15 th centuries. The exterior was heavily restored in 1867 and the clock and sundial have been repaired more recently. Inside there is a fine collection of stained glass windows, with those in the south chancel being the earliest examples to be found in any Norfolk church. Visitors should also take note of the impressive 18th century memorial to John Baron and the chunky stone font decorated with roses and rather smug looking lions!	TM 2313 9720	II*	Saxon to Modern

MNF10185	St Margaret's Church, Hempnall	Although St Margaret's Church today is essentially the work of restorers, particularly those in 1857, it has very early origins, the nave and the remains of the chancel being Saxon or Saxo-Norman. The north aisle and the tower were built in about 1300 and the south aisle and porch in the 14th century. The 15th century saw the aisles and chancel extended. However, several reported fires in the church led to its extensive restoration in 1857, when the ruined chancel was largely demolished. Less extensive work was carried out at intervals throughout the 20th century. Today, the interior of the church is light and airy, with the altar brought forward into the nave. The 15th century font survives, its octagonal bowl decorated with lions and angels with shields.	TM 2412 9445	I	Saxon to Modern
MNF10190	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation, was noted in 1957 and 1985.	TM 2573 9472		Prehistoric
MNF14693	Krons Manor, formerly White House/Fairstead House	A large and elaborate plastered timber framed house, dating to about 1610. It has a separate kitchen wing of about the same date. There have been many later alterations and additions, but the house retains some original (and unusual) features.	TM 2357 9477	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14694	Barn at Krons Manor	A good example of a 16th century and later timber framed barn, now converted to residential use.	TM 2361 9477		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14695	Thatched Cottage	A 17th century thatched timber framed house, heavily restored in 1939, though most of the original braces and beams survive. The house has a wooden spiral staircase clad in brick, and a domed oven next to two large but now reduced fireplaces. The single storey 19th century extension reuses much older wooden beams.	TM 2363 9475	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14696	Lime Tree Cottage	A 17th or 18th century thatched brick-faced timber framed cottage. The building has an unusually large arcaded chimney stack that may indicate earlier origins.	TM 2387 9455	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14697	Forge Cottage and smithy	A house and smithy, first appearing in documentary records in 1642. The long house, probably 17th century in origin, is timber framed and plastered, with two small original mullioned windows on the upper floor, but otherwise much restored in 'Tudor' style in the 19th century. The group of smithy buildings and a chimney behind the house are of red brick with yellow brick trimmings.	TM 2394 9450	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF15909	Medieval and post-medieval features and multi-period finds from Ruslene, Connaught Park	Grounds of former vicarage house, demolished in 1744. A number of small-scale excavations were undertaken here between 1980 and 1984. This work identified two gravel surfaces and a number of medieval clay-lined possible storage pits. It has been suggested that the site may have been a quay during the medieval period. These excavations also recovered a range of finds, including a Lower Palaeolithic flint handaxe; burnt flints; Roman, Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a Roman roof tile; a possible medieval malting tile and various other post-medieval and undatable objects. Additional Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval pottery sherds were recovered at the site in 2005.	TM 2398 9441		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF16528	Hill Cottages, Broaden Lane	This house was converted into three cottages but has now reverted back to being a single building. It dates to the late 16 th century and takes the form of a timber frame faced in	TM 2346 9669	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		brick with a thatched roof. All the windows are 20th century imitations of older styles. North of the off-centre chimney stack the upper floor was formerly open to the roof. The roof now visible is an 18th century replacement.			
MNF16529	Old Rectory, Church Hill	This magnificent Georgian building was designed by Sir John Soane in 1784. It has a five bay form, with three central bays and one in each of the flanking wings. The impressive entrance way features a Doric porch and the roof has a beautiful pierced-rose cornice. Three large stone statues of a lion, unicorn and coat of arms were housed in the garden of this property. These came from the Royal Hotel, Lowestoft, demolished in 1974 and are said to date to around 1830.	TM 2310 9716	II*	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16530	Orchard Cottage, Saxlingham Green	This 17th century brick cottage with pigeon holes is attached to an unusual 16th century timber framed building, which was once possibly a barn. The pattern of timbering seen here is common in the Midlands but not so in Norfolk. This perhaps suggests that the individual who owned this house originated from this area and did not wish to conform to local styles.	TM 2392 9668	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF16531	Adelaide House and The Cottage	Adelaide House dates to around 1700, with a timber frame construction and brick-shaped east gable. The interior was remodelled in 1790 and other alterations were made at a later date. The Cottage is also timber framed and dates to the 17 th century or earlier.	TM 2301 9707	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF17736	Queen Margaret Cottage, formerly Huntscroft/Dade's/Porch Cottage	This timber framed building is possibly of a unique type. It appears to be a 15th century remodelling of an older building on the longhouse-derivative pattern. It was subdivided in the 19th century and heavily altered in the 1980s. Medieval pottery sherds and a harness fitting have been found in the gardens of this property.	TM 2389 9666	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF17052	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, post medieval clay pipe stems and pieces of modern glass and pottery.	TM 2318 9537		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF17917	Old Vicarage	A timber framed wattle and daub house, built in a double pile. A two storeyed crenellated Gothic frontage with a central arch was added in the early 19th century, when the interior of the original house was altered.	TM 2406 9449	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF18378	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1982 recovered a fragment of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2397 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF19480	Hall Farmhouse, Saxlingham Green	This timber-framed farmhouse was built in a number of stages. The two bays to the south of the off centre chimney stack are from the 16th century, the bay to the north of the chimney stack is 17th century and the bay to the south of the chimney is late 17th/18th century in date. All of the original windows have been replaced but much of the roof structure remains in the manner it was in when erected.	TM 245 968		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19721	Beechview, The Street	This building was formerly a Post Office. It dates to the late 16th century with later additions and alterations. The rendered timber frame features two queenpost trusses with highly cambered ties and arched braces, and these were the main reason for its listing.	TM 2295 9710	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF21486	Prehistoric flints and multiple period pottery sherds	In 1985 a number of artefacts were retrieved from spoil produced by the digging of foundations here. These finds consisted of two prehistoric flint scrapers, a sherd of Roman greyware pottery and a sherd of a late medieval ware.	TM 2313 9707		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF21311	25 The Street	This cottage opposite the War Memorial dates to around 1600 and used to be a school. It takes the form of a two bay, timberframed cottage with a brick gable wall. The most noteworthy feature of this building is the fine clasped purlin roof.	TM 2296 9710	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF21313	Yew Cottage, The Street	This former farmhouse date to the 17th century and later. It takes the form of five timber-framed bays faced with bricks. Interesting features include a winding stair on the entrance side and a blocked diamond mullioned window in the stair bay.	TM 2292 9723	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF21314	Saxlingham House, The Street	This early 16th century house is a timber-framed construction topped with a thatched roof. It was formerly the Bowling Green Public House but is now a residential property. It stands two storeys high and features off centre and gable end chimney stacks. The interior has undergone recent alterations but features an original inglenook fireplace and an arched door of possible medieval date.	TM 2290 9736	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF22185	Medieval church door at Holly Cottage, The Green	The cottage built here sometime after 1840 contains the original door to Saxlingham Thorpe church. Two medieval pottery sherds were also found in the adjacent garden.	TM 2467 9654	II	Modern
MNF22186	Medieval church font, at Dairy Farm	The 13th century font from Thorpe church ruins (NHER 10115) has been built into a 19th century garden wall here.	TM 2382 9661		Medieval
MNF22190	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds, from the Cricketers Inn	Sometime prior to 1985 a number of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were retrieved from the gardens of the public house here. One of the sherds was identified as medieval greyware pottery.	TM 2413 9668		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22191	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 a collection of medieval and post medieval pottery sherds were recovered from the garden of the pair of cottages here. Pieces of medieval coarse ware were amongst the types identified.	TM 2435 9667		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22197	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Sometime prior to 1985 a collection of pottery sherds was retrieved from here. The majority of the fragments were of a post medieval date although a single sherd of medieval coarse ware was identified.	TM 2429 9669		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22198	Medieval and post medieval pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 single sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery were recovered from this location. The post medieval sherd was identified as Staffordshire Ware.	TM 2437 9657		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22199	Site of post medieval windmill	According to a map of 1840 this was the location of a windmill. It was supposedly demolished in 1888, with the materials being used to build the Mill Cottages, of which the original mill house is No.3.	TM 2277 9717		Post-Medieval
MNF22086	Corner Cottage, Pitts Hill	This timber-framed house is a rare example of a 16th century barn conversion. The cart entrance has been infilled with studwork incorporating a window. A returned gable-end with stack was added to north end during the 17th century. The inserted floor is of reused 15th/16th century beams. It has three cells and two storeys with the stair in the centre bay. The south gable-end with stack is a later addition. It has a good clasped purlin roof with wind bracing and occasional queen struts.	TM 2295 9709	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF24251	Neolithic flint scraper, northwest of Mudhole	Fieldwalking here in 1987 recovered a single Neolithic scraper made from brown stained flint.	TM 2311 9625		Prehistoric
MNF28629	Medieval seal matrix	Metal detecting here in 1991 recovered a medieval copper alloy seal matrix. The seal matrix was circular and had an Agnus Dei motif accompanied by a legend. This seal matrix had very crisp details and was a fine example of its type.	TM 25 96		Medieval
MNF29778	Roman object scatter and probable settlement	Metal detecting and fieldwalking at this location during 1993-94 recovered a variety of Roman artefacts. Finds included numerous coins, a flue tile fragment, an incomplete armlet and shell gritted ware pottery sherds. This is likely to represent an area of Romano-British settlement.	TM 23 96		Roman
MNF29683	Roman metal find	Metal detecting in 1992 recovered a Roman finger ring or the drop handle from a Roman box.	TM 24 94		Roman
MNF30189	Bronze Age metal find	A Bronze Age copper alloy flanged axehead was found before 1993. No further details are known.	TM 2586 9418		Prehistoric
MNF33230	Medieval belt mount	Metal detecting here in 1997 retrieved a square-shaped medieval bronze belt mount decorated with lombardic letters.	TM 22 97		Medieval
MNF31247	Hall Farm House, The Green	This timber-framed hall house dates mainly to the 16th century, as an inserted chimney stack and the rebuilt parlour are of 17th century date. The original roof would have been thatched but it is now pantiled. A single storey extension to the north was added in 1985, incorporating part of an earlier outshut.	TM 2429 9672	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF39918	Bronze Age palstave	Metal detecting here in 2000 recovered two parts of a Middle Bronze Age palstave chisel from ploughsoil.	TM 23 96		Prehistoric
MNF41179	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1984 recovered a piece of medieval pottery and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2398 9450		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF41197	Manor Farm, The Street, Hempnall	Although much altered, this house originated as a 17th century timber framed dwelling, which was then heightened and had a chimney stack inserted. A rear wing was added later, and the whole building much altered and clad in brick in about 1800. The main façade may be an even later addition.	TM 2401 9451	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46728	Medieval and post medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 2004 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 24058 94427		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF48364	Connaught House	An 18th century two storey painted brick house with a black pantiled roof. It has a large 20th century single storey shop projecting to the right.	TM 23983 94482	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48365	Fairstead Lane Farmhouse	A 17th century timber framed farmhouse, brick faced and painted.	TM 23517 95055	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF48367	Grove Farmhouse, Fairstead Lane	A 17th century plastered timber framed house with a brick faced south wall. The windows and doors are modern replacements.	TM 22570 95546	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48368	Tye Cottage	A 17th century timber framed house, clad in brick in the 18th century, with a hipped pantiled roof.	TM 24430 94360	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48369	Kirkstone, The Long House and Post Office	A long 17th century timber framed plastered range with a steep black glazed tile roof and gable ends.	TM 24111 94420	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48371	Lord Nelson public house	An early 19th century painted brick house, two storeys high with three window bays and a slate roof. The north end has a later 19th century adjoining brick addition.	TM 24073 94430	II	Modern
MNF48372	Manor Cottages	A range of four red brick cottages with the date 1771 made out in blue brick on the west end gable.	TM 23859 94676	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48373	Manor Farm Cottage	A late 18th century two storey red brick cottage with a pantiled roof and gable ends.	TM 24002 94508	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48375	Moat Farm, Road Green	A 17th or 18th century two storey timber framed house, much altered, its front faced with painted brick. It has a later pantiled roof with gable ends, a 19th century rear wing and a modern conservatory on its south end.	TM 25934 93994	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48378	Pevensey House, The Street	A 17th or 18th century painted brick house with later alterations. It has a steep black glazed pantile roof and gable ends.	TM 23848 94577	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48379	Priory Cottage and Smithy Cottage	A 17th century two storey timber framed house, encased in brick in the 20th century. It has a steep modern tiled roof with gable ends and a single storey west wing.	TM 24047 94462	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48395	Wood Farmhouse	A two storey 17th century brick house with later alterations. The roof of the house has black glazed pantiles and parapeted gable ends.	TM 22294 95403	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50741	20th century telephone box, Wash Lane	This telephone kiosk is of the K6 Type designed in 1935 by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott. They were made by various contractors using cast iron. The booth is square-shaped with a domed roof.	TM 2298 9710	II	Modern
MNF50742	The Old School, Church Hill	This former school probably dates to the 18th century. It is built from a rendered timber frame with thatched roofing. The west gable-end features particularly fine windows with coloured leaded diamond glazing. A later low extension has been added to the rear with a crenellated parapet.	TM 2302 9710	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50743	Tudor Cottage, Church Hill	This cottage dates to the early 18th century with later additions. It is made from colour-washed brick with thatched and pantiled roofs. It has ground floor windows beneath skewback arches and rectangular hood moulds. Of interest is the offcentre chimney stack with decorative 19th century brick shafts.	TM 2301 9712	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50744	The Lilacs, Church Hill	This former school dates to the mid 19th century. It is built from colour-washed brick with slate roofing, and only stands a single storey high. The shallow roof features crow-	TM 2315 9706	II	Modern

		stepped gables and a central axial chimney stack to complement the other sited on the rear pitch of the north gable-end.			
MNF50771	The Old Bakery, The Street	This dwelling is probably of 18th century date with later refurbishment. The timber frame is faced with colour-washed brick to the street façade. The street facade has three 18th century windows and a planked front door with cover strips. However, the rear wing has modern fenestration.	TM 2295 9712	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50089	Late Saxon, Medieval and post-medieval pottery	Metal-detecting in 2006 and 2013 recovered a medieval coin and a fragment of a possible Late Saxon strap end.	TM 24150 94549		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF50905	Nethergate Cottage, The Street	This cottage dates to the first half of the 19th century. It is a colour-washed brick structure with a pantiled roof standing two storeys high. The central porch has a shallow gable and later lean-to hood. The roof has a single central axial chimney stack.	TM 2289 9734	II	Modern
MNF53492	Saxlingham Hall, The Green	This former mansion is now nursing home. It dates to the 18th century, although there are extensive Victorian additions to the rear of the house. It is constructed of brick with black pantiled roofing featuring a central axial chimney stack with three octagonal shafts.	TM 2454 9665	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53493	Cannon Cottage and adjoining cottage, The Green	This pair of cottages date to the early 19th century with earlier cores. They are probably constructed from a timber frame faced with brick. They feature 20th century porches and massive external gable-end chimney stacks.	TM 2436 9668	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53494	Sallett's Farmhouse, The Street	This farmhouse dates to the 19th century with an earlier core. Its construction is probably a timber frame faced with partly colour-washed brick. The doorway is opposite an off-centre axial chimney stack and there is also one gable-end chimney stack.	TM 2290 9739	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53695	Boundary wall to the Rectory, The Street	This former walled garden dates to around 1800. It is surrounded by a tall brick wall with pilasters and brick-on-edge coping.	TM 2297 9718	II	Modern
MNF53728	Manor Cottage, Broaden Lane	This former farmhouse was converted into two cottages, but now exists as a single cottage. It dates to the 17th century and but has later features including 18th and 19th century windows and a modern gabled porch.	TM 2380 9656	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53856	Belcoombe Lodge, The Street	This former lodge dates to around 1800. It is built from colour-washed brick with a pantiled roof. It has a symmetrical façade and central porch with a shallow gable which was a later addition. The roof has two chimney stacks at the rear.	TM 2290 9732	II	Modern
MNF56912	Cropmark of possible ring ditch	Circular cropmark, possible ring ditch, although probably a pond.	TM 25234 94535		Unknown
MNF60353	Roman and medieval metal objects	Metal detecting revealed a Roman decorated object, a medieval key and a medieval coin.	TM 23 96		Roman to Medieval
MNF61490	Hempnall Community School	A flint and brick two-room school surviving very much as on the 1847 drawings with some 1898 extensions.	TM 2396 9456		Modern
MNF61509	Saxlingham Nethergate Voluntary Controlled School	This small two-three-room school was completely rebuilt in 1902 in a plain Board School style when it replaced the old school (NHER 45706).	TM 2318 9705		Modern

MNF63522	Late Saxon pottery sherd	A stray find of one sherd of Late Saxon pottery was made in April 2011.	TM 232 969		Saxon
MNF67346	Medieval/post-medieval weight	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a medieval/post-medieval lead weight.	TM 24 97		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF67833	Medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 24 96		Medieval
MNF69387	Medieval coin	Metal-detecting before June 2016 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 24 96		Medieval
MNF73750	World War One memorial, Saxlingham Nethergate	World War One memorial constructed from red brick and stone, in the form of a pyramidal roofed structure, with a central market cross to the top, over a plinth. This memorial was erected in June 1921 to commemorate ninety-seven local men who served in World War One, sixteen of which died. The memorial was Listed Grade II in November 2017.	TM 2298 9710	II	Modern
MNF76520	Medieval coin	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 24 96		Medieval
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF135791	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) at Manor Farmhouse, Saxlingham Nethergate by I Morris, June 2013	Building Recording.	TM 2382 9657		
ENF87085	Trial Trench by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Church Hill, Saxlingham Nethergate, March 2000	Trial Trenching indicated the presence of a leet or channel probably connected to the moated site or later pond.	TM 2318 9718		
ENF95610	Watching Brief by Norfolk Archaeological Unit at Church Hill, Saxlingham Nethergate, February 2004	A watching brief was undertaken on a small outbuilding at Church Hill, Saxlingham Nethergate. It was proposed to convert the small brick built structure into a church room. The excavation of footings, a pit for a septic tank and service trenches were observed.	TM 2319 9718		
ENF138434	Building Survey (Historic Building Recording) by P. Wilding at Connaught House, Hempnall, June 2014	Building Recording.	TM 2396 9446		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					

HNF33852	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure.			
HNF33780, HNF33787, HNF33839, HNF33840	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			
HNF33736, HNF33841	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss – with relict element.			
SUB-SITES 7I-7L					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF69023	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval jetton and post-medieval tokens; and a postmedieval/20th century unidentified gold object.	TM 25 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF10162	Money Grove	The name of this site may suggest that coins were found here at some point in the past.	TM 282 952		Unknown
MNF61407	Late Saxon suspension unit for censer or balance	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a Late Saxon suspension unit for a censer or balance.	TM 25 95		Saxon
MNF29782	Soilmarks of possible medieval moat	Aerial photographs taken in 1989 show the soilmarks of a possible moat at this location. This moat is probably of medieval date and the photographs show that it is overlain by later field boundaries.	TM 2762 9491		Medieval
MNF55053	Medieval buckle	Metal detecting in this area during 2007 recovered a fine medieval buckle frame made from copper alloy.	TM 27 95		Medieval
MNF61340	Late Saxon and medieval artefacts	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered probably Late Saxon and medieval pottery, a medieval coin and buckle.	TM 27 94		Saxon to Medieval
MNF67521	Roman, Early Saxon and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman and medieval coins as well as Roman and Early Saxon metal objects. The metal finds include Roman brooches, a finger ring, bracelet terminal, tumbler lock slide key and knife or other implement handle and an Early Saxon brooch.	TM 26 96		Roman to Medieval
MNF74300	Medieval papal bulla	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a medieval lead papal bulla of Pope Gregory IX (AD 1227-1241).	TM 28 95		Medieval
MNF74763	Possible site of Woodton Hall (pre 1694) or the Hermitage Garden	This is the site of a possible medieval moat, which is still water filled and possessing steep sides. The north end is now a large pond, but the remaining features do seem to be part of a complex of rectangular enclosures which could be a moat and outer yards. It is	TM 2851 9517		Medieval

		possible that this is the site of the Old Woodton Hall or Hermitage Garden (see also NHER 10157 and 10207). Previously recorded under NHER 10156 (which now only documents unstratified finds recovered from the field immediately to the west).			
MNF10155	Possible site of the Hermitage Garden	Aerial photographs taken in 1989 show a moat and several linear features at this location. The area is known as Hermitage Plantation, and as such it could be the location of the 17th century Hermitage Garden known to exist in the area (the other possible site is NHER 10207).	TM 2816 9501		Post-Medieval
MNF10156	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2007 and 2017 recovered ?Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and a range of other, Roman to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman steelyard weight; a Middle/Late Saxon strap end; a Late Saxon stirrup-strap mount; medieval dress accessories, a furniture fitting, key and horse harness pendant and a medieval/post-medieval spur fragment. A possible medieval moated site immediately to the east of this field (possibly the site of the Old Woodton Hall or Hermitage Garden) is now recorded separately, as NHER 66019.	TM 2818 9527		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF22200	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	This location was described as plot of land with a former cottage which was rebuilt in the 1970s. No house appears on the relevant mapping for the area, but a few sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery were recovered sometime before 1985.	TM 2536 9617		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22201	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 this location was noted as the possible site of a post medieval house. A single medieval pottery sherd as well as several post medieval sherds were recovered from the small cultivated plot here.	TM 2546 9605		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF24537	Possible Roman settlement and multi-period finds	Metal detecting here during 1987-91 recovered a range of Roman objects, including pottery sherds, roof tiles and bricks, coins, brooches, steelyard weights, a copper alloy bracelet and various strap, furniture and harness fittings. The size and diversity of this assemblage strongly suggests that some form of Roman settlement foci was present at this location. A notable number of the pottery sherds and metal objects are of 3rd- to 4th-century date, suggesting that activity may have peaked during the Late Roman period. Other finds recovered included ?Mesolithic and Neolithic worked flints; medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other metal objects. The metal finds included a Bronze Age copper alloy axe fragment; possible Early Saxon tweezers; a medieval copper alloy chrysmatory (a small vessel initially identified as Roman) and belt mount; a post-medieval hooked tag, buckle spoon and copper alloy ring and undatable (but potentially Roman) iron and copper alloy metal working debris.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF55054	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2007 and 2015 recovered a medieval pottery sherd; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a medieval and post-medieval jetton and undatable, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include an undatable copper alloy ring; a Roman brooch; medieval buckles, a strap-end, horse harness fitting and mount, padlock and harness pendant; a medieval/post-medieval leg	TM 28 94		Roman to Post-Medieval

		and foot of a copper alloy vessel and post-medieval harness mounts, an enamelled buckle, tap spigot and the terminal of a scale tang knife.			
MNF58547	Roman, medieval and post-medieval find scatter	Metal-detecting in 2009 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins, a Roman brooch and medieval and post-medieval objects. Metal-detecting in September 2010 recovered, medieval incomplete buckle plate, incomplete tinned strap-end, composite folding clasp and a post-medieval incomplete tinned crotal bell.	TM 27 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF32723	World War Two decoy airfield	A night time decoy for Hardwick airfield. Called a 'Q' type, this decoy consisted of rows of electrical lighting made to look like airfield flightpaths, and was designed to divert attention away from the real airfield.	TM 256 952		Modern
MNF14051	Lathgreen Farm	This L-shaped building was probably originally timber framed. It dates to the late 16th century and has one wing as a separate kitchen. The walls replaced with brick in the 17th century. In the late 18th century it underwent grand refurbishment as a gentry residence, and a large ornate brick barn was built. Further alterations were made in the 19th century.	TM 2552 9685		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF56622	Winter's Grove, medieval woodland	A small but complete ancient coppice-with-standards woodland surrounded by a large medieval woodbank and ditch. Winter's Grove is one of four woodland areas included in the Shotesham-Woodton Hornbeam Woods Site of Special Scientific Interest.	TM 26779 94331		Medieval
MNF31567	Roman coin	In 1995 a Roman coin of Antoninus Pius was recorded at a metal detecting rally.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF68449	Neolithic axehead, and Roman cosmetic set	Metal-detecting before August 2014 and in 2017 recovered a Neolithic axehead and a Roman cosmetic set.	TM 26 96		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF73369	Roman brooch	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Roman brooch.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF10190	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation, was noted in 1957 and 1985.	TM 2573 9472		Prehistoric
MNF14050	Oaks Farm (formerly Nobb's Farm and Shorten's Farm)	This L-shaped house has a timber frame that was partially replaced in brick during the 18th and 20th centuries. One wing has a fine brick gable wall, apparently of 16th century date. The main block has three-cells and two storeys with a lobby entrance plan. This very ornate early 17th century house is notable because it exists in such an isolated location.	TM 2770 9568	II*	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF38290	Hill House Farm	This 16th-17th century timber frame and brick building has a glazed pantile roof. It has a possible hall and cross passage plan with flanking wings. The left-hand gabled bay is set forward and jettied. The off centre chimneystack has two octagonal shafts, and a similar chimneystack exists on the right-hand stepped gable. The main section of the building has a massive roll moulded beam and the left-hand wing has roll moulding and foliage decoration.	TM 2783 9450	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF10160	Possible Roman road	This is the course of a possible Roman road, visible in a pattern of straight roads, hedges, field and parish boundaries.	TM 2721 9704		Roman
MNF10199	Probable Roman road	The course of a probable Roman road, marked on old maps.	TM 2521 9460		Roman
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF34517	Pre-18 th century enclosure	Coaxial enclosure			
HNF34510, HNF34564, HNF34565, HNF34560, HNF34566	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss			
SITE 8					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF11658	Palaeolithic flint flakes	In 1976 five Palaeolithic flint flakes were recovered from the ploughed surface here. Some showed signs of retouching and they were identified as of "Acheulean or Clactonian" type.	TM 2614 9752		Prehistoric
MNF10121	Site of a post medieval brick kiln	This location was marked on a 1905 Ordnance Survey map as the site of a brick kiln. The area is now a flat stubble field with no trace of the kiln, although it is possible that it was located in the wood to the west rather than here.	TM 2475 9681		Post-Medieval
MNF10125	Roman coin	In 1973 a Roman sestertius of Septimus Severus was found in the garden of this property.	TM 2528 9810		Roman
MNF11659	Prehistoric flint implements	In 1976 a scatter of prehistoric flint implements were recovered from the ploughed surface here. A number of flint scrapers and cores were identified.	TM 2588 9718		Prehistoric
MNF17177	Neolithic flint axehead	Fieldwalking in this area during 1981 recovered a broken flint axehead. The axehead showed signs of polishing and was dated to the Neolithic period.	TM 2546 9797		Prehistoric
MNF17178	Neolithic flint axehead	Fieldwalking here in 1981 recovered a broken part-polished flint axe. This axe was believed to be of Neolithic date.	TM 2573 9725		Prehistoric
MNF28629	Medieval seal matrix	Metal detecting here in 1991 recovered a medieval copper alloy seal matrix. The seal matrix was circular and had an Agnus Dei motif accompanied by a legend. This seal matrix had very crisp details and was a fine example of its type.	TM 25 96		Medieval

MNF31684	Neolithic flint arrowhead	Fieldwalking in this area during 1995 recovered a Neolithic flint arrowhead.	TM 2536 9859		Prehistoric
MNF55145	Bronze Age and medieval finds.	Metal detecting in this area during 2007 recovered a Middle Bronze Age palstave, a Late Bronze Age socketed axehead, and a decorative medieval stud.	TM 26 97		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF67374	Medieval to post-medieval coins	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered medieval to post-medieval coins.	TM 25 97		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF67376	Post-medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered a post-medieval coin.	TM 25 97		Post-Medieval
MNF69321	Medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 25 97		Medieval
MNF10126	Multi-period finds, Stubb's Green	In 1971 and 1987 a variety of objects were retrieved from the site of the old cottage that once stood here. Finds included a post medieval witch bottle, post medieval inkwells and bootblackening bottles along with a Roman ferrule and part of a post medieval bronze latch.	TM 25 98		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF10148	Roman pottery sherds	Roman pottery sherds have been recorded at this location.	TM 252 969		Roman
MNF17175	Neolithic, medieval and post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking here during 1981 recovered a Neolithic flint borer, while metal-detecting in 2015 and 2016 recovered medieval coins and a post-medieval harness mount.	TM 25 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19481	Malthouse Farm	This lobby entrance house dates to about 1600 and has a timber frame partly replaced in brick. A later 17th century brick returned gable end with chimneystack has been added. Most of the fenestration is 18th-19th century but the porch is modern. The original winding staircase on the entrance side of the chimneystack survives. The associated stable block dates to around 1800 and the original three bays are defined by pilasters.	TM 2544 9853	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19510	Mesolithic and Neolithic worked flints	In 1983 a number of prehistoric flint implements were recovered from the ploughed field surface here. Tool types identified included a flaked punch of flint, flint cores, scrapers, an awl and a small patinated blade and several unpatinated coarse flakes. These items dated to the Mesolithic and Neolithic periods.	TM 254 984		Prehistoric
MNF19511	Neolithic flint axehead	In 1983 a Neolithic flint axehead was recovered from the ploughed field surface here. The axe had a broken and re-flaked cutting edge.	TM 252 979		Prehistoric
MNF20100	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting between 1983 and 2022 recovered Late Prehistoric worked flints; Roman, Early/Middle Saxon, Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a Roman quern stone; Late Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; medieval and post-medieval jettons; post-medieval tokens and a range of other, undated and Late Iron Age to post-medieval metal objects. These metal	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

		finds include an undated copper alloy ring, casting waste and weights; a Late Iron Age brooch; Late Iron Age/Roman brooches; Roman brooches, steelyard weights, furniture fittings, finger rings, a bracelet fragment, ferrule, pin, stylus, surgical instrument, military harness mount, ?figurine plinth or pedestal and copper alloy metalworking debris; a Roman/Early Saxon military buckle; Roman to post-medieval lead weights; a Middle Saxon brooch; a Middle/Late Saxon silvered Anglo-Scandinavian mount from an unidentified object; Late Saxon furniture fitting, a buckle and dress component; a Late Saxon to post-medieval spindle whorl; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval pot mends, a spur fragment, unidentified object, pendent mount, pendent purse frame and finger ring; medieval/post-medieval book fittings, copper alloy finger rings, a rumbler bell, scale-tang knife end-cap, copper alloy vessel fragments and lead weight and post-medieval crotal bells, harness mounts, spur fragments, a clapper bell, rotary key, book clasp, harness fitting, thimble, lead weight and lead powder-charge cap.			
MNF21309	Hill View and Henstead Cottage	This pair of cottages were probably formerly combined as a farmhouse. They date to the 17th century and later and have rendered timber frames and thatched roofs. They have two surviving six-light chamfered mullioned windows and an offcentre axial chimneystack as well as a gable chimneystack.	TM 2560 9847	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF22200	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	This location was described as plot of land with a former cottage which was rebuilt in the 1970s. No house appears on the relevant mapping for the area, but a few sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery were recovered sometime before 1985.	TM 2536 9617		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22201	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 this location was noted as the possible site of a post medieval house. A single medieval pottery sherd as well as several post medieval sherds were recovered from the small cultivated plot here.	TM 2546 9605		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14051	Lathgreen Farm	This L-shaped building was probably originally timber framed. It dates to the late 16th century and has one wing as a separate kitchen. The walls replaced with brick in the 17th century. In the late 18th century it underwent grand refurbishment as a gentry residence, and a large ornate brick barn was built. Further alterations were made in the 19th century.	TM 2552 9685		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF24537	Possible Roman settlement and multi-period finds	Metal detecting here during 1987-91 recovered a range of Roman objects, including pottery sherds, roof tiles and bricks, coins, brooches, steelyard weights, a copper alloy bracelet and various strap, furniture and harness fittings. The size and diversity of this assemblage strongly suggests that some form of Roman settlement foci was present at this location. A notable number of the pottery sherds and metal objects are of 3rd- to 4th-century date, suggesting that activity may have peaked during the Late Roman period. Other finds recovered included ?Mesolithic and Neolithic worked flints; medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other metal objects. The metal finds included a Bronze Age copper alloy axe fragment; possible Early Saxon tweezers; a medieval copper alloy chrismatory (a small vessel initially identified as Roman) and belt mount; a post-medieval hooked tag, buckle	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

		spoon and copper alloy ring and undatable (but potentially Roman) iron and copper alloy metal working debris.			
MNF25613	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting between 1989 and 2023 recovered Neolithic worked flints; Iron Age, Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman and medieval to post-medieval coins; post-medieval jettons and tokens; undated copper alloy casting waste and a range of other, Iron Age to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Late Iron Age/Roman harness loop or miniature terret; Roman brooches, terrets, a finger ring, pin, lead steelyard weight and copper alloy vessel fragments; a Middle Saxon enamelled disc; a Late Saxon stirrup-strap mount and bridle side-link from horse harness; Late Saxon to post-medieval lead weights; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval dagger fragments, a bell, knife handle, horse-harness pendant (with a coat of arms relating to the Clare family) and lead pot mends; medieval/post-medieval candlestick fragments, a pin, purse frame, copper alloy vessel fragments, copper alloy vessel repairs, copper alloy rings and a silver socketed knife terminal and post-medieval clapper bell fragments, book clasps, crotal bells, coin weights, harness mounts, a book clasp, key, furniture handle back-plate, lead musket ball, lead powder flask cap and lead cloth seals.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF31567	Roman coin	In 1995 a Roman coin of Antoninus Pius was recorded at a metal detecting rally.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF40079	Brooke Wood	An area of ancient woodland, with a wide wood bank, probably dating to the medieval or the post medieval period. The wood is the same size and shape as when it was depicted on Faden's map of 1797.	TM 2719 9857		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF43326	Low Farm or Shotesham Barn, Wash Lane	This timber framed barn of three steads dates to the 15th/16th century. It has the remains of an unusual queenpost roof but otherwise survives intact. The porch is of later date and a number of other additions have been added recently.	TM 24788 97191	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46961	Uppgate Green Farm, Brooke Road	This 18th century house is made from brick with a pantile roof. It has two storeys and three bays with a pedimented offcentre porch. It has tumbled gables with external chimneystacks. Attached to the north is a former bothy, also of 18th century date and of similar construction. The former gable chimneystack serves a cambered fireplace inside.	TM 25987 98089	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF54903	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal detecting at this location between 2006 and 2022 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, Roman strap fittings and medieval harness mounts.	TM 25 98		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF59998	Shotesham Little Wood	An area of ancient woodland which was previously connected to Shotesham Great Wood.	TM 2532 9746		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF61407	Late Saxon suspension unit for censer or balance	Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a Late Saxon suspension unit for a censer or balance.	TM 25 95		Saxon

MNF62154	Neolithic part-polished flint axehead	A Neolithic part-polished flint axehead was recovered as a stray find in 2011.	TM 25 98		Prehistoric
MNF62139	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2011 and 2015 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins and Roman and medieval to postmedieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman finger ring; medieval buckles, a lead weight and copper alloy ring; a medieval/post-medieval button and a post-medieval white-metal-coated buckle and harness mount.	TM 25 98		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF62595	Maltyard cottage, Brooke Road	The cottage is part of the 19th century grade II listed barn which is associated with the stable block to Malthouse Farm (NHER19481).	TM 25423 98554	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF66394	Mesolithic to Roman and Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Gardening and metal-detecting between 2010 and 2017 recovered prehistoric worked flint, including a Mesolithic/Neolithic flint blade, Early Neolithic scraper and Neolithic/Bronze Age scraper and flake; Iron Age, Roman, Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval pottery sherds and a post-medieval jetton and strip of lead.	TM 25 98		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF66793	Middle Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2015 recovered a Late Saxon pottery sherd; a Middle Saxon Carolingian denier of Louis the Pious and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Late Saxon stirrup mount; a Late Saxon/medieval prick spur, stirrup-strap mount and unusual buckle; a medieval lead pot mend and strap fitting; medieval/postmedieval lead weights, a buckle and a copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval clapper and crotal bell fragments, an unusual ball-headed pin, harness mount, buckle and a hooked suspension mount from a sword belt.	Not displayed		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF66601	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2015 recovered a post-medieval coin as well as a Late Saxon to post-medieval spindle whorl, a medieval lead pot mend, a medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval buckles.	TM 25 98		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF66602	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 and 2017 recovered a medieval pottery sherd; Late Iron Age, medieval and post-medieval coins; postmedieval jettons and Roman, medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Roman button-and-loop fastener; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval pot mend and harness or strap stud; medieval/postmedieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a 'paper-clip' rivet and a post-medieval book clasp, harness mount, toy cannon and crotal bells.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF66605	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a Roman brooch and a medieval pot mend.	TM 26 98		Roman to Medieval
MNF66897	Post-medieval crotal bell	Metal-detecting in 2014/2015 recovered a post-medieval crotal bell.	TM 25 98		Post-Medieval
MNF67375	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 and 2017 recovered Roman and medieval coins as well as a medieval key.	TM 25 97		Roman to Medieval
MNF67521	Roman, Early Saxon and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman and medieval coins as well as Roman and Early Saxon metal objects. The metal finds include Roman brooches, a finger ring,	TM 26 96		Roman to Medieval

		bracelet terminal, tumbler lock slide key and knife or other implement handle and an Early Saxon brooch.			
MNF68255	Iron Age to Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 and 2016 recovered Roman and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman coins and Iron Age to Early Saxon and medieval metal objects. The metal finds include an Iron Age brooch; a Roman brooch; a Roman/Early Saxon bracelet fragment and a medieval seal matrix.	TM 26 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF68449	Neolithic axehead, and Roman cosmetic set	Metal-detecting before August 2014 and in 2017 recovered a Neolithic axehead and a Roman cosmetic set.	TM 26 96		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF68454	Late Iron Age, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 and 2016 recovered Late Iron Age (Roman issue), medieval and post-medieval coins and a postmedieval rotary key.	TM 25 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF69017	Medieval and medieval/post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered medieval and medieval/post-medieval coins.	TM 25 98		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69023	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins, a medieval jetton and post-medieval tokens; and a postmedieval/20th century unidentified gold object.	TM 25 95		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF68697	Middle Iron Age brooch	Metal-detecting at this location in 2016 recovered a Middle Iron Age brooch.	TM 25 97		Prehistoric
MNF71511	Post-medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a post-medieval coin.	TM 24 97		Post-Medieval
MNF73369	Roman brooch	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Roman brooch.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF75255	Roman finds	Metal-detecting at this location between 2020 and 2022 recovered Roman coins and a potentially Roman buckle.	TM 25 98		Roman
MNF10160	Roman Road	This is the course of a possible Roman road, visible in a pattern of straight roads, hedges, field and parish boundaries.	TM 2721 9704		Roman
MNF10151	Linear Feature	Aerial photographs taken in 1972 show the cropmark of right-angled corner in this area. No date or function was assigned to this feature.	TM 2659 9691		Unknown
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF33431, HNF33430, HNF34535	18 th -19 th century enclosure	Piecemeal enclosure by agreement.			
HNF34557, HNF34567,	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			

HNF34552, HNF34553					
SITE 9					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF10134	Prehistoric flints and Roman pottery	Prehistoric flint flakes, and Roman and medieval pottery have been found at this site.	TM 2886 9919		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF10146	Site of St Stephen's church, Kirstead or St Andrew's church, Kirstead St Andrew	This site is shown on an Ordnance Survey map of 1883 as the site of St Stephen's Church. However, the site has also been identified as St Andrew's Church.	TM 2929 9821		Medieval
MNF10150	Undated road	The former course of an undated road was seen at this site during ploughing.	TM 2879 9932		Unknown
MNF14049	Kirstead House Farmhouse	A 17th century timber framed house, with an early 19th century addition. The house has elaborate plaster ceilings and a 17 th century bench built into the kitchen wall. The nearby timber framed barn dates to about 1700.	TM 2921 9810	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF28444	Late Saxon coin	A Late Saxon silver coin, minted in Westphalia, found by metal detecting.	Not displayed		Saxon
MNF28863	Late Saxon pin	A Late Saxon pin, made of copper alloy, probably a Viking import, found by metal detecting.	TM 28 97		Saxon
MNF32923	Roman coin	Metal detecting in 1997 recovered a Roman coin.	TM 29 98		Roman
MNF38177	The Warren, 45 High Green	An early 17th century timber framed house, with 18th century alterations. The house has a large 17th century brick chimney stack.	TM 2816 9875	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF38178	66 High Green	17th century timber-framed cottage largely destroyed by fire in 2014. The masonry gable-end and rear wall untouched by fire.	TM 2795 9862	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF3997	High Green Baptist Chapel	A Nonconformist chapel built in Tudor style in the early 19th century.	TM 2807 9873		Modern
MNF43251	19 and 21 The Street	An 18th century timber framed, with a 19th century brick extension. The Brooke Society have suggested that this is a house mentioned in an inventory of 1599, and the present house may be on the site of an earlier building.	TM 28871 99145	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46544	The King's Head	A public house, mentioned in documents of the late 17th century. It is a brick building, with extensions and alterations of various dates.	TM 28574 99103	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF46547	The Coach House, formerly Brooke Lodge	A mid 18th century coach house, built of brick, which belonged to Brooke Lodge, see NHER 14045.	TM 28672 99092		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46465	Tane Cottage, High Green	A post medieval timber framed house, with later alterations.	TM 28195 98804		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46468	13 The Street	A post medieval brick house of uncertain date, but its position on the edge of a common may indicate an earlier date. The house has been used as a bakery, shop and doctor's surgery.	TM 28806 99120		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50547	20th century telephone box south southeast of Kings Head public house	A type K6 telephone box which was designed in 1935 by Sir Giles Gilbert Scott. The telephone box is made of cast iron and has a domed roof.	TM 2858 9907	II	Modern
MNF50755	House to rear of Post Office	An 18th century brick house with a 19th century range to the rear.	TM 2859 9907	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50953	45 The Street	A 17th century timber framed house that was extended in the 18th century and refaced in brick in about 1800. The timber framed is visible inside the house and there are also original arched brick fireplaces.	TM 2897 9923	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53515	Post Office	A 17th century timber framed house with later alterations.	TM 2859 9907	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF62970	Milestone marking Norwich 7 miles and Bungay 7 miles	One of 7 surviving milestones along the Norwich to Bungay road.	TM 2884 9838		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF63485	Post-medieval defaced milestone, Brooke	A post-medieval milestone positioned along the Norwich to Bungay road.	TM 2876 9862		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10160	Possible Roman road	This is the course of a possible Roman road, visible in a pattern of straight roads, hedges, field and parish boundaries.	TM 2721 9704		Roman
MNF10149	Laurel Farm	A 16th century timber framed house, with later alterations. Fragments of 13th century pottery, and earlier wall footings have been found underneath the house, suggesting the presence of an earlier building. The barn is also timber framed, and may date to the 17th century, with 19th century alterations.	TM 2893 9919	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10154	Waterfield Cottage	An early 17th century timber framed house, surrounded by a medieval moat, and perhaps on the site of an earlier house.	TM 2753 9852	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF10161	Oldhouse Farm	A 16th or 17th century timber framed house, with octagonal brick chimneys, which is surrounded on three sides by a medieval moat. The barn is also timber framed, and dates from the 17th century.	TM 2737 9795	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF23812	White House Farm	A timber framed house, probably dating to the 16th or 17th centuries, with an adjacent brick barn dating to about 1800.	TM 2850 9912		Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF28653	2 to 4 High Green; School Cottage	A timber framed medieval hall house, probably dating to the 15th or 16th century, with upper floors inserted in the late 16th or 17th century. The house has a crownpost roof, and a brick oven, and has been subdivided into two cottages.	TM 2850 9905	II	Medieval to Modern
MNF28654	23, 25 and 27 The Street	Two 17th century timber framed houses, now subdivided into cottages, which were extended in the 19th century.	TM 2888 9916	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF29781	Medieval green and post-medieval garden features	A complex series of subrectangular earthworks are the remains of the medieval Little Green, a medieval toft, and an area of 19th century woodland landscaping, which was part of the garden layout of Brooke Hall, see NHER 10152, and post medieval field boundaries.	TM 2878 9808		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF29784	Medieval earthworks south of Kirstead House Farm	A medieval earthwork enclosure, possibly a moat, and a trackway are visible on the ground and on aerial photographs. Fragments of Roman and medieval pottery have been found on the site.	TM 2925 9773		Medieval
MNF31420	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting and fieldwalking between 1995 and 2017 recovered medieval pottery sherds; Late Saxon and medieval coins and a number of other, Roman and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman bell and possible vessel handle; a Late Saxon/medieval stirrup-strap mount; a medieval annular brooch and strap end and a medieval/post-medieval purse fragment and knife end cap.	TM 29 98		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF38176	Littlebeck Farm	A 17th century timber framed and brick house, with an early 19th century extension. The house has a large central chimney stack, built of brick in the 17th century.	TM 2881 9764	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF40079	Brooke Wood	An area of ancient woodland, with a wide wood bank, probably dating to the medieval or the post medieval period. The wood is the same size and shape as when it was depicted on Faden's map of 1797.	TM 2719 9857		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF46549	High Green House and The Homelands	High Green House is a timber framed house, dating mainly to the 18th century, but with elements of a 17th century house. High Green House and Homelands were used as a girls' boarding school from 1836.	TM 28209 98926	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46550	Shrublands, 12 High Green	A 19th century brick house, which may be on the site of an earlier building. A large conservatory was added to the house in 1836.	TM 28333 98986		Modern
MNF46552	The Croft, 10 High Green	A late 18th or early 19th century brick house, with high quality 19th century internal fittings.	TM 28405 99032	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46466	Mereside, 15 The Street	A post medieval timber framed house, with later alterations.	TM 29000 99124		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46469	1 and 5 The Coach House	The former stables of Brook Hall, see NHER 10152. The stables were built of brick in the late 18th century, and were extended and altered in the early 20th century.	TM 28923 98959		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF46470	Dial House	A brick house built in the 17th century, with alterations carried out in the early 20th century. The brick outbuildings include a stable.	TM 28695 99093		Post-Medieval to Modern

MNF56184	Multi-period findspot	Metal detecting in 2007-2008 recovered Roman, medieval and post medieval metal objects, one Roman and one medieval coin.	TM 29 97		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF57269	Post-Medieval find in Brooke	Post-Medieval lead toy horse.	TM 28 98		Post-Medieval
MNF58445	Roman coins and medieval lead weights	Metal detecting in 2009 recovered Roman coins and medieval lead weights.	TM 28 99		Roman to Medieval
MNF58887	Cropmarks of former Roman road	The cropmarks of a former stretch of Roman road are visible on aerial photographs running intermittently from Upper Stoke, across the former Poringland Heath and joining with the Roman road to Ditchingham, Stone Street, at Brooke to the Southeast.	TG 2688 0038		Roman
MNF60325	Barn adjacent to Curly Tail Farm	In July 2010 a programme of building recording was undertaken at Curly Tail Farm ahead of conversion into a dwelling. The original farm is marked as The Barn on the 1882 Ordnance survey map.	TM 2747 9715		Modern
MNF62587	Wood Farm House	The farm complex is shown on the 6 inch 1st edition Ordnance survey map (1879-1886).	TM 2766 9857		Modern
MNF63611	Clock House, Former Kirstead Board School.	This Board school was founded in 1873 and held in Clock House up until a new public elementary school was built in 1901. The cottage was originally built in 1796.	TM 2934 9733		Modern
MNF63294	Brooke Voluntary Controlled Church of England School	Former National School originally comprising a single room school with infant room. The school was extended in the 1890s and later.	TM 2847 9906		Modern
MNF67521	Roman, Early Saxon and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman and medieval coins as well as Roman and Early Saxon metal objects. The metal finds include Roman brooches, a finger ring, bracelet terminal, tumbler lock slide key and knife or other implement handle and an Early Saxon brooch.	TM 26 96		Roman to Medieval
MNF68250	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2015 and 2019 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and a medieval jetton; as well as a medieval/post-medieval unidentified silver sheet object, and a seal matrix.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF68255	Iron Age to Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2015 and 2016 recovered Roman and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman coins and Iron Age to Early Saxon and medieval metal objects. The metal finds include an Iron Age brooch; a Roman brooch; a Roman/Early Saxon bracelet fragment and a medieval seal matrix.	TM 26 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF69327	Medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered a medieval coin and a medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel repair fragment.	TM 28 98		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF69519	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered medieval coins and medieval and post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; and post-medieval harness pendants.	TM 28 98		Medieval to Post-Medieval

MNF69346	Late Iron Age, Roman, Middle Saxon, medieval, and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered Roman and medieval coins and a Late Iron Age coin of Roman issue; a Middle Saxon pin head; medieval rotary key; medieval/post-medieval dress hook; and a post-medieval sword belt pendant plate.	TM 28 99		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF70229	Post-medieval buckle	Metal-detecting between 2017 and 2018 recovered a post-medieval buckle.	TM 29 97		Post-Medieval
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF143753	Building Survey by Brooke Society at 23, 25 and 27 The Street, Brooke, 1988-1991		TM 2888 9916		
ENF100113	Building Survey by Brooke Society at 2 and 4 High Green, Brooke, 1989		TM 28506 99052		
ENF10907	Building Survey by Brooke Society at 23, 25 and 27 The Street, Brooke, 1988-1991		TM 2888 9916		
ENF87143	Building Survey by Brooke Society at Littlebeck Farmhouse, Brooke, pre 1997		TM 2876 9767		
ENF125438	Building recording by K. Garnham at Curly Tail Farm, Brooke, 2010.		TM 2747 9715		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF34456	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure			
HNF34457, HNF34449, HNF34461, HNF34462, HNF34463	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss			
SITE 10					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					

MNF10445	Saxon Thetford Ware sherds	In 1970 a group of Thetford Ware sherds were found in the ploughed field here.	TM 3073 9693		Saxon
MNF10449	Site of post medieval building and multi-period finds	The flint foundations of an early post medieval building were recorded in 1966. Metal detecting and fieldwalking have recovered a Bronze Age rapier, Roman coins and pottery, a Roman terret and medieval and post medieval coins and metal finds.	TM 30 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF10142	Roman coin	A Roman coin found in a garden in 1961.	TM 2953 9647		Roman
MNF10144	Site of St Christopher's Church, Langhale	Medieval pottery, human remains and building foundations have been recorded here since the 1930s. This may be the site of St Christopher's, the medieval parish church of Langhale. The church was united with St Margaret's in Kirstead in 1421 and was in ruins by the early 17th century.	TM 2954 9670		Medieval
MNF15556	Site of post medieval windmill	According to Faden's map of 1797 two windmills stood at this location. Further research shows that only one mill existed here (See NHER 18026 for the other) and that it was a post mill that was last used in 1922. The roundhouse of the mill remained on site as a residential property until its demolition in 1971.	TM 2907 9386		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF19382	Roman quern stone, north of Dairy Lane	Around 1982 a fragment of a Roman puddingstone quern was found in the area immediately around the airfield.	TM 3106 9634		Roman
MNF19768	Roman coins	Two Roman coins found during metal detecting.	TM 30 96		Roman
MNF20487	Medieval pottery sherd	In 1984 the base of a 13th-14th century pottery jug was dug up here.	TM 2961 9413		Medieval
MNF22625	Beulah Barn	This threshing barn dates to around 1600. It has a weatherboarded timber frame and stands on a brick plinth. It has four steads and a gabled wing to the east which creates an L-shaped plan. A wagon entrance with large double doors is situated off centre in the west wall. The east wing has catlides to the north and south. The northernmost bay has evidence of having been floored and partitioned off. The inside of the barn is covered with a stone slab and brick floor.	TM 2947 9512	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF14047	Building material of unknown date and possible church, Kirstead	Flint building material of unknown date has been ploughed up at this site, which is at the edge of an old pit. It has been suggested that this could be the site of a medieval church, rather than NHER 10144.	TM 2969 9678		Medieval
MNF24754	Woodton Lodge	This 17th and 18th century house is built from a timber frame and has a pantile roof. The north façade has five bays, two storeys and sash windows. There are two parallel rear ranges of three bays, each of two storeys. The roof has an off-centre axial chimneystack.	TM 29609 94112	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF28445	Medieval harness stud	Metal detecting in this area during 1991 recovered a medieval gilt-bronze harness stud. This stud was decorated with a crossshaped motif and punched annulets in between the arms of a cross.	TM 29 95		Medieval

MNF33203	Roman spindle whorl from Bethel Farm	A Roman spindle whorl found in 1992.	TM 2928 9658		Roman
MNF33206	Medieval seal matrix	Metal detecting here in 1997 recovered a medieval seal matrix. The motif was a shield with two saltires accompanied by an inscription, although the meaning of this inscription was not determined.	TM 29 94		Medieval
MNF44036	The Walnuts, The Street	This late 18th/early 19th century cottage is made from clay lump. It has a pebbledashed exterior and has a thatched roof. It is laid out in a two cell plan with two bays and two storeys. The windows date to the 19th century windows and the chimneystack is centrally located.	TM 31903 97197	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF44037	Breydon Cottage, The Street	This 17th/18th century building probably has a timber frame. The roof is covered with thatch and the building has a three-cell lobby entrance plan. The windows date to the 19th century and the chimneystack is situated offcentre.	TM 31890 97179	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF48212	Wood Farmhouse	A 17th century and later red brick farmhouse with a steeply pitched pantile roof. Its north wall is partly rendered over a timber frame. All the windows are 20th century replacements.	TM 31009 93907	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50008	Mundham Grange	A 17th and 18th century timber-framed and brick farmhouse surrounded by a moat. The house has 19th century windows and porch.	TM 32329 96593	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF50754	Old Rectory, Norwich Road	This house dates to the 17th century and 19th century. It has a colour-washed exterior and is built from a brick and timber frame. The hipped roofs are covered with slate and tile. It comprises a 19th century three-cell range with a 17th century twocell range to the rear. The house has a central doorcase with fluted pilasters and a plain cornice. Set inside is a six-panel door with an overlight. A 20th century glazed conservatory has been added to the left of the door. The chimneystack is positioned axially. Inside there are chamfered transverse beams and joists in the 17th century range along with a brick fireplace.	TM 2947 9471	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF5108	Late Saxon pottery kiln and medieval settlement, Langhale	This site was excavated in 1970 revealing a Late Saxon or early medieval pottery kiln producing Thetford-type ware. The excavation also discovered the remains of a structure built by the end of the 12th century, and three medieval ditches. An earthwork ditch runs parallel to the road, and has been interpreted as a probable Late Saxon to medieval common boundary. An unusual medieval lead ampulla has been found by a metal detectorist. Langhale is mentioned in the Domesday Book, and this is one of several sites that represent a dispersed pattern of settlement in the Late Saxon and medieval periods.	TM 30 97		Saxon to Medieval
MNF53513	Manor Farmhouse, Norwich Road	This 18th century house is built from brick with a pantile roof. It has a rectangular plan and an outshut has been added to the rear. The main façade has five bays and two storeys. The six-panel door is set within a timber porch. The parapet gable has brick kneelers and the property features an off-centre axial chimneystack and a right-hand gable end chimneystack.	TM 2926 9481	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF53514	Beulah House, Norwich Road	This house dates to the early 19th century. It is built from brick with a slate roof and is set out as two parallel three-cell ranges. The sash windows all have glazing bars. The	TM 2946 9501	II	Post-Medieval to Modern

		central six-panel door with a fanlight has decorative glazing bars and panelled reveals. The house has parapet gables and gable end chimneystacks.			
MNF53869	The Tumbledown Dick, Norwich Road	This house dates to the 18th/19th century. It is built from brick with a tile roof. The façade comprises of five irregular bays and all the windows are of the sash variety. The property has a 19th century lean-to porch with a six-panel door. There is an offcentre axial chimneystack along with another inserted chimneystack in the east slope of the roof.	TM 2940 9498	II	Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF57270	Medieval silver coin	Medieval silver coin.	TM 31 95		Medieval
MNF57110	Seething Observatory	Radar dish from WW2, originally from somewhere on the south coast, moved to Norfolk in 1994.	TM 32058 95411		Modern
MNF62971	Late 20th century milestone marking Norwich 8 miles and Bungay 6 miles	One of 7 surviving milestones along the Norwich to Bungay road.	TM 2945 9693		Modern
MNF62972	Milestone marking Norwich 9 miles and Bungay 5 miles	One of 7 surviving milestones along the Norwich to Bungay road.	TM 2945 9534		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF64492	Woodton Primitive Methodist chapel	Primitive Methodist Chapel dated 1836, this is a brick building and is long and rectangular in plan and in the later 19th century was much altered and realigned.	TM 2924 9391		Modern
MNF66486	Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flake	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered a Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flake.	TM 29 94		Prehistoric
MNF10446	Medieval pottery sherds	A scatter of medieval pottery was found in 1968. It is also worth noting that this is one of only two known sites in Norfolk where the medieval herb Danewort grows.	TM 3090 9751		Medieval
MNF10450	Walnut Tree Farmhouse	A 16th century timber framed house with a 17th century cross-wing. In 1966 a piece of medieval stonework was discovered after being reused as a doorstep. The stone was inscribed 'for the poor and infirm'.	TM 3066 9743	II	Post-Medieval
MNF10452	Medieval to post medieval earthworks near Langhale House	Several linear earthworks in parkland near Langhale House were once thought to relate to the deserted medieval village of Langhale. However the earthworks are probably field boundaries and hollow ways relating to the pre-parkland landscape.	TM 302 968		Medieval to Modern
MNF10454	Late Saxon to medieval settlement, Langhale	Fragments of Roman, Late Saxon and medieval pottery have been found on this site, which was part of the dispersed settlement of Langhale.	TM 300 961		Roman to Medieval
MNF10466	World War Two airfield at Seething	A World War Two airfield occupied this site, some elements of which still survive today. The World War Two site is visible as earthworks, structures and buildings on aerial photographs taken from 1944 onwards. It was used by the USAAF 448th Bomb Group, flying B24 Liberators, from 1943 to 1945. It had a classic 'A'-shaped layout of three interconnected runways, surrounded and linked by a perimeter track, along which	TM 3144 9511		Modern

		numerous dispersal bays were sited. Hangars and a control tower, as well as numerous smaller buildings, huts and shelters, are evident within the airfield itself, while more dispersed clusters of huts and other buildings would have served as domestic and technical buildings; they include a bomb store to the west and clusters of accommodation huts and an associated sewage works to the southeast. The site is still in use as an airfield today, although of the original runways and perimeter track only a small section remains. The World War Two control tower also survives and is used as a museum.			
MNF10145	Medieval moat, Moat Farm	The remains of a medieval moat, the west arm is still waterfilled and the other arms have been filled in. Both flint and timber revetting has been found on the sides of the moat. A fragment of 12th century pottery has been found on the island.	TM 2999 9613		Medieval
MNF10156	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2007 and 2017 recovered ?Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and a range of other, Roman to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman steelyard weight; a Middle/Late Saxon strap end; a Late Saxon stirrup-strap mount; medieval dress accessories, a furniture fitting, key and horse harness pendant and a medieval/post-medieval spur fragment.	TM 2818 9527		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF10157	Possible site of Woodton Hall (pre 1694)	A medieval moat exists at this location. As such it is one possible site for the pre 1694 Woodton Hall (along with NHER 10156 and 10207). The present building here dates to around 1800.	TM 2917 9535		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF10207	Possible site of Woodton Hall (pre 1694) or the Hermitage Garden	Aerial photographs taken in 1972 and 1996 show the cropmarks of a moated site at this location. As such, this could well be the site of the medieval Woodton Hall, the predecessor to the one located at site NHER 10200. Alternatively it may be the site of the Hermitage Garden, as this 17th century landscape feature was known to exist in this area (although other potential sites for this are NHER 10155 and 10156).	TM 286 948		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF10638	Site of medieval Hedenham Hall	The site of Hedenham Hall, a medieval moated great house.	TM 3127 9442		Medieval
MNF21077	Undated linear features and possible Bronze Age ring ditch	Aerial photographs have recorded the cropmarks of linear and rectilinear features and a ring ditch.	TM 298 934		Prehistoric to Roman
MNF23744	Possible Bronze Age ring ditch	1975 aerial photographs show the cropmarks of a possibly Bronze Age ring ditch.	TM 2997 9381		Prehistoric
MNF28344	Multi-period finds	A late medieval spur terminal and a 15th or 16th century coin weight from the Netherlands was found during metal-detecting in 1991. Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered a late prehistoric worked flint, Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins, Roman pottery, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval metal objects including an unusual post-medieval knife end-stop in the form of a highly stylised animal head.	TM 30 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF29314	Medieval copper alloy vessels and post medieval coin	Metal detecting here during 1992 recovered a fragment of Roman pottery, fragments of medieval copper alloy vessels and a penny of Elizabeth I.	TM 29 96		Roman to Post-Medieval

MNF30764	Hill House	A two storey 18th century red brick farmhouse with a black glazed tile roof. L shaped in plan, the house has a main façade to the south, which has three window bays and a central doorway with a canopy on iron columns. The base of the western chimney stack has a coat of arms on a panel. The colourwashed rear wing also has three window bays and a stepped gable, with an entrance door at its northeast corner. The west gable of this wing has a second coat of arms, and two tie irons in the shape of the figure 9.	TM 3076 9369	II	Post-Medieval
MNF31515	Cropmarks of possible Bronze Age ring ditch, prehistoric enclosure and post medieval field boundaries	Aerial photographs taken in 1973 and 1996 show the cropmarks of a ring ditch and a rectangular enclosure at this location. The ring ditch was felt to be of Bronze Age date and its relationship with the enclosure would suggest that this rectangular feature was also prehistoric in date. In addition, cropmarks of several linear features were also noted, and these possibly relate to post medieval field boundaries.	TM 2935 9447		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF33204	Medieval harness pendant and plaque, multi-period finds	Metal detecting in this area during 1997 recovered a variety of objects including a medieval harness pendant with a dragon motif, a medieval bronze plaque in the form of a chicken, a Roman coin and sherds of Late Saxon and medieval pottery.	TM 29 95		Roman to Medieval
MNF38183	Windetts Farm Cottages	Nos. 1 to 2 are an early 17th century house that was converted into a threshing barn in the 18th century. Nos. 3 to 4 are also an early 17th century timber framed house that was partially rebuilt in brick in the 19th century. Both the original buildings have been divided into two houses.	TM 3057 9729	II	Post-Medieval
MNF40587	Undated rectangular enclosure cropmark	Cropmarks of a possible rectangular enclosure of unknown date are visible on aerial photographs. Ditch cropmarks parallel to two sides of the enclosure suggest that it may in fact have been double ditched.	TM 3159 9389		Unknown
MNF41188	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting between 2001-02 and 2013 recovered Roman, Late Saxon, medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman coins and Early Saxon and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include an Early Saxon supporting-arm brooch; a Late Saxon openwork brooch; medieval and post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval lead pendant, thimble, ampulla and a number of seal matrices and a post-medieval furniture fitting and weight.	TM 28 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF41207	Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2001 and 2014 recovered a medieval pottery sherd; a post-medieval coin and jetton and Middle Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Middle Saxon pin; a medieval buckle and thimble; a medieval/post-medieval purse frame fragment and part of a cauldron and a post-medieval buckle, harness mount and a flat pastry jigger.	TM 28 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF43401	Long Row	An unusually-shaped wood, with banks and ditches that probably originated as a road during the medieval period.	TM 3183 9387		Medieval to Modern
MNF43402	Hedenham Wood	A wood with medieval boundaries and banks. Within the wood are the substantial remains of the medieval moated enclosure of Hedenham Hall (NHER 10638).	TM 313 946		Medieval to Modern
MNF50205	Possible field boundary cropmarks	Cropmarks of undated linear ditches, possibly field boundaries, are visible on aerial photographs. Three ditches are present as broad cropmarks on different alignments,	TM 30561 94362		Medieval

		none of which correspond to the surviving post medieval field pattern. It is possible that these ditch cropmarks relate to field boundaries of medieval or earlier date.			
MNF50207	Possible medieval field boundary ditch cropmarks	Cropmarks of linear ditches, possibly field boundaries of medieval date, are visible on aerial photographs. These ditches lie in an area that formed part of Hedenham Wood on an estate map dating to 1617.	TM 31194 94878		Medieval
MNF50208	Cropmark of a field boundary or incomplete enclosure	A cropmark of a curvilinear ditch, possibly forming part of an enclosure of unknown date, is visible on aerial photographs. The possible enclosure measures at least 80m by 46m and joins or is cut by a modern field boundary on its northern side.	TM 31175 94067		Unknown
MNF50209	Earthworks of medieval to post medieval field boundaries and drainage ditches	Earthworks of boundary ditches and banks of probable medieval to post medieval date are visible on aerial photographs. These are probably field boundaries and may relate to Hillhouse Farm which lies directly to the south. Drainage ditches and a pond are also present among the earthworks. The site had been ploughed and the earthworks levelled by 1967.	TM 30819 93872		Medieval to Modern
MNF50210	Earthworks of a possible medieval moat or fishpond	An earthwork of a possible medieval moat or fishpond is visible on aerial photographs. It has a C-shaped plan that measures 53m by 31m externally. The site is located immediately to the north of Wood Farm (NHER 43100), a 17th century house, which could have had a medieval precursor.	TM 30998 94027		Medieval to Modern
MNF50212	Earthworks of medieval to post medieval boundary ditches and banks	Earthworks of banks and ditches of probable medieval to post medieval date are visible on aerial photographs. These are located immediately to the east of Hedenham Hall Farm and include probable field or property boundaries and a possible trackway. It is likely that these relate to an earlier farm or manor adjacent to this site.	TM 31182 93782		Medieval to Modern
MNF50088	Medieval seal matrix and coins, post medieval token and bell	Metal detecting in 2006 recovered a medieval seal matrix with a fleur-de-lis, medieval silver coins and a post medieval token and crotal bell.	TM 29 96		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF55046	Roman, medieval and post medieval finds.	Metal detecting in this area during 2007-2008 recovered a Romano-British terret, a Late Saxon strap end, a medieval furniture fitting, buckle, key and horse harness pendant, a post medieval coin weight and a post medieval furniture mount.	TM 28 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF55696	Site of moat-like ditch and probable drainage features of medieval to post medieval date	An L-shaped, rather moat-like ditch and part of a slightly sinuous ditch or drain are visible as earthworks on aerial photographs. The features are potentially of medieval origin, perhaps representing a secondary element to the surviving moated site 30m to the southwest (NHER 10145). At the same time, they could instead merely be drainage features of relatively late date. More recent aerial photographs demonstrate that the site has since been levelled.	TM 3010 9619		Medieval to Modern
MNF57258	Dairy farm buildings	Two small brick buildings of two storeys with hayloft on the upper floor.	TM 28894 95097		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF58302	Roman and medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2009 and 2015 recovered a Roman pottery sherd, a medieval silver coin and a medieval padlock.	TM 31 95		Roman to Medieval

MNF58303	Medieval silver coin	Metal detecting in 2009 recovered a medieval silver coin.	TM 32 95		Medieval
MNF62363	Manor Farm	The farm is visible on the 6 inch ordnance survey 1st edition map (1879-1886).	TM 3156 9652		Post-Medieval to Modern
MNF62638	Round Grove	A complex of ditches, banks and hollow ways with a number of pits/ponds possibly originating from what was interconnected enclosures overlain later by trackways possibly providing access to ponds.	TM 3158 9403		Prehistoric
MNF63637	Woodton Primary School	Woodton Boad School was built in 1876 and enlarged in 1895. There was also an attached teacher's house. Both buildings are still in use as a school.	TM 2945 9453		Modern
MNF65806	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2018 recovered a Roman pottery sherd; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval token and undated, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undated casting waste; a Roman brooch; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; medieval lead pot mends; medieval/postmedieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a copper alloy ring; and a post-medieval toy cannon and copper alloy knife.	TM 29 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF65807	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2013 and 2014 recovered medieval coins; a post-medieval token and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include a Late Saxon to post-medieval spindle whorl, a medieval buckle and medieval/post-medieval lead weights.	TM 28 95		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF66485	Medieval coins	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered medieval coins.	TM 29 95		Medieval
MNF68191	Undatable, Middle/Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting before 2015 and in 2016 recovered a post-medieval coin; a medieval jetton and undatable, Middle/Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undatable lead weights; a Middle/Late Saxon Carolingian mount; a medieval lead seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval buckle, purse bar and copper alloy cauldron legs and a post-medieval mount.	TM 29 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF68192	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2015 and 2018 recovered medieval and post-medieval pottery sherd; a Roman coin; medieval buckles and medieval/post-medieval buckles, a copper alloy ring and a thimble.	TM 28 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF69055	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 and 2020 recovered Late Saxon and medieval pottery sherds and several metal objects, including a Late Saxon stirrup-strap mount; a medieval/post-medieval copper alloy ring and lead weight and a post-medieval buckle and button.	TM 31 97		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF69885	Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2017 recovered medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; as well as medieval and post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; and a medieval purse fragment.	TM 31 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF69644	Neolithic, and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2017 and 2021 recovered a Neolithic polished flint axehead; a Roman brooch; a Late Saxon bridle cheekpiece; medieval buckles, a harness pendant and strap fitting; a medieval/post-medieval buckle and strainer fragment and a post-medieval dress hook and mount.	TM 32 97		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF70999	Roman, medieval, and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered Roman and medieval coins and post-medieval jettons.	TM 30 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF71470	Roman pottery sherd	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Roman pottery sherd.	TM 31 96		Roman
MNF72110	Neolithic/Bronze Age and Late Saxon/medieval finds	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered a Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flake and a Late Saxon/medieval silver buckle.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF73777	Medieval coin	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a medieval coin.	TM 28 94		Medieval
MNF74763	Possible site of Woodton Hall (pre 1694) or the Hermitage Garden	This is the site of a possible medieval moat, which is still water filled and possessing steep sides. The north end is now a large pond, but the remaining features do seem to be part of a complex of rectangular enclosures which could be a moat and outer yards. It is possible that this is the site of the Old Woodton Hall or Hermitage Garden (see also NHER 10157 and 10207). Previously recorded under NHER 10156 (which now only documents unstratified finds recovered from the field immediately to the west).	TM 2851 9517		Medieval
MNF75327	Post-medieval mount	Metal-detecting at this location in 2019 recovered a post-medieval mount.	TM 30 93		Post-Medieval
MNF77473	Undated ditches and multi-period finds	Trial trenching at this site in 2022 revealed little in the way of archaeologically-significant remains, with only four poorly-dated ditches recorded. A range of unstratified finds were though recovered, including potentially Iron Age and Roman pottery sherds, a small assemblage of medieval pottery, a post-medieval coin and a number of other, Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects.	TM 2939 9422		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF77215	Late Saxon key	Metal-detecting at this location in 2021 recovered a Late Saxon key.	TM 29 96		Saxon
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF4588	Excavation by K. Wade (SAU) at Kirstead, 1970.		TM 302 969		
ENF153139	Geophysical Survey by Magnitude Surveys of land south of Church Road, Woodton, December 2022		TM 2931 9446		
ENF152519	Trial Trenching by Chris Birks Archaeological Services at land south-east of The Street, Woodton, August 2022		TM 2939 9422		

ENF96845	Walkover Survey (Earthwork Rapid Identification Survey) by B. Cushion at Hedenham Wood, Hedenham, pre June 2004		TM 31356 94625		
ENF96846	Walkover Survey (Earthwork Rapid Identification Survey) by B. Cushion at Long Row, Hedenham, pre June 2004		TM 31830 93874		
ENF127174	Historic building recording for Manor Farm, Seething, 2011.		TM 3156 9652		
Historic Landscape Characterisation:					
HNF35502	18 th -19 th century enclosure	Piecemeal enclosure by agreement.			
HNF35563, HNF35562, HNF37548, HNF37547	20 th century agriculture	20 th century enclosure.			
HNF35477, HNF35478, HNF35479, HNF35555, HNF35554, HNF27559	20 th century agriculture	Boundary loss.			
CRC					
Norfolk HER 'Monument' Records:					
MNF66024	Multi-period finds	Metal-detecting in 2013 recovered a medieval coin as well as undatable, Bronze Age and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include undated metalworking debris; a possible Middle Bronze Age rapier blade and a Late Bronze Age socketed axehead; a medieval papal bulla and a sword or dagger pommel; medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and lead balls and a post-medieval crotal bell, button and a buckle.	TM 17 88		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF39746	Cropmarks of two undated linear features	Ordnance Survey aerial photography from 1973 recorded two positive cropmarks of undated parallel linear features.	TM 1814 8860		Unknown

MNF20098	Fragment of Roman puddingstone quern	In 1983 part of a Roman puddingstone quern was recovered from beside the road north of the Lodge, probably from a ditch recently deepened.	TM 1811 8841		Roman
MNF62959	18 th century milestone marking Norwich 13 miles and Ipswich 30 miles	One of 14 surviving milestones along the former Norwich to Scole Turnpike. This turnpike was created in 1768-1769 and was disturnpiked in 1874.	TM 1893 8858		Post-Medieval
MNF7947	The Pye Roman Road	In Norfolk this Roman road runs between Scole and the Roman town of <i>Venta Icenorum</i> at Caistor St Edmund. It can be seen on aerial photographs and is marked on old maps. Excavation of part of the road revealed two parallel roads - one Roman with two ditches on either side of a hard surface and the other a post medieval diversion surviving as wheel ruts. It has been suggested that the Roman road cuts across a prehistoric field system that extends between Scole and Dickleburgh, but the date of that field system is a matter of great debate. The cropmarks of the section of this road running through Dunston Park are recorded under NHER 52170 and the section to the west of Caistor Roman town is under NHER 52197.	TM 1873 9104		Roman
MNF70668	Prehistoric, Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2018 and 2019 recovered an Early Bronze Age flat axehead fragment; an Early/Middle Bronze Age flanged axehead; a Middle Bronze Age palstave; a Roman cosmetic pestle and mortar set; a medieval harness pendant and a medieval/post-medieval knife handle.	TM 18 89		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF58190	Neolithic, Roman and Medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2009 recovered a Late Neolithic stone axehead, two Roman finger rings and a medieval swivel.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Medieval
MNF21725	Cropmarks of probable post-medieval field boundaries, previously interpreted as a moat	Linear cropmarks visible on aerial photographs at this location were originally interpreted as a moat. Examination of more modern aerial photographs and historic maps seems to indicate that this is in fact part of a wider post medieval field system. A late 19th century map does show a rectangular pond at this location which may have been part of an earlier moat but this is doubtful.	TM 1988 9013		Post-Medieval
MNF17179	Area of medieval settlement, Wood Gren	This site is at the northern end of the green, and is surrounded by a large ditched enclosure. Fieldwalking has recovered two concentrations of medieval and post medieval pottery from within the enclosure, suggesting that this was an area of medieval settlement.	TM 2062 9159		Medieval
MNF17180	Medieval and post medieval pottery found northeast of Wood Green	Fragments of medieval and post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2085 9159		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14114	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1978 and subsequent metal-detecting between 2001 and 2019 recovered medieval to postmedieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval clay tobacco pipe fragment; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; postmedieval jettons and a number of other, undated and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include an undated copper alloy ring; a Late Saxon stirrup terminal; a Late Saxon/medieval lead spindle whorl; medieval to postmedieval dress accessories; a medieval harness mount, harness pendant and probable miscast lead cross; a	TM 20 92		Roman to Post-Medieval

		medieval/postmedieval candlestick and cooking vessel leg and a post-medieval candlestick.			
MNF69243	Medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting in 2016 recovered a medieval coin and a post-medieval buckle.	TM 21 93		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14115	Late Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking in 1978 and metal-detecting between 2015 and 2021 recovered a Neolithic flint scraper; Late Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; a post-medieval malting kiln floor tile; Roman, Middle Saxon, medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other, Roman and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman brooch; a Roman to post-medieval lead weight; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval harness pendant, rumbler bell and lead pot mends; a medieval/post-medieval knife tang, copper alloy vessel fragments, copper alloy ring, lead button or studded mount, lead weight and lead spindle whorls and post-medieval casket keys, a crotal bell, mount, spur fragment, clapper bell, lead trade weight and lead cloth seal.	Not displayed		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF64157	Roman and Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2012 and 2019 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and a range of other undated and Late Saxon to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include an undated copper alloy unidentified object; a Late Saxon Scandinavian-style disc brooch and lead trade weight; medieval to post-medieval dress accessories; a medieval lead seal matrix and lead alloy possible crude seal matrix; a medieval/post-medieval lead alloy pencil and copper alloy vessel fragments; post-medieval keys, mounts or strap fittings, a saddle pommel, attachment terminal from spur, probable sword-belt fitting, crotal or animal bell, coin weight, copper alloy goldsmith's troy weight and lead cloth seal.	TM 20 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF33332	Earthworks of medieval to post-medieval enclosures	The earthworks of a series of ditched enclosures survive in a field close to the site of St Peter's Church, NHER 10180. The enclosures probably date to the medieval period, and one boundary was still in use in the 19th century. Fragments of Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery have been found on the site.	TM 2073 9350		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF14113	Multi-period finds	Fragments of pottery dating from the Roman to the post medieval periods, fragments of millstones and building material of unknown date found during fieldwalking.	TM 2069 9327		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF69208	Neolithic/Bronze Age and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2021 recovered Neolithic/Bronze Age flint flakes; Roman and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins; a medieval/post-medieval jetton; a post-medieval token and a number of other medieval to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include medieval harness mounts and a lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval buckles and post-medieval crotal bells, a sword-belt toggle clasp, horse-harness mount or strap fitting, sword or dagger quillon, clothes hook finial, copper alloy unidentified object and lead nozzle from powder flask.	TM 21 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF40743	Multi-period finds	A Roman steelyard weight, a medieval horse harness pendant and a post medieval buckle found during metal detecting.	TM 21 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF16610	Post-medieval pottery	Fragments of post medieval pottery found during fieldwalking.	TM 2102 9385		Post-Medieval
MNF73373	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting at this location in 2020 recovered medieval coins and a number of other metal objects, including a Late Saxon bridle-bit link; a Late Saxon to post-medieval lead spindle whorl; a medieval possible prick spur and lead pot mend; medieval/post-medieval spur rowels, a buckle, book clasp, silver pendant (probably a pilgrim souvenir) and copper alloy vessel fragment and post-medieval crotal bells, a hooked sword-belt fitting, rowel spur and unidentified openwork decorative object.	TM 21 94		Saxon to Post-Medieval
MNF10183	Post-medieval brickworks	A late 18th century disused brickworks, consisting of two kilns and a range of partly demolished buildings constructed of the bricks that the works produced.	TM 211 941		Post-Medieval
MNF10177	Undated cropmark	1973 aerial photographs show the cropmark of an unspecified feature.	TM 218 938		Unknown
MNF16607	Post-medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1980 recovered fragments of post medieval pottery and clay pipe stems, together with a fragment of glazed brick, possibly part of a kiln.	TM 2175 9296		Post-Medieval
MNF20573	Neolithic flint find	Part of a Neolithic polished flint axehead was found in 1983.	TM 2203 9342		Prehistoric
MNF17858	Medieval and post-medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1981 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2280 9453		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF29412	Possible Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flint working site and multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 and metal-detecting between 2014 and 2019 recovered prehistoric worked flints, including a large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flakes, scrapers and blades and Mesolithic blades and a core; Beaker, Iron Age and post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman and medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include medieval buckles, medieval/post-medieval copper alloy vessel fragments and a mount and a post-medieval coin weight and belt fastener. The large number of Late Neolithic/Bronze Age flints present suggests that this may have been a lithic working or occupation site.	TM 233 940		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF67378	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Systematic fieldwalking between 1992 and 1993 recovered no archaeological finds but metal-detecting in 2015 recovered Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins and metal objects and a post-medieval jetton. The metal finds include a Roman brooch; a medieval buckle and strap fitting and a post-medieval harness mount and pipe tamper.	TM 23 93		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF66074	Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2013 and 2018 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins; as well as Early Saxon and medieval to post-medieval metal objects. The metal finds include Early Saxon brooch fragments, a medieval annular brooch; and medieval/post-medieval dress hooks.	TM 23 93		Saxon to Post-Medieval

MNF19362	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking and metal detecting between 1981 and 1992 recovered prehistoric flints and burnt flints, prehistoric, Roman, medieval and post medieval pottery fragments, Roman coins and a medieval coin.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19363	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric flints together with Roman, medieval and post-medieval pottery fragments. Metal detecting between 1993 and 2020 recovered an Early Neolithic retouched flint flake; a medieval coin and a number of other metal objects, including a ?Late Saxon/medieval unidentified lead object; a medieval strap end, buckle, vessel rim and part of a book clasp and a post-medieval harness mount and lead weight.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19364	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric worked flints and post medieval pottery fragments. Metal detecting in 1989 found a Middle Saxon brooch.	TM 23 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19365	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered prehistoric worked flints and fragments of post medieval pottery.	TM 2384 9396		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF22241	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1985 recovered prehistoric worked flints, together with medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2392 9387		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF19361	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking between 1981 and 1983 recovered a large quantity of prehistoric burnt flints, fragments of prehistoric, Roman, Saxon, medieval and post medieval pottery, together with Roman tile fragments and oyster shells. Also noted were several areas of black soil. The indications are that the site saw human occupation, or at least activity, over a long period.	TM 241 937		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF28811	Iron Age pottery finds, Roman, medieval and post-medieval metal finds	Iron Age pottery fragments are reported to have been found before 1989. Metal detecting in 2008 recovered a Roman brooch, medieval and post-medieval objects.	TM 24 93		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF40594	Undated enclosures and linear features	A 1996 aerial photograph shows the cropmarks of a number of enclosures and linear feature. These are probably field and settlement divisions and may be prehistoric or Roman in date.	TM 2436 9355		Unknown
MNF25258	Medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1989 recovered medieval pottery fragments.	TM 247 937		Medieval
MNF10199	Probable Roman Road	The course of a probable Roman road, marked on old maps.	TM 2521 9460		Roman
MNF56912	Cropmark of a possible ring ditch	Circular cropmark, possible ring ditch, although probably a pond.	TM 25234 94535		Prehistoric
MNF28812	Roman pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1988 recovered Roman pottery fragments.	TM 255 940		Roman

MNF10190	Prehistoric burnt flints	A concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation, was noted in 1957 and 1985.	TM 2573 9472		Prehistoric
MNF32723	World War Two decoy airfield	A night time decoy for Hardwick airfield. Called a 'Q' type, this decoy consisted of rows of electrical lighting made to look like airfield flightpaths, and was designed to divert attention away from the real airfield.	TM 256 952		Modern
MNF31567	Roman coin	In 1995 a Roman coin of Antoninus Pius was recorded at a metal detecting rally.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF73369	Roman brooch	Metal-detecting in 2019 recovered a Roman brooch.	TM 25 95		Roman
MNF22201	Site of post-medieval house and multi-period pottery sherds	Sometime before 1985 this location was noted as the possible site of a post medieval house. A single medieval pottery sherd as well as several post medieval sherds were recovered from the small cultivated plot here.	TM 2546 9605		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF22200	Site of post medieval house and multi period pottery sherds	This location was described as plot of land with a former cottage which was rebuilt in the 1970s. No house appears on the relevant mapping for the area, but a few sherds of medieval and post medieval pottery were recovered sometime before 1985.	TM 2536 9617		Medieval to post-Medieval
MNF24537	Possible Roman settlement and multi-period finds	Metal detecting here during 1987-91 recovered a range of Roman objects, including pottery sherds, roof tiles and bricks, coins, brooches, steelyard weights, a copper alloy bracelet and various strap, furniture and harness fittings. The size and diversity of this assemblage strongly suggests that some form of Roman settlement foci was present at this location. A notable number of the pottery sherds and metal objects are of 3rd- to 4th-century date, suggesting that activity may have peaked during the Late Roman period. Other finds recovered included ?Mesolithic and Neolithic worked flints; medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; medieval and post-medieval coins and a number of other metal objects. The metal finds included a Bronze Age copper alloy axe fragment; possible Early Saxon tweezers; a medieval copper alloy chrysmatory (a small vessel initially identified as Roman) and belt mount; a post-medieval hooked tag, buckle spoon and copper alloy ring and undatable (but potentially Roman) iron and copper alloy metal working debris.	Not displayed		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF10160	Possible Roman Road	This is the course of a possible Roman road, visible in a pattern of straight roads, hedges, field and parish boundaries.	TM 2721 9704		Roman
MNF29782	Soilmarks of possible medieval moat	Aerial photographs taken in 1989 show the soilmarks of a possible moat at this location. This moat is probably of medieval date and the photographs show that it is overlain by later field boundaries	TM 2762 9491		Medieval
MNF55053	Medieval buckle	Metal detecting in this area during 2007 recovered a fine medieval buckle frame made from copper alloy.	TM 27 95		Medieval
MNF58547	Roman, medieval and post-medieval find scatter	Metal-detecting in 2009 recovered medieval and post-medieval coins, a Roman brooch and medieval and post-medieval objects. Metal-detecting in September 2010 recovered,	TM 27 94		Roman to Post-Medieval

		medieval incomplete buckle plate, incomplete tinned strap-end, composite folding clasp and a post-medieval incomplete tinned crotal bell.			
MNF10156	Late Saxon to post-medieval finds	Metal-detecting between 2007 and 2017 recovered ?Late Saxon, medieval and medieval/post-medieval pottery sherds; Roman, medieval and post-medieval coins; a post-medieval jetton and a range of other, Roman to post-medieval metal objects. These metal finds include a Roman steelyard weight; a Middle/Late Saxon strap end; a Late Saxon stirrup-strap mount; medieval dress accessories, a furniture fitting, key and horse harness pendant and a medieval/post-medieval spur fragment. A possible medieval moated site immediately to the east of this field (possibly the site of the Old Woodton Hall or Hermitage Garden) is now recorded separately, as NHER 66019.	TM 2818 9527		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF10162	Money Grove	The name of this site may suggest that coins were found here at some point in the past.	TM 282 952		Unknown
MNF55046	Roman, medieval and post-medieval finds	Metal detecting in this area during 2007-2008 recovered a Romano-British terret, a Late Saxon strap end, a medieval furniture fitting, buckle, key and horse harness pendant, a post medieval coin weight and a post medieval furniture mount.	TM 28 94		Roman to Post-Medieval
MNF66485	Medieval coins	Metal-detecting in 2014 recovered medieval coins.	TM 29 95		Medieval
MNF10466	World War Two airfield at Seething	A World War Two airfield occupied this site, some elements of which still survive today. The World War Two site is visible as earthworks, structures and buildings on aerial photographs taken from 1944 onwards. It was used by the USAAF 448th Bomb Group, flying B24 Liberators, from 1943 to 1945. It had a classic 'A'-shaped layout of three interconnected runways, surrounded and linked by a perimeter track, along which numerous dispersal bays were sited. Hangars and a control tower, as well as numerous smaller buildings, huts and shelters, are evident within the airfield itself, while more dispersed clusters of huts and other buildings would have served as domestic and technical buildings; they include a bomb store to the west and clusters of accommodation huts and an associated sewage works to the southeast. The site is still in use as an airfield today, although of the original runways and perimeter track only a small section remains. The World War Two control tower also survives and is used as a museum.	TM 3144 9511		Modern
MNF15037	Medieval and post-medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1979 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 217 952		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF21991	Prehistoric burnt flints	Fieldwalking from 1983-4 noted a concentration of prehistoric burnt flints, thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 2431 9275		Prehistoric
MNF29410	Multi-period finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints. Metal-detecting between 2016 and 2020 recovered Late Iron Age/Roman (Roman issue), Roman and medieval coins and medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval buckles.	TM 237 928		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval

MNF29411	Prehistoric flint finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints.	TM 2379 9313		Prehistoric
MNF25677	Multi-period findspot	Metal-detecting in 1989 recovered an extremely rare medieval coin, a halfpenny of Henry I (1100 to 1135). Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints. Metal-detecting in 2010 recovered post-medieval jettons, a prehistoric flint flake, Romano-British, medieval and post-medieval pot sherds, Early Saxon, medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-med metal objects including a fragment of Early Saxon long-brooch, medieval writing leads and a post-medieval pipe tamper.	TM 23 92		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF21990	Medieval and post-medieval pottery finds	Fieldwalking in 1983, 1984 and 1992 recovered medieval and post medieval pottery fragments.	TM 2394 9251		Medieval to Post-Medieval
MNF29407	Prehistoric flint finds	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered prehistoric worked and burnt flints. The burnt flints are thought possibly to have been used in food preparation.	TM 242 922		Prehistoric
MNF29408	Possible site of Roman building	Fieldwalking in 1992 recovered fragments of Roman pottery, glass, querns and tiles from the area of a rectangular enclosure visible on earlier aerial photographs. This may indicate the former presence of a Roman building. Prehistoric burnt flints and medieval pottery fragments were also found.	TM 240 922		Roman
MNF29409	Prehistoric, Roman and medieval to post-medieval finds	Fieldwalking at this location in 1988 and 1992 recovered prehistoric worked flints (including a Mesolithic tranchet axehead); Roman medieval, medieval/post-medieval and post-medieval pottery sherds and post-medieval tile fragments.	TM 2402 9199		Prehistoric to Post-Medieval
MNF21992	Harwick World War Two USAAF airfield and possible medieval deer park	This area was part of a World War Two airfield for the USAAF. It is also suggested that this area may have been a deer park during the medieval period, possibly dating to before the 14th century, although only there is only circumstantial evidence to support this.	TM 247 909		Medieval to Modern
Norfolk HER 'Event' Records:					
ENF154920	Geophysical Survey by SUMO Survey at land east and north Of Fernleigh Farm, Station Road, Tivetshall St Margaret, December 2023	Geophysical Survey.	TM 1643 8840		
ENF156794	Aerial Investigation and Mapping by Headland Archaeology for proposed East Pye Solar Farm, South Norfolk, September 2024	Aerial Mapping Investigation.	TM 2388 9295		

ENF136766	Field Survey by Norfolk Archaeological Unit of route of proposed Hardwick Landfill site access road, Hempnall/Morningthorpe, 1992-1993	Fieldwalking.	TM 2382 9310		
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